



**IFCI Infrastructure  
Development Limited**  
(A Subsidiary of IFCI Limited)  
(A Govt of India Undertaking)

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**

**CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232**

# **ANNUAL REPORT**

## **2020-21**

### **14<sup>TH</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

**DATE: NOVEMBER 17<sup>TH</sup>, 2021**

**DAY: WEDNESDAY**

**TIME: 03:00 P.M.**

**PLACE: IFCI TOWER, 61 NEHRU PLACE,  
NEW DELHI-110019**

## **IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**



**Residential Project: 21<sup>st</sup> Milestone Residency, Ghaziabad**



**Residential Project – IIDL Aerie, Panampilly Nagar, Kochi**

## **IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**



**Management Development Institute, Murshidabad – Campus**



**Serviced Apartments**

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## IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS (as on September 17, 2021)

Sh. Manoj Mittal	Non-Executive Chairman
Sh. Sunil Kumar Bansal	Nominee Director
Dr. Rajeev Uberoi	Director (Non-Executive)
Sh. Venugopal K Nair	Director (Non-Executive)
Dr. Sumita Rai	Director (Non-Executive)
Sh. Mukund Prasad	Additional Director
Sh. Prasoon	Nominee Director
Sh. Debashis Gupta	Managing Director

### CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Sh. Ajeet Kumar Burnwal	Chief Financial Officer
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### COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Tannu Sharma

#### Statutory Auditors

M/s Ravi Rajan & Co. LLP  
Chartered Accountants

#### Secretarial Auditors

M/s VAPN & Associates  
Company Secretaries

#### Cost Auditors

M/s Sunny Chhabra & Co.  
Cost Accountants

### REGISTERED OFFICE

IFCI TOWER  
61, NEHRU PLACE  
NEW DELHI- 110 019  
Tel (011) 4173 2000  
Fax (011)2648 7059  
Website: [www.iidlindia.com](http://www.iidlindia.com)  
E-Mail: [cs@iidlindia.com](mailto:cs@iidlindia.com)

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**  
**CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232**  
**Registered Office: IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019**  
**Tel: +91 11 41732000, Fax: +91 11 26487059**  
**Website: [www.iidlindia.com](http://www.iidlindia.com)**  
**Email id: [cs@iidlindia.com](mailto:cs@iidlindia.com)**

**NOTICE**

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Fourteenth (14<sup>th</sup>) Annual General Meeting of the Members of **“IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED” (IIDL)** will be held on **Wednesday, the 17<sup>th</sup> Day of November, 2021 at 03:00 P.M.** at the Registered Office of the Company, at IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019 to transact the following business:

**ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021 along with Board’s Report, Independent Auditors’ Report and comments of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India thereon.
2. To confirm the payment of Interim Dividend.
3. To appoint a Director in place of Dr. Rajeev Uberoi (DIN:01731829) who retires by rotation at this Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.
4. To appoint a Director in place of Shri Venugopal K Nair (DIN:06783512) who retires by rotation at this Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.
5. To fix remuneration of Statutory Auditors of the Company in terms of the provisions of Section 139(5) and Section 142 of the Companies Act, 2013 and to pass the following resolution with or without modification(s) as an Ordinary Resolution:

**“RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 139(5) and Section 142 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) the Audit Committee/Board of Directors of the Company, be and is hereby, authorized to decide and fix the remuneration of the Statutory Auditor(s) of the Company appointed by Comptroller and Auditor General of India (C&AG) for the Financial Year 2021-22, as may be deemed fit.”

**SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

6. **To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an ORDINARY RESOLUTION:**

**“RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), M/s Sunny Chhabra & Co., Cost Accountants, appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21, be paid the remuneration of Rs. 25000/- inclusive of out-of-pocket expenses, plus applicable taxes.”

**“RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby, authorised to do all such acts, deeds and things and take all such steps as may be necessary or expedient to give effect to this resolution.”

7. **To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an ORDINARY RESOLUTION:**

**“RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), M/s Sunny Chhabra & Co., Cost Accountants, appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year 2021-22, be paid the remuneration of Rs. 25000/- inclusive of out-of-pocket expenses, plus applicable taxes.”

**“RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby, authorised to do all such acts, deeds and things and take all such steps as may be necessary or expedient to give effect to this resolution.”

8. **To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an ORDINARY RESOLUTION:**

**“RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 152, 160 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), Shri Mukund Prasad (DIN: 00373522), who was appointed as an Additional Director with effect from September 17, 2021 in terms of Section 161(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and whose

term of office expires at the Annual General Meeting and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing proposing his candidature for the office of Director, be and is hereby, appointed as a Non-Executive Director of the Company whose office will liable to retire by rotation.”

**“RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** Managing Director and Company Secretary of the Company be and is hereby, severally authorised to do all such acts, deeds and things and take all such steps as may be necessary or expedient to give effect to this resolution.”

Registered Office:  
IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place,  
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Tel.:+91-11-41732000  
Fax:+91-11-26487059  
Website: [www.iidlindia.com](http://www.iidlindia.com)

**By order of the Board of Directors  
For IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited**

**Sd/-  
(Tannu Sharma)  
Company Secretary**

**Place: New Delhi**

**Dated: September 17, 2021**

**NOTES:**

- 1. A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING, IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. THE PROXIES, IN ORDER TO BE VALID AND EFFECTIVE, MUST BE DEPOSITED TO THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY NOT LATER THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE MEETING, DULY COMPLETED AND SIGNED.**
- 2. A PERSON CAN ACT AS PROXY ON BEHALF OF MEMBERS NOT EXCEEDING FIFTY (50) AND HOLDING IN AGGREGATE NOT MORE THAN TEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY CARRYING VOTING RIGHTS. A MEMBER HOLDING MORE THAN 10 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL CARRYING VOTING RIGHTS MAY APPOINT A SINGLE PERSON AS PROXY, SUCH PERSON SHALL NOT ACT AS PROXY FOR ANY OTHER PERSON OR SHAREHOLDER.**
3. Proxy holder shall prove his identity at the time of attending the Meeting. A Proxy Form which does not state the name of the Proxy shall be considered invalid.
4. **Corporate members** intending to send their authorised representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board resolution

authorising their representatives to attend and vote on their behalf at the Annual General Meeting.

5. The Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to the special business set out in the Notice is annexed hereto.
6. The Register of Contracts or Arrangement in which Directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be available for inspection by the members at the meeting.
7. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement as well as the other documents as required under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 are open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company on all working days except Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays during normal business hours up to the date of this Annual General Meeting. The Registers required to be maintained u/s 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be available for Inspection at Annual General Meeting.
8. Members desirous of obtaining any information concerning the accounts and operations of the company are requested to address their queries in writing to the company before the meeting, preferably at least seven days prior to the date of Annual General Meeting, so as to enable the management to keep the information ready.
9. Members are requested to bring their copies of Annual Report, Notice and Attendance Slip/proxy form duly completed and signed at the meeting.

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#### **ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE**

#### **Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013**

#### **ITEM NO. 6 & 7**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the Company is required to appoint a Cost Auditor to audit the cost records of the Company. Further, in accordance with the Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration of the Cost Auditors is required to be ratified by shareholders of the Company.

Accordingly, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board, in its meeting held on September 24, 2020, had approved the appointment of M/s Sunny Chhabra & Co., Cost Accountants, as the Cost Auditor of the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21 at a remuneration of Rs. 25,000/- inclusive of out of pocket expenses plus applicable taxes. Further, the proposal for ratification of the remuneration for the FY 2020-21 is placed at Item No. 06 of the Notice.

Further for the Financial year 2021-22, M/s Sunny Chhabra & Co., Cost Accountants has been re-appointed by the Board in its Meeting held on August 09, 2021 on the recommendation of the Audit Committee as the cost auditor of the company on the same remuneration i.e. Rs. 25,000/- inclusive of out of pocket expenses plus applicable taxes and the proposal for ratification of the remuneration for the FY 2021-22 is placed at Item No. 07 of the Notice.

The resolution as set out in Item No. 6 & 7 of this Notice is accordingly recommended for the shareholders' approval by way of Ordinary Resolution.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are concerned or interested in this Item/ Resolution.

#### **ITEM NO. 8**

Based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board has approved appointment of Shri Mukund Prasad as an Additional Director on the Board of IIDL w.e.f. September 17, 2021 for holding an office of Director upto the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Brief Profile of Shri Mukund Prasad is stated below:

Name	Shri Mukund Prasad
DIN	00373522
Date of Birth	07/05/1964
Qualification	B.Com (Hons.)
Expertise	Real Estate and Hospitality Business
Date of appointment	September 17, 2021
Relationship with other directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the company	None
Shareholding in the Company	Not Applicable
Directorships in other Companies	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Himalaya Wine Company Private Limited</li> <li>2. LSC Infratech Limited</li> <li>3. Blueview Trade-Link Private Limited</li> <li>4. Lex Hotels Private Limited</li> <li>5. Bungalow Holidays Private Limited</li> <li>6. Leisure Retreat Private Limited</li> </ol>

	7. ECGREENS Resorts Private Limited 8. Leisure Hotels Limited 9. Prasad Heritage Projects Private Limited 10. GANGAHERITAGE Resorts Private Limited 11. M and M Capitals Limited 12. S.C.R.A. International Limited 13. Himalaya Wine Company Private Limited
Chairmanship/ Membership of the Committees of the other Boards	NA
Number of Board Meetings (from the date of appointment)	No

The Company has received a notice pursuant to Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 proposing his candidature for the office Director of the Company and Nomination and Remuneration Committee has recommended his appointment as Non-Executive Director whose office will liable to retire by rotation on the Board of the Company.

Accordingly, the Board of Directors recommended the resolution for appointment of Shri Mukund Prasad as Non-Executive Director liable to retire by rotation to the shareholders for their approval by way of Ordinary Resolution.

Documents related to the appointment of Shri Mukund Prasad shall be made available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during normal business hours up to the date of AGM.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives, except Shri Mukund Prasad being appointee, is concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this resolution.

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**By order of the Board of Directors  
For IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited**

**Sd/-  
(Tannu Sharma)  
Company Secretary**

**Place: New Delhi  
Date: September 17, 2021**

**Details of the Director seeking re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting in pursuance of Secretarial Standard - 2 on General Meetings**

<b>Dr. Rajeev Uberoi</b>	<b>Shri Venugopal K Nair</b>
<p>Dr. Rajeev Uberoi is a career Banker with more than 35 years of experience in both public sector, private sector and foreign banks. He was also with Reserve Bank of India in the area of Supervision and Regulations. He was also associated with Yes Bank as a Senior Group President – Governance &amp; Controls after serving at senior positions of IDFC Bank Limited and its subsidiaries. A lawyer and a Banker, he has been instrumental in number of mergers and acquisition, ANZ-Grindlays and Standard Chartered Bank, Standard Chartered Bank and American Express Bank, IDFC demerger into Bank and other subsidiaries to name a few. He has been responsible for rolling over half a dozen private equity funds with gross AUM of more than USD 6 billion and incorporating entities overseas and merging some. Dr. Uberoi is also a profound writer and has a lot of publications to his credit. He is also a member of various committees and has been active on the Speaker circuit. He is a recipient of many accolades and awards and his contribution to the legal fraternity has been recognized in the Industry.</p> <p>Dr. Uberoi is a Canadian Commonwealth Scholar with Masters in Economics from McMaster University, Canada, PGBDA from MDI Gurgaon and a Ph.D in Economics.</p> <p>Dr. Uberoi was appointed on the Board of IIDL on August 25, 2018 as Non- Executive Director. He has attended all (7) meetings of the Board of Directors held during the FY 2020-21. Further, he is chairman/</p>	<p>Shri Venugopal K Nair is Director General of Police – Retired with vast experience in the field of Policing and Administration that included Law &amp; order, Security, Vigilance. He also has exposure to Industry having worked as Managing Director of the Kerala State Civil Supplies Corporation and the State Shipping and Inland Navigation Corporation. His stint in Delhi as Director Vigilance in Steel Authority provided him with deep insight into Corporate Governance and Corporate Compliances with a better understanding of corporate malfeasance. At present, he is serving as an Independent External Monitor (IEM) with National Aluminium Corporation (NALCO), Bhubaneswar, NTPC Limited and ITI Bangalore (GOI). He was earlier IEM with Rashtriya Ispat Nigam Ltd (RINL), Vizag and also Director of Malabar Cements &amp; Kerala Minerals &amp; Metals Ltd. (Govt. of Kerala). Prior to this, he served Reliance Industries Limited as Advisor Corporate Affairs and Advisor and Consultant to L&amp;T on Kochi Metro Project (KMRL). He had served Kerala Police Administration at various levels from 1980 to 2012. He is MSc. (Fibre Science &amp; Technology) and has a Post Graduate Diploma (Textile Technology) from the University of Leeds, UK.</p> <p>Shri Venugopal K Nair was appointed on the Board of IIDL on August 25, 2018 as Non- Executive Director. He has attended all (7) meetings of the Board of Directors held during the FY 2020-21. Further, he is</p>

<p>member on the following Committees of IIDL:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audit Committee (Chairman)</li> <li>• Risk Management Committee (Member)</li> <li>• Project Monitoring and Compliance Committee (Member)</li> </ul> <p>None of the other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the re-appointment of Dr. Rajeev Uberoi on the Board of the Company.</p> <p>He does not hold any share in IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited.</p>	<p>chairman/ member on the following Committees of IIDL:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Asset Sale Committee (Chairman)</li> <li>• Nomination and Remuneration Committee (Member)</li> <li>• Risk Management Committee (Member)</li> </ul> <p>None of the other Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the re-appointment of Shri Venugopal K Nair on the Board of the Company.</p> <p>He does not hold any share in IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited.</p>
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**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**  
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**Website: www.iidlindia.com**  
**Email id: cs@iidlindia.com**

**ATTENDANCE SLIP**

Please complete the Attendance Slip and hand it over at the entrance of the meeting venue

DP. Id. \*  
Client Id.

Folio No. \*

I hereby record my presence at the 14<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Wednesday, 17<sup>th</sup> November, 2021 at 03:00 P.M. at IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019.

**NAME OF THE SHAREHOLDER .....**

**NAME OF PROXY #.....**

\*To be filled in case proxy attends instead of shareholder

**SIGNATURE OF THE SHAREHOLDER/PROXY\***

\*Strike out whichever is not applicable

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**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**  
**CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232**  
**Registered Office: IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019**  
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**Website: www.iidlindia.com**  
**Email id: cs@iidlindia.com**

**Form No. MGT-11**  
**Proxy Form**  
**[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of**  
**the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]**

**CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232**  
**Name of the Company: IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited**  
**Registered Office: IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019.**

Name of Member (s)	
Registered Address	
E-mail ID:	
Folio No./Client Id:	
DP ID.	

I/We, being the member (s) of \_\_\_\_\_ shares of the above named Company, hereby appoint:

1. Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
E-mail Id: \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature: \_\_\_\_\_, or failing him/her
  
2. Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
E-mail Id: \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature: \_\_\_\_\_, or failing him/her

as my/our Proxy to attend and vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 14<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held on Wednesday, 17<sup>th</sup> November, 2021 at 03:00 P.M. at the Registered Office of the Company, at IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Resolution No.	Resolution Matter	Type of Resolution	For	Against
<b>Ordinary Business</b>				
1.	To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021 along with Board's Report, Independent Auditors' Report and comments of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India thereon.	Ordinary		
2.	To confirm the payment of Interim Dividend	Ordinary		
3.	To appoint a Director in place of Dr. Rajeev Uberoi (DIN:01731829) who retires by rotation at this Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.	Ordinary		
4.	To appoint a Director in place of Shri Venugopal K Nair (DIN:06783512) who retires by rotation at this Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.	Ordinary		
5.	To fix remuneration of Statutory Auditors of the company.	Ordinary		
<b>Special Business</b>				
6.	To ratify the remuneration of Cost Auditor for the FY 2020-21.	Ordinary		
7.	To ratify the remuneration of Cost Auditor for the FY 2021-22.	Ordinary		
8.	Regularization of appointment of Shri Mukund Prasad as Director (Non-Executive) liable to retire by rotation.	Ordinary		

Signed this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2021

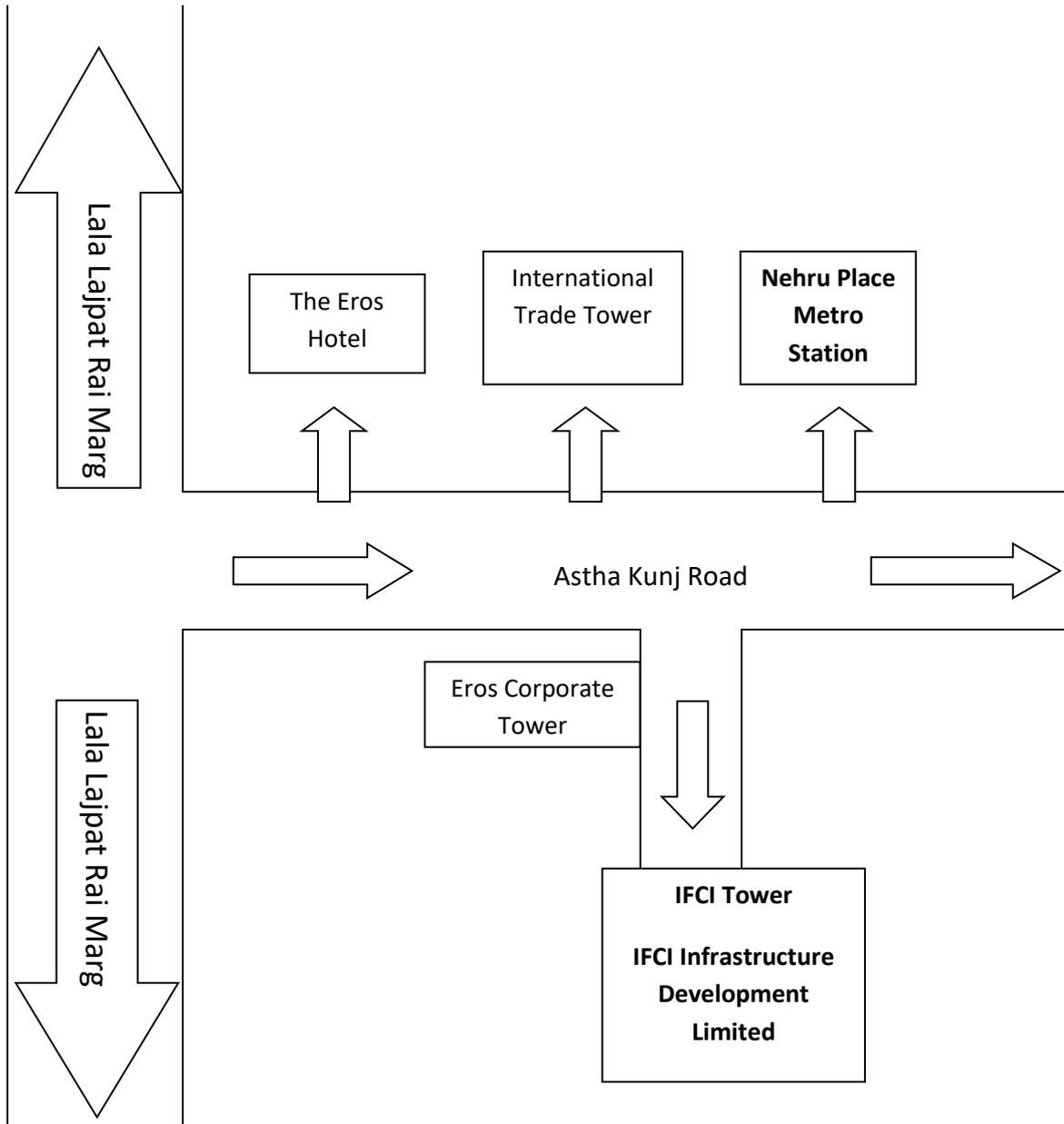
**Signature of Shareholder(s)**

**Signature of Proxy holder(s)**

<b>Affix Revenue Stamp</b>
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**Note: This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the registered office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.**

### Route Map of the AGM Venue



**Prominent Land Mark: Nehru Place Metro Station**

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED (IIDL)**

CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232

Registered Office: IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019

Tel: +91 11 41732000, Fax: +91 11 26487059

Website: www.iidlindia.com

Email id: cs@iidlindia.com

**BOARD'S REPORT**

**TO THE MEMBERS**

The Board of Directors of your Company has the pleasure of presenting the 14<sup>th</sup> Annual Report of the Company together with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021.

**1. FINANCIAL RESULTS:**

The Ind-AS Financial Results of the Company for the financial year 2020-21 are summarized below:

(Rs. in Crore)

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	Financial Year 2020-21	Financial Year 2019-20	Financial Year 2020-21	Financial Year 2019-20
Income from operations	37.94	39.36	37.94	54.61
Other income	20.81	33.34	20.32	20.31
<b>Total income (I)</b>	<b>58.75</b>	<b>72.70</b>	<b>58.26</b>	<b>74.92</b>
Cost of Sales	30.30	27.39	30.30	37.35
Finance Cost	1.96	0.01	1.98	0.07
Employees benefit expense	5.86	6.54	5.85	6.53
Other expenses	8.41	15.13	8.75	15.60
Depreciation	3.56	7.49	3.72	7.65
<b>Total Expenditure (II)</b>	<b>50.09</b>	<b>56.56</b>	<b>50.61</b>	<b>67.20</b>
<b>Profit before tax (I-II)</b>	<b>8.66</b>	<b>16.14</b>	<b>7.65</b>	<b>7.72</b>
Exceptional items	-	-	-	-
<b>Profit before Tax</b>	<b>8.66</b>	<b>16.14</b>	<b>7.65</b>	<b>7.72</b>
Less: Provision for Taxation	2.53	3.03	2.53	4.31
<b>Profit After Tax</b>	<b>6.13</b>	<b>13.11</b>	<b>5.12</b>	<b>3.41</b>

The total income of your Company for the Financial Year (FY) 2020-21 was Rs. 58.75 Crore as against the total income of Rs. 72.70 Crore in the FY 2019-20 and witnessed the negative growth of 19.19% due to muted real estate sector and smaller portfolio of properties available for sale vis-à-vis previous year. Likewise, total expenditure for the FY 2020-21 was Rs. 50.09 Crore as against the total expenditure of Rs. 56.56 Crore in the FY 2019-20 decreased by 11.43 %. The Company has earned PAT of Rs. 6.13 Crore in the FY 2020-21 as

against Rs. 13.11 Crore in FY 2019-20 with decrease of 53.24%. Your directors are continuously looking for avenues for future growth of the Company.

## **2. STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS AND FUTURE OUTLOOK**

IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited (IIDL) was set up by IFCI Limited in the year 2007 to venture into the real estate and infrastructure sector. The Company, since its inception has undertaken projects as a Developer/ Project Management Consultant (PMC) viz. Development of residential projects at Uttar Pradesh & Kerala, Development and running of Serviced Apartments; PMC services for construction of the campus of "**Management Development Institute**" at Murshidabad, West Bengal; "**IFCI Bhawan**" the office complexes at Bengaluru & Ahmedabad; Furnishing the branches of erstwhile "**Bharatiya Mahila Bank**" at New Delhi, Ahmedabad, Guwahati, Kolkata, Bangalore and Chennai.

IIDL owns the Serviced Apartments situated at Mayur Vihar, New Delhi. This is Gold Standard property with 92 luxurious Serviced Apartments comprising studio, one bedroom & two bedroom apartments. It offers an ideal living environment that will impress even the most tech-savvy guests. During the FY 2020-21, the property was being run by Frasers Hospitality Pte. Ltd., Singapore. However, with effect from August 3, 2021, the property is being run by IIDL under the name IIDL Suites.

On the residential front, IIDL has successfully developed two projects viz. 21<sup>st</sup> Milestones Residency, Ghaziabad, Uttar Pradesh and IIDL Aerie at Panampilly Nagar, Kochi, Kerala. Projects are complete and handed over to respective Resident Welfare Associations/ Owners Apartments Association.

IIDL is developing a prestigious **Financial City Project** spread over an area of 50 acres near Bengaluru International Airport, Karnataka. IIDL has developed the common infrastructure for the said project and has sub-leased the plots to various Banks/Institutions for development.

IIDL has owned properties at various locations of the country such as Delhi, Kolkata, Ghaziabad, Pondicherry etc. Some of which have been let out & some have been earmarked for development /sale at a future date.

A subsidiary of your Company viz. IIDL Realtors Private Limited (IRPL) is also having a commercial property situated at Naman Centre, Bandra Kurla Complex, Mumbai.

Your Company is making an earnest effort to monetize best value from its properties and continuously exploring the option of developing potential projects after considering the business sentiment in the sector in different regions. Your company will also strive for optimizing performance of hospitality division in midst of ongoing pandemic.

## **3. DIVIDEND**

The Company has declared and paid an interim dividend of Rs. 0.35/- per equity shares of the face value of Rs. 10/- each (@ 3.5%) during the year. An amount of Rs. 1,12,11,355/- was paid as Dividend Distribution Tax on the interim dividend declared by the Board.

#### **4. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND CHANGES THEREIN, IF ANY**

The Company has one class of equity shares of par value at Rs. 10. The Authorized Share Capital is Rs. 1000 Cr. divided in 100 Cr shares at Rs. 10 each. The issued, subscribed and paid up capital is Rs. 427 Cr. as at March 31, 2021.

#### **5. TRANSFER TO RESERVES**

No fund was transferred to the reserves during the period under review.

#### **6. DEPOSITS**

The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public during the year under review within the meaning of Section 73 and section 76 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **7. CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS & MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT**

There has been no change in the business of the Company during the reporting period. Further, there have been no material changes and commitments which affect the financial position between the end of financial year and date of Board's Report.

#### **8. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP)**

The following changes have occurred in the composition of the Board of Directors and in KMP since the last Board Report:

Consequent upon nomination by IFCI Limited, Shri Manoj Mittal (DIN: 01400076) was appointed as Nominee Director w.e.f. June 15, 2021 and designated as Non-Executive Chairman.

Consequent upon nomination by IFCI Limited, Shri Sunil Kumar Bansal (DIN: 06922373) was appointed as Nominee Director w.e.f. September 24, 2020 and designated as Non-Executive Chairman till June 14, 2021.

Consequent upon nomination by IFCI Limited, Shri Debashis Gupta (DIN:08741938) was appointed as Nominee Director designated as Managing Director in place of Shri Atul Saxena (DIN: 02698585) w.e.f. August 29, 2021.

Dr. Rajeev Uberoi (DIN: 01731829) whose office of director is liable to retire by rotation at the conclusion of the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and being eligible has offered himself for re-appointment.

Shri Venugopal K Nair (DIN: 06783512) whose office of director is liable to retire by rotation at the conclusion of the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and being eligible has offered himself for re-appointment.

Shri Mukund Prasad (DIN: 00373522) was appointed as an Additional Director w.e.f. September 17, 2021 and proposal for regularization of his office of director as Non-Executive Director liable to retire by rotation would be placed before the shareholders at ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Shri Kulbhushan Dhawan, General Manager, Fraser Suites, New Delhi (Serviced Apartments) was ceased from the services w.e.f. November 05, 2020.

Further, pursuant to Rule 4 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, wholly owned subsidiaries are exempted from having minimum number of Independent Directors on its Board. Accordingly, IIDL, being a wholly owned subsidiary of IFCI Limited is exempted from the applicability of the said provision during the FY 2020-21.

#### **9. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

Pursuant to the requirement of section 134 (3) (c) of Companies Act 2013 with respect to Directors' Responsibility Statement, it is hereby confirmed:

- a) That in preparation of annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) That the directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give true and fair view of state of affairs of the Company at the end of financial year and of the profit & loss of the Company for that period;
- c) That the directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) That the directors have prepared annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e) That the directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### **10. ANNUAL RETURN**

In accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, the annual return is available at [www.iidlindia.com/annualreturn](http://www.iidlindia.com/annualreturn)

#### **11. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS AND ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES**

All contracts/arrangements/transactions entered by the Company during the financial year with related parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013, were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties are disclosed in the relevant notes of Financial Statements and mentioned in Form AOC-2 enclosed as **Annexure-A** and forms part of this Annual Report.

## 12. BOARD MEETINGS

The Board meets at least once a quarter to review the quarterly results and other items on the agenda. Additional meetings are held as and when necessary. The Committees of the Board usually meet whenever the need arises for transacting business. The recommendations of the Committees are placed before the Board for necessary approval. Seven Board Meetings were held during the financial year 2020-21. These were held on May 15, 2020, June 18, 2020, August 08, 2020, August 31, 2020, September 24, 2020, November 05, 2020 and January 28, 2021. The gap between two Board meetings was in compliance of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder.

The composition of the Board of Directors during the FY 2020-21 was as below:

Name of the Directors	AGM Attended	Board Meetings held during the tenure	Board Meetings attended
Dr. Emandi Sankara Rao (DIN: 05184747) *	NA	3	3
Sh. Sunil Kumar Bansal (DIN: 06922373) **	Yes	3	3
Sh. Prasoon (DIN: 03599426)	Yes	7	7
Dr. Sumita Rai (DIN: 02692706)	Yes	7	7
Dr. Rajeev Uberoi (DIN: 01731829)	Yes	7	7
Sh. Venugopal K Nair (DIN: 06783512)	Yes	7	7
Sh. Atul Saxena (DIN: 02698585) ^	Yes	7	7

Note:

\*Withdrawal of nomination by IFCI Limited w.e.f. August 17, 2020.

\*\* Consequent upon nomination of IFCI Limited, Shri Sunil Kumar Bansal was appointed as Nominee Director designated as Non-Executive Chairman on the Board w.e.f. September 24, 2020 till June 14, 2021.

^ Consequent upon nomination of IFCI Limited, Shri Atul Saxena was appointed as Nominee Director designated as Managing Director w.e.f. April 01, 2020. However, nomination was withdrawn w.e.f. August 29, 2021.

## 13. BOARD'S COMMITTEE MEETINGS

### 13.1. Audit Committee

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee is as set out in Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. The primary objective of the Committee is to monitor and provide an effective supervision of the Management's financial reporting process, to ensure accurate and timely disclosures, with the highest levels of transparency, integrity and quality of financial reporting. The Committee oversees the work carried out in the financial reporting process by the Management, Internal Auditors, Statutory Auditors and Cost Auditors and notes the processes and safeguards employed by each of them. Five meetings of the Committee were held during the Financial Year 2020-21. These were held on June 18, 2020, August 31, 2020, September 24, 2020, November 05, 2020 and January 28, 2021. Further, there have been no instances where the Board has not accepted the recommendations by Audit Committee. Further, Company Secretary acted as the Secretary to the Committee. The composition of Audit Committee of Directors during the FY 2020-21 was as under:-

Name of the Member	Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings attended
Dr. Rajeev Uberoi (Chairperson)	5	5
Dr. Sumita Rai	5	5
Sh. Prasoon	5	5

### **13.2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee**

Nomination and Remuneration Committee of Directors discharges the functions of identifying the suitable persons who are qualified to become Directors and Key Managerial Personnel, senior management and recommending their appointment, remuneration etc. Six meetings of the Committee were held during the FY 2020-21. These were held on May 15, 2020, June 18, 2020, August 31, 2020, September 24, 2020, November 05, 2020 and January 28, 2021. The composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee during the FY 2020-21 was as under:

Name of the Member	Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings attended
Dr. Sumita Rai (Chairperson)	6	6
Sh. Venugopal K Nair	6	6
Sh. Prasoon	6	6

### **13.3. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee**

In terms of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee to monitor the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company and the activities included in the policy. Two meeting of the CSR Committee were held on June 18, 2020 and August 31, 2020 during the financial year 2020-21. The composition of Committee of Directors during the FY 2020-21 was as under:

Name of the Member	Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings attended
Dr. Emandi Sankara Rao* (upto August 17, 2020)	1	1
Sh. Prasoon (w.e.f. August 24, 2020)	1	1
Dr. Sumita Rai	2	2
Sh. Atul Saxena#	2	2

**Notes:-**

\*Acted as the Chairperson of the Committee.

# Withdrawal of Nomination with effect from August 29, 2021.

### **13.4. Asset Sale Committee**

The Board has constituted Asset Sale Committee for consider the proposals of sale, disposal of properties and submit its recommendation to the Board. Three meetings of the Asset Sale Committee were held during the financial year 2020-21 and these were June 18, 2020, August 31, 2020 and September 24, 2020. The composition of Committee of Directors during the FY 2020-21 was as under:

Name of the Member	Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings attended
Sh. Venugopal K Nair (Chairperson)	3	3
Sh. Atul Saxena #	3	3
Sh. Prasoon	3	3

**Notes:-**

# Withdrawal of Nomination with effect from August 29, 2021.

### **13.5. Project Monitoring and Compliance Committee**

The Board constituted Project Monitoring and Compliance Committee in order to improve the monitoring of projects of the Company, to oversee the overall developments and

completion of the projects in timely manner. No meeting of the Committee was held during the financial year. The composition of Committee of Directors during the FY 2020-21 was as under:

Name of the Member	Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings attended
Sh. Atul Saxena#	-	-
Dr. Rajeev Uberoi	-	-
Sh. Prasoon	-	-

**Notes:-**

# Withdrawal of Nomination of Shri Atul Saxena with effect from August 29, 2021.

### **13.6. Risk Management Committee**

The Board constituted Risk Management Committee with a view to identify, evaluate and give suggestions to mitigate all internal and external risks associated with the business of the Company. One meeting of Risk Management Committee was held on June 18, 2020 during the Financial Year 2020-21. The composition of the Committee during the year 2020-21 was as follows:-

Name of the Member	Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings attended
Sh. Prasoon (Chairperson)	1	1
Dr. Rajeev Uberoi	1	1
Sh. Venugopal K Nair	1	1

## **14. AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT**

### **14.1. Statutory Auditors**

M/s Ravi Rajan & Co, LLP Chartered Accountants (FRN: 009073N /N 500320), was appointed as Statutory Auditor of the Company by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India (C&AG) for the Financial Year 2020-21. Further, C&AG has re-appointed M/s Ravi Rajan & Co, LLP Chartered Accountants (FRN: 009073N /N 500320), as Statutory Auditor of the Company for the Financial Year 2021-22.

### **14.2. Auditors' Report**

The Auditors' Report along with Notes on Accounts are self-explanatory and therefore, do not call for any further comments or explanation.

### **14.3. Cost Auditors**

M/s Sunny Chhabra & Co., Cost Accountants was appointed as the Cost Auditor of the Company, on the recommendation of Audit Committee, for the Financial Year 2020-21 to carry out cost audit. Further, pursuant to provisions of the Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under, the Board further recommended the ratification of the remuneration to be paid to the Cost Auditor by the shareholders of the Company at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Further, M/s Sunny Chhabra & Co., Cost Accountants has been re-appointed as the Cost Auditors for the Financial Year 2021-22 by the Board of Directors of the Company, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee of the Directors, and the Board further recommended the ratification of the remuneration to be paid to the Cost Auditor by the shareholders of the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

#### **14.4. Internal Auditors**

M/s A J Mohan & Associates, Chartered Accountants (FRN: 002468N) and M/s J N Gupta & Co. Chartered Accountants (FRN No.: 006569C) was appointed as Internal Auditors of the Head Office and Serviced Apartments respectively for the Financial Year 2020-21.

#### **14.5. Secretarial Auditors**

M/s VAPN & Associates, Company Secretaries was appointed as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21.

#### **14.6. Secretarial Audit Report**

The Secretarial Auditor has submitted their report, for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2021 in Form MR-3, annexed as **Annexure-B**. The report does not contain any adverse remark and observations.

#### **14.7. Forensic Audit/ Special Audit**

Based on the report of the Forensic Auditor, necessary action has been taken and improvement in the processes of the Serviced Apartments have been initiated.

### **15. COMMENTS OF COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA**

The comments of Comptroller & Auditor General of India on the Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21 are at **Addendum-1**.

### **16. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY**

Pursuant to MCA notification dated June 5, 2015, in case of Government Companies, Section 134(3) (e) of the Companies Act, 2013 shall not apply. Accordingly, the requisite Policy has not been made part of Board's Report.

### **17. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) POLICY**

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of Directors formulates the CSR Policy and recommends to the Board of Directors on activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of Companies Act, 2013. The CSR Committee recommended the amount to be incurred on the CSR activities for the financial year which was transferred to IFCI Social Foundation (ISF), a trust created by parent co. for undertaking CSR activities of IFCI group. The CSR activities undertaken on behalf of your Company by ISF include areas of public health, sanitation, setting up homes/ hostels for orphans, support in setting up vocational training facilities, COVID relief activities etc.

Further, the Disclosure of contents of Corporate Social Responsibility Policy in the Board's Report pursuant to the provisions of Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 are provided as **Annexure-C** and the policy can be accessed on the Company's website at [www.iidlindia.com](http://www.iidlindia.com).

## **18. PARTICULARS OF LOANS GIVEN, INVESTMENTS MADE, GUARANTEES GIVEN AND SECURITIES PROVIDED**

### **Investments made:**

(Rs. in Crore)		
Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount
1	IIDL Realtors Private Limited	35.01
2	Jangipur Bengal Mega Food Park Limited	8.50
3	IFCI Ltd	90.00

No loans, guarantees and securities have been provided by the Company during the year under review.

## **19. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS**

The Company has in place adequate system of internal control through the process of Internal Audit. Internal Audit was carried out during the year under report as per the scope approved by the Audit Committee of the Company. The Accounts Department/CFO monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal control systems in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies of the Company and its subsidiary. All the internal audit reports along with corrective measures taken are regularly reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company.

## **20. SUBSIDIARY AND ITS FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE**

IIDL Realtors Private Limited (IRPL) is a wholly owned subsidiary of IIDL which is having interest income during the financial year 2020-21. In accordance with Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, consolidated financial statements have been prepared for the Company and its subsidiary, which form part of this Report. Further, the report on the performance and financial position of the subsidiary of the Company salient features of the financial statements in the prescribed Form AOC-1 is annexed to this report as **Annexure-D**.

## **21. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Consolidated financial statements in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards have been provided in the Annual Report. These Consolidated Financial Statements provide financial information about your Company and its subsidiary as a single economic entity.

## **22. VIGIL MECHANISM**

Section 177 (9) and (10) of the Companies Act, 2013 provides for establishment of a vigil mechanism in every listed company and such other class or classes of companies, as may be prescribed for its directors and employees to report to the management their concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the company's code of conduct or ethics policy. The mechanism shall provide for adequate safeguards against victimization of director(s)/employee(s) who avail the mechanism and also provide for direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. However, this policy is an internal document of the Company and has been framed for the purpose

defined above. The Policy on vigil mechanism may be accessed on the Company's website at [www.iidlindia.com](http://www.iidlindia.com).

### **23. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION**

The performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and Individual Directors was conducted by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board based on the structured questionnaire covering various aspects viz. functioning of committees as per the terms of reference approved by the Board, participation and contribution by the director, commitment, effective deployment of knowledge and expertise, integrity and maintenance of confidentiality and independence of behaviour and judgement etc.

### **24. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMAN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013**

The Company has in place the Policy on Sexual Harassment of Woman at Workplace and also formed an Internal Complaints Committee in compliance of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. Further, during the year, no complaint was received and hence, no complaint was pending with the Company.

### **25. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION AS PER RULE 5 OF COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION) RULES, 2014.**

As per Notification dated June 5, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government Companies are exempted from compliance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and corresponding rules of Chapter XIII. IIDL, being a Government Company, this information has not been included as a part of this Report.

### **26. ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO**

The information required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with rule 8 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, regarding foreign exchange earnings & outgo in regard to business operation of Fraser Suites, New Delhi (FSND) are as under:

#### **Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo:**

(Rs. in Lakh)

<b>Sl. No.</b>	<b>PARTICULARS</b>	<b>Year ended March 31, 2021</b>	<b>Year ended March 31, 2020</b>
<b>a.</b>	<b>Foreign Exchange Earned</b>		
	Foreign Currency	4.52	18.14
	Foreign Card	73.98	572.83
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>78.50</b>	<b>590.97</b>
<b>b.</b>	<b>Foreign Exchange Outgo</b>		
	Foreign Travel	-	-
	Fee for Technical and Professional	1.02	7.98
	Travel Agent Commission	0.04	0.80
	Refund to Guest	0.00	0.00
	Royalty	0.00	0.00

	Promotion	1.42	1.88
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2.48</b>	<b>10.66</b>
c.	CIF value of imports (Other goods)	-	-

Further, details regarding conservation of energy and technology absorption as required under Section 134 (3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules prescribed thereunder are not applicable to the Company.

## **27. RISK MANAGEMENT**

IIDL has a Risk Management Committee which has formed a policy on Risk Management framework and oversees the Risk Management process including risk identification, impact assessment, effective implementation of the mitigation plans and risk reporting.

## **28. SIGNIFICANT OR MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY REGULATORS OR COURT IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS OF THE COMPANY**

During the Financial Year under review, no significant or material orders were passed by any regulator or Court impacting the going concern status of your Company and Company's operations.

## **29. REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS**

During the year under review, neither statutory auditors nor the secretarial auditors has reported, under section (12) of the Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, any instances of fraud committed against the company by its officers, employees, the details of which would need to be mentioned in the Board's Report.

However, a case of misappropriation of cash was noticed at the Serviced Apartments (erstwhile Fraser Suites) and the complaint had been lodged against the former employees with concerned Police Station.

## **30. SECRETARIAL STANDARDS**

The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

## **31. EMPLOYEES RELATIONS**

The Company continued to maintain harmonious and cordial relations with its employees in all divisions, which enabled it to achieve this performance level on all fronts.

## **32. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The Directors would like to express their appreciation to IFCI Limited (Holding Company) for its continuous support and valuable guidance. The Directors also take this opportunity to thank Government of India and other Government Authorities, Banks and other business associates for the co-operation received from them. Your Directors also wish to place on

record their deep sense of appreciation for the committed services by the employees of the Company.

**For and on behalf of the Board  
IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited**

**Sd/-  
Debashis Gupta  
Managing Director  
DIN: 08741938**

**Sd/-  
Prasoon  
Director  
DIN: 03599426**

**Place: New Delhi  
Date: September 17, 2021**

**ANNEXURE-A**
**Related Party Transactions**
**FORM NO. AOC -2**

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

**1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis. – Not Applicable**

Sl. No.	Particulars	Details
i.	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	NIL
ii.	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	N.A
iii.	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	N.A
iv.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	N.A
v.	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions'	N.A
vi.	Date of approval by the Board	N.A
vii.	Amount paid as advances, if any	N.A
viii.	Date on which the special resolution was passed in General meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	N.A

**2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis.**

Sl. No.	Particulars	Details	
i.	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	IFCI LIMITED – Holding Company	
ii.	Nature of contracts / arrangements/ transaction	Interest on Bonds, Rent, Salary on Deputation and Miscellaneous expenses	
iii.	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	One year	
iv.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	Particulars	Amount (in Rs.)
		<b>INCOME</b>	
		Interest earned and accrued on investment in IFCI's Bonds	7,27,50,000/-
	Interest earned and accrued on Tax Free Bonds	1,25,85,000/-	

		Rental Income (Including Reims of expenses)	12,74,115/-
		Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on deputation	2,68,639/-
		<b>EXPENSES</b>	
		Remuneration (inclusive of benefits) for staff on deputation	65,04,827/-
		Rent of premises	1,49,99,448/-
		<b>OTHERS</b>	
		Interim dividend paid to the equity shareholders	14,94,84,739/-
v.	Date of approval by the Board	N.A	
vi.	Amount paid as advances, if any	N.A.	

3. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis.

Sl. No.	Particulars	Details	
i.	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	IIDL Realtors Private Limited (IRPL) – (Wholly owned subsidiary Company)	
ii.	Nature of contracts/ arrangements / transaction	Rent, Salary on Deputation and Other Transactions	
iii.	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transaction	Monthly / Quarterly	
iv.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Amount (in Rs.)</b>
		<b>INCOME</b>	
		Rental Income	9,68,400/-
		Remuneration (inclusive of benefits) for staff on deputation	9,47,286/-
		<b>OTHER TRANSACTIONS</b>	<b>Amount in Rs.</b>
		Payment made for taxes on behalf of IRPL	5,75,003/-
		Reimbursement received	5,75,003/-
v.	Date of approval by the Board	NA	

vi.	Amount paid as advances, if any	NA
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4. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis.

Sl. No.	Particulars	Details	
i.	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	IFCI Social Foundation – (Trust under Parent)	
ii.	Nature of contracts/ arrangements / transaction	Salary on Deputation	
iii.	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transaction	Monthly / Quarterly	
iv.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Amount (in Rs.)</b>
		<b>INCOME</b>	
		Remuneration (inclusive of benefits) for staff on deputation	1,22,778/-
v.	Date of approval by the Board	NA	
vi.	Amount paid as advances, if any	NA	

**For and on behalf of the Board  
IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited**

**Sd/-  
Debashis Gupta  
Managing Director  
DIN: 08741938**

**Sd/-  
Prasoon  
Director  
DIN: 03599426**

**Place: New Delhi**

**Date: September 17, 2021**

**FORM NO. MR – 3**  
**SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**  
**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>st</sup> MARCH, 2021**

*[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies  
(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]*

To,  
**The Members**  
**IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited**  
**CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232**  
IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi -110019.

We have conducted Secretarial Audit of compliance with the applicable statutory provisions and adherence to good corporate practices by **IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited** (hereinafter called '**the Company**') for the Financial Year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the **Financial Year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 ('Audit Period')** complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

**We report that**, we have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 according to the provisions of (as amended):

1. The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Rules made there under read with notifications, exemptions and clarifications thereto;

2. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
3. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and bye-laws framed there under;
4. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment, External Commercial Borrowings- ***[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];***
5. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): -
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011- ***[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];***
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibitions of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015- ***[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];***
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018- ***[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];***
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014- ***[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];***
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008- ***[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];***
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client- ***[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];***
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009- ***[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];***
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018- ***[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];***

- (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015– ***[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];***

**We further report that**, we have also examined, on test-check basis, the relevant documents and records maintained by the Company according to the following laws applicable specifically to the Company:

- (i) Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016;
- (ii) The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013;
- (iii) The Employer’s Provident fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952;
- (iv) The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.

Based on such examination and having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company, the Company has complied with the provisions of the above laws during the audit period.

**We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:**

- 1. Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India– ***Complied with.***
- 2. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015- ***[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review].***

During the Financial Year under report, the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the applicable Acts, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Secretarial Standards etc. as mentioned above.

**We further report that during the audit period under review:**

- 1. The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of executive directors, non-executive directors and woman director. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- 2. Except in case of meetings convened at a shorter notice, adequate Notice was given to all Directors to schedule the Board meetings and the agenda and detailed notes on agenda was sent at least seven days in advance. However, a system exists for seeking

and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

3. All the decisions made in the Board/Committee meeting(s) were carried out with unanimous consent of all the Directors/Members present during the meeting and dissent, if any, have been duly incorporated in the Minutes.
4. There seems to be adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliances with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.
5. No specific events / actions having a major bearing on the company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc. referred to above has occurred in the Company other than mentioned above.

**For VAPN & Associates**

Practicing Company Secretaries  
Firm Registration No.: P2015DE045500

**Sd/-**

**Prabhakar Kumar**

Partner

Membership No.: F5781

CP. No.: 10630

UDIN: F005781C000703038

Place: New Delhi

Date: 29-07-2021

Note: This report is to be read with letter of even date by the secretarial auditor, which is annexed as '**Annexure A**' and forms an integral part of this report.

To,

**The Members**

**IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited**

**CIN: U45400DL2007GOI169232**

IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi -110019.

**Our Secretarial Audit Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.**

**Management's Responsibility:**

1. It is the responsibility of the management of the Company to maintain the secretarial records, and to devise proper systems, to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and regulations and to ensure that the systems are adequate and operate effectively.

**Auditor's Responsibility:**

2. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records, standards and procedures followed by the Company with respects to Secretarial Compliances.
3. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. Verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
4. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.
5. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representations about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations & happening of events etc.
6. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.

**Disclaimer**

The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

**For VAPN & Associates**

Practicing Company Secretaries

Firm Registration No.: P2015DE045500

**Sd/-**

**Prabhakar Kumar**

Partner

Membership No.: F5781

CP. No.: 10630

UDIN: F005781C000703038

**Place: New Delhi**

**Date: 29-07-2021**

**ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY ACTIVITIES**  
**(Pursuant to the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility) Rules, 2014)**

**1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company**

A robust Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR Policy) indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company, duly recommended by the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee have been approved by the Board. The CSR Policy may be accessed on the Company's website at [www.iidlindia.com](http://www.iidlindia.com).

The objectives of CSR Policy are:

1. to support activities including creation of social & physical infrastructure aimed at inclusive development of human capital thereby enhancing the quality of life and well-being of the people.
2. to support CSR activities which help create a cleaner, greener and healthier environment and thereby also enhance IIDL's perception as a socially responsible entity.

**2. Composition of CSR Committee (as on March 31, 2021)**

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation/Nature of Directorship	No. of Meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	No. of Meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Dr. Sumita Rai	Non-Executive Director	2	2
2	Shri Prasoon	Nominee Director	2	2
3	Shri Atul Saxena*	Managing Director	2	2

Note: ceased to be Director w.e.f. August 29, 2021

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the Board are disclosed on the website of the company.

The weblink is [www.iidlindia/csr](http://www.iidlindia/csr)

4. Provide the details of Impact Assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report) - NA
5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set-off for the financial year, if any – NIL

Sl. No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in Rs.)	Amount available for set-off for the financial year, if any (in Rs.)
1.	2020-21	NIL	NIL

6. Average net profit of the company as per Section 135(5) – **Rs.11,12,67,856/-**
7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per Section 135(5)—**22,25,357/-**
- (b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years-**NIL**
- (c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any-NA
- (d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c)- **22,25,357/-**
8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year (in Rs.)	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per Section 135(6)		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second provision to Section 135(5)		
	Amount (in Rs.)	Date of Transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount (In Rs.)	Date of Transfer
Rs. 23,22,387/-	Rs.6,82,670/- (IFCI Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility Account 2019-20)	27/04/2021	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Rs. 5,65,750/-	Rs.16,59,607/- IFCI Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility Account 2020-21	27/04/2021	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year:

Sl. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act	Local Area (Y/N)	Location of the Project		Project Duration	Amount Allocated for the Project (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the current F.Y. (in Rs.)	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6)(in Rs.)	Mode of Implementation-Direct (Y/N)	Mode of Implementation -Through Implementing Agency	
				State	District						Name	CSR Reg. No.
1.	Construction of 15 Toilets & 15 Bathrooms at Jai Kumar Anudanit Ashramshal, a Residential Tribal School in Kochai Village, Palghar	Promotion of Human Capital	N	Maharashtra	Palghar	6 Months	1. Amt Allocated <b>21,14,089/-</b> 2. Capacity Building Charges: <b>1,11,268/-</b>	5,65,750/-	16,59,607/-	N	ISF	CSR0000 5110

District, Maharashtra												
						22,25,357/-	5,65,750/-	16,59,607/-				

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

Sl. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act	Local Area (Y/N)	Location of the Project		Amount spent for the Project (in Rs.)	Mode of Implementation-Direct (Y/N)	Mode of Implementation-Through Implementing Agency	
				State	District			Name	CSR Reg. No.
Not Applicable									

(d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads- Rs. 1,11,268/-

(e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable – Nil

(f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e)- Rs.5,65,750/-

(g) Excess amount for set off, if any-

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount (in Rs.)
1.	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per Section 135(5)	22,25,357/-
2.	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	5,65,750/-
3.	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year (2-1)	NIL
4.	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	NIL
5.	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years (3-4)	NIL

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

Sl.No.	Preceding Financial Year	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under Section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the reporting F.Y. (in Rs.)	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per Section 135(6), if any			Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding F.Y. (in Rs.)
				Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs.)	Date of transfer	
1	2018-19	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	2019-20	6,82,670/-	23,22,387/-	-	-	-	6,82,670/-
3	2020-21	16,59,607/-	5,65,750/-	-	-	-	16,59,607/-

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for the ongoing projects of the preceding financial years:

Sl. No.	Project ID	Name of the Project	F.Y. in which the project was commenced	Project Duration	Total Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.)	Amount spent on the project in the reporting F.Y. (in Rs.)	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting F.Y. (in Rs.)	Status of the project (Completed /Ongoing)
1	NA	Part capex support for Asani Sanitary Napkin Project of Desai Foundation Trust in Tonk District, Rajasthan	2019-20	6 months	20,00,000/-	16,00,000/--	16,00,000/-	Ongoing
2	NA	Purchase of AC 7 Seater Maruti EECO Van for Ganga Prem Hospice – Shradha Cancer Care Trust, Rishikesh	2019-20	3 months	4,64,304/-	4,62,779/-*	4,62,779/-*	Completed
3	NA	Part support for setting up of training facilities for mobile hardware repair technician course at the campus of Institute of Leadership Development, Jaipur.	2019-20	3 months	2,81,145/-	Nil	Nil	Yet to kick off
4	NA	Distribution of ration kits, sanitizers, masks and other necessary grocery items etc. to poor and nearby families of daily wagers/labourers/drivers, etc affected by sudden outbreak of coronavirus	2019-20	NA	1,14,912/-	1,14,912/-	1,14,912/-	Completed

\*project completed at lower cost

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset wise details)

- Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s)-Nil
- Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset-Nil
- Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address, etc.-Not applicable
- Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset)- No

11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two percent of the average net profit as per Section 135(5) – No

**Sd/-**  
**Debashis Gupta**  
**Managing Director**  
DIN: 08741938

**Sd/-**  
**Sumita Rai**  
**Chairperson of CSR Committee**  
DIN: 02692706

**Place: New Delhi**

**Date: September 17, 2021**

**Form AOC-1**

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

**Part "A": Subsidiaries**

**As per Ind-AS**

**(Amount in Rs.)**

Sl. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Name of the subsidiary	IIDL Realtors Private Limited
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	Same as of Holding Company
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	N.A
4.	Share Capital	1,00,000/-
5.	Other Equity	6,79,81,095/-
6.	Total Assets	12,70,84,188/-
7.	Total Liabilities	12,70,84,188/-
8.	Investments in Property	7,99,26,366/-
9.	Turnover	19,20,434/-
10.	Profit before taxation	-1,01,66,016/-
11.	Provision for taxation	-
12.	Profit after taxation	-1,01,66,016/-
13.	Proposed Dividend	NIL
14.	Percentage (%) of shareholding	100%

- a. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations:- **NIL**  
b. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year:- **NIL**

**For and on behalf of the Board  
IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited**

**Sd/-  
Debashis Gupta  
Managing Director  
DIN: 08741938**

**Sd/-  
Prasoon  
Director  
DIN: 03599426**

**Place: New Delhi  
Date: September 17, 2021**

कार्यालय प्रधान निदेशक लेखापरीक्षा,  
उद्योग एवं कारपोरेट कार्य  
ए.जी.सी.आर. भवन, आई.पी. एस्टेट,  
नई दिल्ली-110 002



OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL DIRECTOR OF AUDIT  
INDUSTRY AND CORPORATE AFFAIRS  
A.G.C.R. BUILDING, I.P. ESTATE  
NEW DELHI-110 002

संख्या: एएमजी-II/11(30)/ वार्षिक खाता/  
IIDL (2020-21)/2021-22/187  
दिनांक: 20/09/2021

सेवा में

प्रबन्ध निदेशक,  
आईएफसीआई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर डेवलपमेंट लिमिटेड,  
आईएफसीआई टावर , 61 नेहरू प्लेस,  
नई दिल्ली-110023

विषय: कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143(6) (b) के अंतर्गत 31 मार्च 2021 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए आईएफसीआई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर डेवलपमेंट लिमिटेड के वार्षिक लेखों पर भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ।

महोदय,

कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143(6) (b) के अंतर्गत 31 मार्च 2021 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए आईएफसीआई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर डेवलपमेंट लिमिटेड के वार्षिक लेखों पर उपरोक्त विषय संबंधित संलग्न पत्र अग्रेषित है।

भवदीया,

  
(विश्व सूद)

प्रधान निदेशक लेखा परीक्षा  
(उद्योग एवं कारपोरेट कार्य)  
नई दिल्ली

संलग्नक:- यथोपरि

**COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6) (b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

The preparation of financial statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013(Act) is the responsibility of the management of the Company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under Section 139(5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 18 June 2021.

I, on the behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021 under section 143(6) (a) of the Act. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the statutory auditors and is limited primarily to inquiries of the statutory auditors and company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

On the basis of my supplementary audit nothing significant has come to my knowledge which would give rise to any comment upon or supplement to statutory auditors' report under section 143(6)(b) of the Act.

**For and on behalf of the  
Comptroller & Auditor General of India**

  
(Vidhu Sood)  
**Principal Director of Audit  
(Industry & Corporate Affairs)  
New Delhi**

**Place: New Delhi**

**Date: 20.09.2021**

कार्यालय प्रधान निदेशक लेखापरीक्षा,  
उद्योग एवं कारपोरेट कार्य  
ए.जी.सी.आर. भवन, आई.पी. एस्टेट,  
नई दिल्ली-110 002



OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL DIRECTOR OF AUDIT  
INDUSTRY AND CORPORATE AFFAIRS  
A.G.C.R. BUILDING, I.P. ESTATE  
NEW DELHI-110 002

संख्या: एएमजी-II/11(30)/ वार्षिक खाता/  
IIDL (Consolidated) (2020-21)/2021-22/216  
दिनांक: 04 /10/2021

सेवा में

प्रबन्ध निदेशक,  
आईएफसीआई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर डेवलपमेंट लिमिटेड,  
आईएफसीआई टावर , 61 नेहरू प्लेस,  
नई दिल्ली-110023

विषय: कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143(6) (b) के साथ धारा 129 (4) के अंतर्गत 31 मार्च 2021 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए आईएफसीआई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर डेवलपमेंट लिमिटेड के समेकित वार्षिक लेखों पर भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ।

महोदय,

कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143(6) (b) के साथ धारा 129 (4) के अंतर्गत 31 मार्च 2021 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए आईएफसीआई इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर डेवलपमेंट लिमिटेड के समेकित वार्षिक लेखों पर उपरोक्त विषय संबंधित संलग्न पत्र अग्रेषित है।

भवदीया,  
  
(विद्युत्सूद)

प्रधान निदेशक लेखा परीक्षा  
(उद्योग एवं कारपोरेट कार्य)  
नई दिल्ली

संलग्नक:- यथोपरि

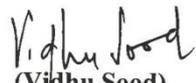
**COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA  
UNDER SECTION 143(6) (b) READ WITH SECTION 129(4) OF THE COMPANIES  
ACT, 2013 ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IFCI  
INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31  
MARCH 2021**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the Company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under Section 139(5) read with section 129 (4) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 read with section 129 (4) of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 18 June 2021.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the consolidated financial statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021 under Section 143(6) (a) read with section 129(4) of the Act. We conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited (the Company) and IIDL Realtors Private Limited (the subsidiary) for the year ended on that date. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the statutory auditor and is limited primarily to inquiries of the statutory auditor and Company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

On the basis of my supplementary audit nothing significant has come to my knowledge which would give rise to any comment upon or supplement to statutory auditors' report under section 143(6) (b) read of the Act.

**For and on behalf of the  
Comptroller & Auditor General of India**

  
(Vidhu Sood)  
**Principal Director of Audit  
(Industry & Corporate Affairs)  
New Delhi**

**Place: New Delhi**

**Date: 04 OCT 2021**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT**

**To the Members of  
M/s IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited**

### **Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of **M/s IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited** (“the Company”), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021, the statement of Profit and Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes for the year ended on that date (herein after referred to as “standalone Ind AS financial statements”).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021, and profit/loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on Standalone Financial Statements.

#### **Responsibilities of Management and those charged with the Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements**

The Company’s Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) with respect to the preparation and presentation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows change in equity of the company of the Company in

accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant Rules thereunder.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management’s use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch’s ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor’s report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements of the Branch or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor’s report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor’s Report) Order, 2016 (“the Order”) issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the **Annexure-A**, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
2. As required under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act’2013, we enclose herewith, as per **Annexure-B** and **Annexure-C** our report for the company on the Directions and Sub-directions respectively, issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India.
3. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

- (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant Rules thereunder;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in “**Annexure-D**”; and
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigation on its financial position as referred to in Note-42 to the financial statements.
  - ii. The Company is not required to make any provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts;
  - iii. The Company is not required to transfer any amount to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.

For **RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm’s Registration Number: 009073N/N500320

-Sd-

B.S. Rawat

Partner

Membership Number: 034159

UDIN: 21034159AAAACB8131

Place: New Delhi

Date: 18-06-2021

## **Annexure - A to the Independent Auditors' Report of Even Date**

The Annexure-A referred to in paragraph-1 of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021, we report that:

- (i) (a) Whether the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;

**The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.**

- (b) Whether these fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals, whether any material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and if so, whether the same have been properly dealt with in the books of accounts;

**As informed to us by the management, the Fixed Assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased manner, and no material discrepancies between the books of records and the physical fixed assets have been noticed.**

- (c) Whether the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company, if not, provide the details thereof;

**Yes, except the Title deeds in respect of following properties are held in the name of the company:**

**Property located at Pangoorvell, Ariyur Revenue Village, District-Villanpur, Puducherry having area of 21.279 acres purchased for a total value of Rs. 10,01,00,000.00/-.**

- (ii) Whether physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and whether any material discrepancies were noticed and if so, whether they have been properly dealt with in the books of accounts;

**Physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and no material discrepancies were noticed.**

- (iii) Whether the company has granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act. If so,

**The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the Register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.**

(a) Whether the terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are not prejudicial to the company's interest;

**Not Applicable since no loan has been granted by the Company.**

(b) Whether the schedule of repayment of principal and repayment of interest has been stipulated and whether the repayments or receipts are regular;

**Not Applicable since no loan has been granted by the Company.**

(c) If the amount is overdue, state the total amount overdue for more than ninety days, and whether reasonable steps have been taken by the company for recovery of the principal and interest;

**Not Applicable since no loan has been granted by the Company.**

(iv) In respect of loans, investments, guarantees. and security whether provisions of section-185 and 186 of the Companies Act,2013 have been complied with. If not, provide the details thereof;

**The Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 & 186 of the Companies Act'2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security.**

(v) In case, the company has accepted deposits, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, where applicable, have been complied with? If not, the nature of such contraventions be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal, whether the same has been complied with or not?

**The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable.**

(vi) Whether maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and whether such accounts and records have been so made and maintained;

**The Central Government has prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section-148 of the Companies Act. The Company has maintained the prescribed records. However, no separate cost records have been maintained.**

(vii) (a) whether the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities and if not, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, shall be indicated;

**According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities, to the extent applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at March 31, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.**

(b) Where dues of income tax or sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax have not been deposited on account of any dispute, then the amounts involved and the forum where dispute is pending shall be mentioned. (A mere representation to the concerned Department shall not be treated as a dispute).

**There were not disputed amount payable in respect of sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise value added tax or cess which were outstanding for more than six months. However, a demand of Rs.397.72 Lakhs is raised by the Income Tax department in respect of previous assessment years. An appeal has been filed against this order.**

(viii) Whether the company has defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a financial institution, bank, Government or dues to debenture holders? If yes, the period and the amount of default to be reported (in case of defaults to banks, financial institutions, and Government, lender wise details to be provided).

**The Company has not taken any loan either from financial institutions, banks or from the government and has not issued any debentures.**

(ix) Whether moneys raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans were applied for the purposes for which those are raised. If

not, the details together with delays or default and subsequent rectification, if any, as may be applicable, be reported;

**Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.**

(x) Whether any fraud by the company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year; If yes, the nature and the amount involved is to be indicated;

**Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given to us by the management, no fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company, by any person including its officers/employees, has been noticed or reported during the year.**

(xi) Whether managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act? If not, state the amount involved and steps taken by the company for securing refund of the same;

**As per notification number GSR. 463 (E) dated 5<sup>th</sup> June'2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, section 197 of the Act as regards the managerial remuneration is not applicable to the Company, since it is a Government Company.**

(xii) Whether the Nidhi Company has complied with the Net Owned Funds to Deposits in the ratio of 1: 20 to meet out the liability and whether the Nidhi Company is maintaining ten per cent unencumbered term deposits as specified in the Nidhi Rules, 2014 to meet out the liability;

**According to information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of these clause 3 (xii) of the order are not applicable to the Company.**

(xiii) Whether all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards;

**According to information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, and details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.**

(xiv) Whether the company has made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and if so, as to whether the requirement of section 42 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with

and the amount raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised. If not, provide the details in respect of the amount involved and nature of non-compliance;

**According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review.**

(xv) Whether the company has entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and if so, whether the provisions of section 192 of Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with;

**According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.**

(xvi) Whether the company is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and if so, whether the registration has been obtained.

**According to information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.**

For **RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 009073N/N500320

-Sd-

B.S. Rawat

Partner

Membership number: 034159

UDIN: 21034159AAAACB8131

Place: New Delhi

Date: 18-06-2021

## **Annexure - B to the Independent Auditors' Report**

### **Report in terms of Directions issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act'2013 for the financial year 2020-21**

1. Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.

**Yes, Company is using tally software for accounting purpose in Head Office, while Frasers Suites Mayur Vihar New Delhi (Unit of IIDL) is using SAGE 300 ERP software for accounting purpose. Frasers Suites has also been using HIS software and IDS software for their billing purposes.**

**All financial transactions, except demand letters issued to buyers and rental invoices issued to tenants, are recorded in tally Accounting Software. Demand letters issued to buyers and rental invoices issued to tenants are usually sent through MS-Office.**

2. Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of Lender Company).

**During the year, there is no instance of any restructuring of any existing loan or cases of waiver/write-off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the Company.**

3. Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/receivable for specific schemes from Central /State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/ utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation.

**We have been informed that the Company has neither received nor any such funds are receivable by the Company for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies for the financial year 2020-21.**

For **RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 009073N/N500320

-Sd-

B.S. Rawat

Partner

Membership number: 034159

UDIN: 21034159AAAACB8131

Place: New Delhi

Date: 18-06-2021

## **Annexure - C to the Independent Auditors' Report**

### **Report in terms of Sub-directions issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act'2013 for the financial year 2020-21**

#### **1. Investments:**

Whether the titles of ownership in respect of CGS/ SGS/ Bonds/ Debentures etc. are available in physical/demat form and these, in aggregate, agree with the respective amounts shown in the Company's books of accounts? If not, details may be stated.

**The company had invested Rs. 90.00 Crores in Bonds issued by IFCI Limited. The possession of these bonds are in demat form and the same has been shown in the Company's books of accounts under the head of investment in asset side of the balance sheet.**

#### **2. Loans:**

In respect of provisioning requirement of all restructured, rescheduled, renegotiated loan-whether a system of periodical assessment of realizable value of securities available against all such loans is in place and adequate provision has been created during the year? Deficiencies in this regard, if any, may be suitably commented upon along with financial impact.

**The Company has neither granted any Loans during the year nor does the Company have any such outstanding Loans as on 31-03-2021.**

For **RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 009073N/N500320

-Sd-

B.S. Rawat

Partner

Membership number: 034159

UDIN: 21034159AAAACB8131

Place: New Delhi

Date: 18-06-2021

## **Annexure - D to the Independent Auditors' Report**

### **Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **M/s IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited** ("the Company") as of 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### **Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an

understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components

of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 009073N/N500320

-Sd-

B.S. Rawat

Partner

Membership number: 034159

UDIN: 21034159AAAACB8131

Place: New Delhi

Date: 18-06-2021

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**

**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**

Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**BALANCE SHEET  
as at 31st March 2021**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>1. Non - Current Assets</b>			
a. Property, Plant and Equipment	2	16,331.37	16,649.82
b. Investment property	3	763.99	778.67
c. Goodwill	4	-	-
d. Other Intangible Assets	5	46.29	61.49
e. Financial Assets		-	-
i. Investments	6	13,156.03	13,351.63
ii. Loans	7	578.38	527.23
iii. Others	8	72.74	518.27
		30,948.80	31,887.11
<b>2. Current Assets</b>			
a. Inventories	9	8,860.24	11,852.77
b. Financial Assets		-	-
i. Trade Receivables	10	293.61	251.11
ii. Cash and cash equivalents	11	2,340.46	1,865.90
iii. Bank Balance other than (ii) above	12	8,498.27	5,894.26
iv. Loans	13	-	-
v. Others	14	912.82	1,195.41
c. Current Tax Assets (Net)	15	777.51	699.92
d. Other Current Assets	16	1,562.34	1,553.46
		23,245.26	23,312.84
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>54,194.06</b>	<b>55,199.96</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>1. Equity</b>			
a. Equity Share Capital	17	42,709.92	42,709.92
b. Other Equity	18	7,793.84	8,664.30
		50,503.77	51,374.22
<b>2. Non - Current Liabilities</b>			
a. Financial Liabilities		-	-
i. Borrowings	19	-	-
ii. Other Financial Liabilities	20	-	3.87
b. Provisions	21	104.72	100.96
c. Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	22	685.56	428.61
d. Other Non - Current Liabilities	23	-	525.48
		790.28	1,058.93
<b>3. Current liabilities</b>			
a. Financial Liabilities		-	-
i. Trade Payables	24	318.09	292.97
ii. Other Financial Liabilities	25	857.11	790.67
b. Other Current Liabilities	26	812.78	708.71
c. Provisions	27	912.02	974.45
		2,900.01	2,766.80
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<b>54,194.06</b>	<b>55,199.96</b>

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 57

As per our report of even date attached  
For RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP  
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS  
FRN 009073N/N500320

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

sd/-  
CA BS Rawat  
PARTNER  
M. No. 034159  
UDIN - 21034159AAAACB8131

sd/-  
(ATUL SAXENA)  
DIN : 02698585  
MANAGING DIRECTOR

sd/-  
(PRASOON)  
DIN : 03599426  
DIRECTOR

Date : 18.06.2021  
Place : New Delhi

sd/-  
(A.K. BURNWAL)  
M. No. 503715  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

sd/-  
(TANNU SHARMA)  
M. No. A-29676  
COMPANY SECRETARY

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**

**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**

Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS  
for the year ended 31st March 2021**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>CONTINUING OPERATIONS</b>			
<b>Income</b>			
Revenue from Operations	28	3,794.09	3,935.87
Other Income	29	2,081.80	3,334.23
<b>Total Income (A)</b>		<b>5,875.89</b>	<b>7,270.10</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Cost of Material Consumed	30	3,030.54	2,739.58
Employee benefit expenses	31	585.80	653.49
Finance Costs	32	195.97	0.72
Depreciation and Amortization expenses	33	355.57	749.00
Other Expenses	34	841.59	1,513.21
<b>Total Expenses (B)</b>		<b>5,009.48</b>	<b>5,656.00</b>
<b>Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax (A - B)</b>		<b>866.41</b>	<b>1,614.10</b>
Exceptional Items		-	-
<b>Profit / (Loss) before tax</b>		<b>866.41</b>	<b>1,614.10</b>
Less: Tax Expense			
1. Current Tax	38	84.57	-
2. Deferred Tax	52	252.79	165.83
3. MAT Credit Entitlement	38	(84.57)	-
4. Income Tax for Earlier Years	38	-	137.67
<b>Profit / (Loss) for the period from continuing operations, net of tax</b>		<b>613.62</b>	<b>1,310.60</b>
<b>DISCONTINUING OPERATIONS</b>			
<b>Profit / (Loss) from discontinuing operations (after tax)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD (C)</b>		<b>613.62</b>	<b>1,310.60</b>
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>			
A. i. Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	35		
a. Actuarial Gain / Loss		14.93	5.74
ii. Income tax relating to items that will not to be reclassified to profit or loss		4.15	1.60
Less:			
<b>Other Comprehensive Income, net of tax (D)</b>		<b>10.78</b>	<b>4.14</b>
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD (C + D)</b>		<b>624.39</b>	<b>1,314.74</b>
<b>Earning per equity share (for continuing and discontinuing operation)</b>			
1. Basic (in Rs.)	36	0.15	0.31
2. Diluted (in Rs.)		0.15	0.31

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 57

As per our report of even date attached

For RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP  
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS  
FRN 009073N/N500320

sd/-  
CA BS Rawat  
PARTNER  
M. No. 034159  
UDIN - 21034159AAAACB8131

Date : 18.06.2021

Place : New Delhi

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

sd/-  
(ATUL SAXENA)  
DIN : 02698585  
MANAGING DIRECTOR

sd/-  
(PRASOON)  
DIN : 03599426  
DIRECTOR

sd/-  
(A.K. BURNWAL)  
M. No. 503715  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

sd/-  
(TANNU SHARMA)  
M. No. A-29676  
COMPANY SECRETARY

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**

**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**

Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
for the year ended 31st March 2021**

**A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Share Capital issued during the year	Share Capital redeemed during the year	Balance at the end of the reporting period
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	42,709.92	-	-	42,709.92
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	42,709.92	-	-	42,709.92

**B. OTHER EQUITY**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus		Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		Total
	Capital Redemption Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	Others	
<b>Balance as at 1st April 2019</b>	6,812.91	1,844.77	15.89	-	8,673.57
Profit for the period	-	1,310.60	-	-	1,310.60
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of taxes)	-	-	4.14	-	4.14
Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders	-	(1,324.01)	-	-	(1,324.01)
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid	-	(0.00)	-	-	(0.00)
<b>Balance at 31st March, 2020</b>	6,812.91	1,831.36	20.03	-	8,664.30
Profit for the period	-	613.62	-	-	613.62
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of taxes)	-	-	10.78	-	10.78
Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders	-	(1,494.85)	-	-	(1,494.85)
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance at 31st March, 2021</b>	6,812.91	950.13	30.80	-	7,793.84

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 57

As per our report of even date attached

For RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP  
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS  
FRN 009073N/N500320

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

sd/-  
CA BS Rawat  
PARTNER  
M. No. 034159  
UDIN - 21034159AAAACB8131

sd/-  
(ATUL SAXENA)  
DIN : 02698585  
MANAGING DIRECTOR

sd/-  
(PRASOON)  
DIN : 03599426  
DIRECTOR

Date : 18.06.2021  
Place : New Delhi

sd/-  
(A.K. BURNWAL)  
M. No. 503715  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

sd/-  
(TANNU SHARMA)  
M. No. A-29676  
COMPANY SECRETARY

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**  
**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**  
 Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**for the year ended 31st March 2021**

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
(₹ in Lakhs)		
<b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Total Comprehensive Income before Income Tax from Continuing Operations	881.34	1,619.83
Discontinuing Operations	-	-
<b>Profit before Income Tax including discontinued operations</b>	<b>881.34</b>	<b>1,619.83</b>
Adjustments For :		
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	355.57	749.00
Other Comprehensive Income	(14.93)	(5.74)
Interest Income classified as Investing Cash Flows	(1,470.93)	(1,257.35)
Income from Investment Property classified as Investing Cash Flows	(12.73)	(19.89)
Dividend Income classified as Financing Cash Flows	-	(1,324.00)
Non - Cash Interest Income	(49.05)	(45.09)
Non - Cash Finance Costs	195.97	0.72
Non - Cash Deferred Income	(525.47)	(525.47)
Profit on Sale of Fixed Assets	(0.09)	-
<b>Operating Profit before working capital changes</b>	<b>(640.32)</b>	<b>(807.99)</b>
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from purchase of controlled entities and sale of subsidiaries :		
Decrease / (Increase) : Financial Assets	240.09	(60.98)
Decrease / (Increase) : Inventories	2,992.53	2,657.27
Decrease / (Increase) : Current Tax Assets	(77.60)	81.64
Decrease / (Increase) : Other Current Assets	(8.88)	(92.21)
Increase / (Decrease) : Financial Liabilities	91.56	(36.13)
Increase / (Decrease) : Provisions	(43.73)	(7.35)
Increase / (Decrease) : Other Current Liabilities	104.07	(90.08)
<b>Cash Generated from Operations</b>	<b>2,657.73</b>	<b>1,644.17</b>
Income Taxes Paid	-	(137.67)
<b>Net Cash inflow / (outflow) from Operating Activities (A)</b>	<b>2,657.73</b>	<b>1,506.50</b>
<b>CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Interest Income from Deposits & Bonds	1,470.93	1,257.35
Bank deposits with maturity over 3 months but less than 12 months	(2,604.02)	(4,766.69)
Bank deposits with maturity over 12 months	439.19	250.75
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	(8.31)	(20.86)
Purchase of Intangible Assets	-	(61.53)
Rental Income from Investment Property	12.73	19.89
Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	1.16	-
Sale of Investment Property	-	-
<b>Net Cash inflow / (outflow) from Investing Activities (B)</b>	<b>(688.32)</b>	<b>(3,321.09)</b>
<b>CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Interim Dividend Received	-	1,324.00
Interim Dividend Paid	(1,494.85)	(1,324.01)
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid	-	(0.00)
Buy-back of Equity Shares	-	-
Premium paid on buy-back of Equity Shares	-	-
Tax paid on buy-back of Equity Shares	-	-
Repayment of 9.7% Non-Convertible Bonds	-	-
Finance Costs	-	-
<b>Net Cash inflow / (outflow) from Financing Activities (C)</b>	<b>(1,494.85)</b>	<b>(0.01)</b>
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	474.55	(1,814.60)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the year	1,865.90	3,680.50
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year (D)</b>	<b>2,340.46</b>	<b>1,865.90</b>
<b>Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year</b>		
Cash on Hand	3.50	4.63
Cheques / Drafts on Hand	-	-
Balances in Current / Savings Accounts with Banks	75.04	97.20
Balances in Deposit Accounts with maturity less than 3 months	2,261.92	1,764.07
<b>Total Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>2,340.46</b>	<b>1,865.90</b>
<b>Out of (D), significant cash and cash equivalent balances held by the entity that are not available for use</b>		
<b>Non Cash Financing and Investing Activities</b>	<b>378.55</b>	<b>569.85</b>

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 57

As per our report of even date attached  
 For RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP  
 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS  
 FRN 009073N/N500320

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

sd/-  
 CA BS Rawat  
 PARTNER  
 M. No. 034159  
 UDIN - 21034159AAAACB8131

sd/-  
 (ATUL SAXENA)  
 DIN : 02698585  
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Date : 18.06.2021  
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 M. No. 029676  
 COMPANY SECRETARY

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**

**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**

Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET**

**as at 31st March 2021**

**NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**CORPORATE AND GENERAL INFORMATION**

IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited (“the Company”) is a company registered under the Companies Act, 2013 which was incorporated on October 10, 2007. The Company has been primarily engaged in the activities relating to Real Estate Project Advisory and Execution, promotion, construction and development of Commercial and Residential Complexes and Serviced Apartments of its own as well as under joint participatory agreements with others.

The hospitality project of the company under the brand name ‘Fraser Suites’, Service Apartments located at Mayur Vihar has commenced its commercial operations from 1st of October, 2011.

**1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 have been prepared by the Company in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (“Ind AS”) prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time, in this regard.

Further, the financial statements comply in all material aspects with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act).

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements.

**1.2 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY**

These financial statements are presented in Lakhs of Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company’s functional and presentation currency. All amounts have been denominated in Lakhs of INR and rounded off to the nearest two decimals, except where otherwise indicated.

**1.3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT**

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention, except for the following material items:

- Financial assets at FVTOCI that is measured at fair value
- Financial instruments at FVTPL that is measured at fair value

- Net defined benefit (asset) / liability - fair value of plan assets less present value of defined benefit obligation

#### **1.4 USE OF JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although, such estimates and assumptions are made on a reasonable and prudent basis taking into account all available information, actual results could differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years.

#### **1.5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY**

##### **1.5.1 Recognition and measurement**

**Property, Plant and Equipment** is initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Property, plant and equipment held for use or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost includes non-refundable taxes, duties, freight and other incidental expenses related to the acquisition and installation of the respective assets.

Property, Plant and Equipment acquired as replacement of the existing assets are capitalized and its corresponding replaced assets removed / retired from active use are derecognized.

If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts / inspection is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/ inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection was carried out.

After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

In the case of commissioned assets, deposit works / cost – plus contracts where final settlement of bills with contractors is yet to be affected, capitalization is done on provisional basis subject to necessary adjustments in the year of final settlement.

Spare parts, standby equipment and servicing equipment which meets the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized.

**Investment properties** include those portions of land and buildings that are held for long-term rental yields and/or for capital appreciation or for a currently indeterminate use. Investment properties include properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties.

Investment properties are stated at cost of acquisition / construction less accumulated depreciation. On disposal of an investment property, the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Method of Depreciation used is Straight Line Method and the useful life of the asset taken is 60 years.

On the date of transition to Ind AS, the Company has considered the carrying value of Investment Properties (if any) as per previous GAAP to be the deemed cost as per Ind AS 101.

**Intangible assets** are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Government licenses essential for the company's operations and having a validity of over one year are initially recognised at cost and carried at cost less accumulated amortisation calculated on the basis of remaining validity period.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

### **1.5.2 Depreciation / Amortization**

Depreciation is provided using the Straight Line Method over their estimated useful life as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or based on Management assessment of useful life, if lower than what is prescribed under the schedule. Depreciation is calculated on pro – rata basis, including the month of addition and excluding the month of sale / disposal. Leasehold improvements are amortised over the underlying lease term on a straight line basis. Residual value in respect of items of Property, Plant & Equipment and Investment Property are considered as 5% of the cost. Property, Plant and Equipment costing less than Rs. 5000/- individually are charged to the statement of Profit & Loss Account in the year of their purchase itself.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Intangible Assets consisting of Computer software with indefinite period utility / user rights and having a useful life lasting with that of the equipment have been capitalized with the cost of computer. Software carrying an identifiable utility of at least five years is amortized on a straight line basis over a period of five years from the date put into use. Software with limited edition / period utility i.e. requiring annual revision is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss Account in the year of purchase. Government licenses are amortized on a straight line basis over a period of their validity.

### **1.5.3 De – Recognition**

An item of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets is de-recognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment

or investment property is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **1.5.4 Transition to Ind AS**

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its Property, Plant and Equipment, Investment Property and Intangible Assets recognised as of the transition date measured as per the previous GAAP and use such carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date as per Ind AS 101.

#### **1.6 BORROWING COSTS**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### **1.7 IMPAIRMENT OF NON – FINANCIAL ASSETS**

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amount of its non – financial assets (other than assets held for sale and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that is largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. The 'recoverable amount' of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. 'Value in use' is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit and loss. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

#### **1.8 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE**

Assets are classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use.

Such assets measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell with gains and losses on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. Once classified as held for sale, assets are no longer amortised, depreciated or impaired.

## **1.9 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES**

Investments in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures are carried at cost. The cost comprises price paid to acquire investment and directly attributable cost. On each reporting date, consequent upon existence of any external or internal indication to impairment, the impairment loss shall be recognised as difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount.

## **1.10 INVENTORIES**

Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. The quantity and valuation of inventories at the yearend is taken as physically verified value and certified by the management.

**Inventory of real estate business** comprise of –

i. Building / Residential Complex, Built-up floor space acquired / purchased for development and / or sale / resale and other removable / disposable assets existing thereon. These are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value wherein costs are determined by adding all considerations / costs which are attributable to purchase / acquisition, and other expenses incurred specifically thereto.

ii. Land Bank – It consists of asset purchased by the Company that it intends to develop later on into residential / commercial project but on which no construction has commenced. Land is initially recognized at fair value which is generally the cost or net realizable value whichever is less. However, it is discounted to present value when payment terms are deferred for a period of more than one year.

iii. Work in Progress – Work-in-Progress includes construction work in progress and unsold portion of completed Real Estate Projects. Increase / decrease in Work-in-Progress is accounted for as Income or Expenditure for the year, as the case may be. Valuation of Work-in-Progress including unsold portion of reality project is being done on basis of actual cost and overheads incurred which are directly attributable to project, till completion or net realizable value whichever is less.

iv. Direct Materials, Stores and Spare Parts are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined on Weighted Average Cost Method.

v. Consumables including Canterring, Shuttering and Scaffolding, Loose Tools, Laboratory Equipment, empty containers & others are valued on the basis of realizable value, based on the engineering estimate.

**Inventory of hospitality business** comprises of closing balance of consumables purchased. FIFO method is followed for ascertaining the cost price considered for valuation. Closing inventories are valued at cost or replacement value, whichever is less, after providing for obsolescence and damage.

## **1.11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise Cash in hand, Balances in Bank Account, Remittance in Transit, Cheques in hand and Demand Deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments (original maturity less than 3 months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

## **1.12 LEASES (IN ACCORDANCE WITH IND AS 116)**

The company identifies lease as a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The company checks for conditions needed to be fulfilled if the contract is to be classified as lease as under:

i. Identified asset.

- ii. Lessee obtains substantially all of the economic benefits
- iii. Lessee directs the use

#### **1.12.1 The Company as a Lessee**

- i. The company recognizes assets and liabilities for all leases for a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value.
- ii. It then recognises a right of use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments.
- iii. The company measures right-of-use assets similarly to other non-financial assets (such as property, plant and equipment) and lease liabilities similarly to other financial liabilities.
- iv. The company recognizes depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability.
- v. Lease liability = Present value of lease rentals + present value of expected payments at the end of lease. The lease liability will be amortised using the effective interest rate method.
- vi. Lease term = non-cancellable period + renewable period if lessee reasonably certain to exercise.
- vii. Right to use asset = Lease liability + lease payments (advance)-lease incentives to be received if any initial + initial direct costs + cost of dismantling / restoring etc. The asset will be depreciated as per Ind AS 16 Property Plant and equipment.

#### **1.12.2 The Company as a Lessor**

- i. The company classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.
- ii. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards, incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. For finance leases, the company derecognizes the underlying asset and recognizes a net investment in the lease.
- iii. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. For operating leases, the company continues to recognize the underlying asset.
- iv. Any selling profit or loss is recognized at lease commencement.

### **1.13 PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES RELATED TO CLAIMS, LITIGATION etc.**

#### **1.13.1 Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are determined based on management estimates required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### **1.13.2 Contingencies**

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable

estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

### **1.13.3 Arbitration Awards**

Arbitration / Court's awards along with related interest receivable / payable are, to the extent not taken into accounts at the time of initiation, are recognized after it becomes decree. Permanent Machinery of Arbitration, Government of India, is accounted for on finalization of award by the appellate authority. Interest to / from in these cases are accounted when the payment is probable which the point is when matter is considered settled by management.

### **1.13.4 Liquidated Damages**

Liquidated Damages / Compensation for delay in respect of clients/ contractors, if any, are accounted for when payment is probable which is the point when matter is considered settled by management.

## **1.14 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS**

### **1.14.1 Contingent Liabilities**

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount cannot be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions, but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote.

### **1.14.2 Contingent Assets**

Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

## **1.15 SHARE CAPITAL AND OTHER EQUITY**

Share capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from retained earnings, net of any related income tax benefits.

Other components of equity includes Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) arising from actuarial gain or loss on re-measurement of defined benefit liability and return on plan assets.

Retained earnings include all current and prior period retained profits. All transactions with owners of the parent are recorded separately within equity. Annual dividend distribution to shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividend is approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.

## **1.16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

### **1.16.1 Initial Recognition and Measurement**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

### **1.16.2 Classifications and Subsequent Measurement**

#### **(i) Financial Assets**

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVTOCI') or FVTPL, depending on the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets and the Company's business model for managing the financial assets.

#### **(ii) Business Model Assessment**

The Company makes an objective assessment of the business model in which an asset is held at a portfolio level, because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- The stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- The frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its expectations about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered in isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Company's stated objective for managing the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realized;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

### **1.16.3 Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest**

For the purpose of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company applies judgement and considers all the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains any contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the said assessment, the Company considers prepayment and extension terms, features that modify consideration of the time value of money (e.g. periodical reset of the interest rates).

#### **1.16.4 Financial Assets at Amortised Cost**

A Financial Asset is measured at amortised cost only if both of the following conditions are met:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Subsequently, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method less any impairment losses.

#### **1.16.5 Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ('FVTOCI')**

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI only if both of the following conditions are met:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in other comprehensive income. Impairment losses on said financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and do not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the balance sheet.

#### **1.16.6 Financial assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)**

Any financial instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorisation as at amortised cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in profit and loss account.

#### **1.16.7 Investment in equity instruments**

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 (i.e. other than equity investments in subsidiaries / associates / joint ventures) are measured at FVTPL.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in profit and loss account. However, on initial recognition of an equity instrument that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment by investment basis.

### **1.16.8 Financial liabilities and equity instruments**

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or amortised cost, as appropriate and is accordingly accounted for.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company is recognised at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable transaction costs."

### **1.16.9 Measurement Basis**

#### **(i) Amortised cost**

Amortised cost is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the EIR method of discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR and, for financial assets, adjusted for any loss allowance.

#### **(ii) Fair Valuation**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

When one is available, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Company uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction."

### **1.16.10 De-recognition / Modification of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities**

#### **(A) De-recognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities**

##### **(i) Financial assets**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily de-recognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through'

arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. The Company also recognise a liability for the consideration received attributable to the Company's continuing involvement on the asset transferred. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset de-recognised) and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in OCI is recognised in profit or loss.

**(ii) Financial liabilities**

The Company de-recognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired.

**(B) Modifications of financial assets and financial liabilities**

**(i) Financial assets**

If the terms of a financial asset are modified, the Company evaluates whether the cash flows of the modified asset are substantially different. If the cash flows are substantially different, then the modification results in de-recognition of the original financial asset and new financial asset is recognised at fair value.

If the cash flows of the modified asset are not substantially different, then the modification does not result in de-recognition of the financial asset. In this case, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognises the amount arising from adjusting the gross carrying amount as a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial asset by recomputing the EIR rate on the instrument.

If such a modification is carried out because of financial difficulties of the borrower, then the gain or loss is presented together with impairment losses. In other cases, it is presented as interest income.

**(ii) Financial liabilities**

The Company de-recognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in profit or loss.

If the modification is not accounted as derecognition, then the amortised cost of the liability is recalculated by discounting the modified cash flows at the original EIR and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial liability and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial liability by recomputing the EIR rate on the instrument."

#### **1.16.11 Offsetting of Financial Instruments**

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **1.16.12 Impairment of Financial Assets**

The Company recognises impairment allowances for ECL on all the financial assets that are not measured at FVTPL. No impairment loss is recognised on equity investments.

ECL are probability weighted estimate of credit losses. They are measured as follows:

- Financial Assets that are not credit impaired – as the present value of all cash shortfalls that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.
- Financial Assets with significant increase in credit risk but not credit impaired – as the present value of all cash shortfalls that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial asset.
- Financial Assets that are credit impaired – as the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows
- Undrawn Loan Commitments – as the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to the Company if the commitment is drawn down and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive with respect to trade receivables and other financial assets, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For financial assets at FVTOCI, the loss allowance is recognised in OCI.

#### **1.16.13 Write-off of Financial Assets**

Financial assets are written off (either partially or in full) when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. This is generally the case when the company determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write – off. This assessment is carried out at the individual asset level.

However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

### **1.17 TRADE RECEIVABLES**

As a practical expedient the Company has adopted 'simplified approach' using the provision matrix method for recognition of expected loss on trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on three years rolling average default rates observed over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. These average default rates are applied on total credit risk exposure on trade receivables and outstanding for more than one year at the reporting date to determine lifetime Expected Credit Losses.

### **1.18 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS**

The expenses and income in foreign exchange transactions are accounted for at the rates prevailing on the date of transactions / at the forward rate, if booked, for such transaction. Assets and liabilities held in foreign currencies and accrued income and expenditure in foreign currencies are translated into Indian Rupees at the rates advised by Foreign Exchange Dealers Association of India (FEDAI) prevailing towards the close of the accounting period. Gains / losses, if any, on valuation of various assets and liabilities are taken to Statement of Profit & Loss.

### **1.19 REVENUE RECOGNITION**

- i. Rental income from Investment Property / Flats held as Inventories is recognized on a straight – line basis over the period of lease terms.
- ii. Interest income is reported on an accrual basis using the Effective Interest Rate method.
- iii. Interest Income from Bank Deposits is recognized on accrual basis on a time proportion basis.
- iv. Income by way of Fees for Project Advisory and Execution services is recorded on accrual basis as per services rendered pursuant to the specific service agreements.
- v. Revenue from the external project services is recognized based on the Cost-plus method. A fixed mark-up percentage is added to the cost incurred towards construction and the total is recognized as revenue. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of work completion certificate obtained from the engineer/ architect.
- vi. Revenue from real estate development of constructed properties is recognized based on the "percentage of completion method". Sale consideration as per the legally enforceable Agreements to Sell entered into is recognized as revenue based on the percentage of actual project costs incurred to total estimated project cost, subject to following:
  - a. Actual cost incurred is not less than 25 percent of the total estimated project cost.
  - b. No significant uncertainty exists regarding receipt of consideration from the customers.
  - c. In case of overdue, on actual realization basis.
  - d. All significant risks and rewards are transferred to the customer.

Project cost includes cost of land, estimated cost of construction and development of such properties. The estimates of the saleable area and costs are reviewed periodically and effect of any changes in such estimates recognized in the period such changes are determined.

- vii. Revenue from hospitality services is recognized on accrual basis.
  - a. Selling price is determined on the basis of published rack rate less discount offered to customers.
  - b. Income in foreign exchange: The bills for services rendered are raised in Indian Rupees. The payment received in foreign currency against these bills, is credited and accounted for at the rate / rates prevalent on the date of receipt of payment. The gains/ losses arising out of the fluctuation in the exchange rates are accounted for on realization.
- viii. Dividend income is recognized at the time the right to receipt is established.
- ix. Other items of income are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when control of respective goods or service has been transferred to customer.
- x. The company shall recognize revenue in accordance with Ind AS 115 – “Revenue from Contracts with Customers” as and when any such revenue instance occurs.

#### **1.20 DIVIDENDS**

Dividends and Dividend Distribution Tax thereon are recognised if and only when the same are approved by the shareholders in the general meeting and consequently paid to the shareholders.

#### **1.21 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

Employee benefits are all forms of consideration given by the company in exchange for service rendered by employees. Employee benefits include: short – term employee benefits, post – employment benefits and other long – term employee benefits.

##### **Short Term Employee Benefits**

When an employee has rendered service to the company during an accounting period, the company recognises the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid and as an expense. Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

##### **Defined Benefit Plans – Gratuity & Leave Encashment**

Defined benefit plans are those plans that provide guaranteed benefits to certain categories of employees, either by way of contractual obligations or through a collective agreement. The company operates unfunded defined benefit plan. The cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each fiscal year end. The obligation recognized in

the consolidated statements of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current costs and the fair value of any plan assets, if any is deducted.

The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Accrued Benefit Method (same as Projected Unit Credit Method), which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contribution to the plan.

The change in defined benefit plan liability is split into changes arising out of service, interest cost and re-measurements and the change in defined benefit plan asset is split between interest income and re-measurements. Changes due to service cost (which is the increase of the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from the employee service in the current period) and net interest cost / income (which is the change during the period in the defined benefit liability that arises from the passage of time) is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Re-measurements of net defined benefit liability / (asset) which comprise of the below are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- Actuarial gains and losses;
- The return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset)

## **1.22 INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

Income Tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of temporary differences between tax base and book base). It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

### **1.22.1 Current Tax**

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid in respect of taxable income for the year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax comprises the tax payable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 is recognised as current tax in the statement of profit and loss. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### **1.22.2 Deferred Tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and based on management's judgement, are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

### **1.22.3 Current and Deferred Tax for the year**

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### **1.22.4 Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)**

The credit available under the Act in respect of MAT paid is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for set –off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit recognised as an asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

### **1.23 PRIOR PERIOD ITEMS**

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.

### **1.24 EARNINGS PER SHARE**

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

## **1.25 SEGMENT REPORTING**

The Company operates in two reportable business segments namely – ‘Real Estate Activities’ comprising of Advisory and Execution Services, Purchase and Sale of Properties and Construction and Development of Real Estate Projects and in ‘Hospitality’ provided through Serviced Apartments under the brand name ‘Fraser Suites’.

### **ALLOCATION OF COMMON COSTS**

Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment according to the relative contribution of each segment to the total common costs.

## **1.26 CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

Cash flow statement is prepared as per indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7 – “Statement of Cash Flows”.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Note No. 2	<b>PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT</b>		
	<b>Gross Carrying Value</b>		
	<b>Opening Balance</b>		
	a. Land	6,222.57	6,222.57
	b. Buildings	10,630.46	10,630.46
	c. Plant and Equipments	2,111.20	2,099.74
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	1,850.52	1,846.84
	e. Vehicles	90.70	90.70
	f. Others	108.08	102.36
		21,013.52	20,992.66
	<b>Additions / (Sale) during the period</b>		
	a. Land	-	-
	b. Buildings	-	-
	c. Plant and Equipments	0.46	11.46
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	(1.09)	3.68
	e. Vehicles	(13.79)	-
	f. Others	7.46	5.72
		(6.97)	20.86
	<b>Closing Balance</b>		
	a. Land	6,222.57	6,222.57
	b. Buildings	10,630.46	10,630.46
	c. Plant and Equipments	2,111.66	2,111.20
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	1,849.42	1,850.52
	e. Vehicles	76.90	90.70
	f. Others	115.54	108.08
		21,006.55	21,013.52
	<b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>		
	<b>Opening Balance</b>		
	a. Land	22.58	19.05
	b. Buildings	1,448.44	1,279.87
	c. Plant and Equipments	985.48	879.65
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	1,741.39	1,307.82
e. Vehicles	79.60	77.26	
f. Others	86.21	80.35	
	4,363.71	3,643.99	
<b>Depreciation for the period</b>			
a. Land	3.87	3.53	
b. Buildings	168.57	168.57	
c. Plant and Equipments	141.44	105.84	
d. Furniture and Fixtures	2.29	433.57	
e. Vehicles	(11.67)	2.34	
f. Others	6.97	5.86	
	311.47	719.72	
<b>Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation</b>			
a. Land	26.45	22.58	
b. Buildings	1,617.02	1,448.44	
c. Plant and Equipments	1,126.92	985.48	
d. Furniture and Fixtures	1,743.68	1,741.39	
e. Vehicles	67.93	79.60	
f. Others	93.18	86.21	
	4,675.18	4,363.71	
<b>Net Carrying Value of Property, Plant and Equipment (A)</b>			
a. Land	6,196.12	6,199.99	
b. Buildings	9,013.44	9,182.02	
c. Plant and Equipments	984.74	1,125.72	
d. Furniture and Fixtures	105.75	109.13	
e. Vehicles	8.97	11.10	
f. Others	22.36	21.87	
<b>TOTAL</b>	16,331.37	16,649.82	
<b>Out of (A) above, leasehold property, plant and equipment</b>			
a. Right of use of Land on Finance Lease	-	3.87	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 3</b>	<b>INVESTMENT PROPERTY</b>		
	<b>Gross Carrying Value</b>		
	<b>Opening Balance</b>		
	a. Flats	929.40	929.40
	<b>Additions / (Sale) during the period</b>		
	a. Flats	-	-
	<b>Closing Balance</b>		
	a. Flats	929.40	929.40
	<b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>		
	<b>Opening Balance</b>		
a. Flats	150.72	136.04	
<b>Depreciation for the period</b>			
a. Flats	14.68	14.68	
<b>Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation</b>			
a. Flats	165.41	150.72	
<b>Net Carrying Value of Investment Property</b>			
a. Flats	763.99	778.67	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 4</b>	<b>GOODWILL</b>		
	Goodwill	-	-
		-	-

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 5</b>	<b>OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS</b>		
	<b>Gross Carrying Value</b>		
	<b>Opening Balance</b>		
	a. Computer Software	73.18	71.64
	b. Licenses and Franchises	180.00	120.00
		253.18	191.64
	<b>Additions / (Sale) during the period</b>		
	a. Computer Software	(47.67)	1.53
	b. Licenses and Franchises	(120.00)	60.00
		(167.67)	61.53
	<b>Closing Balance</b>		
	a. Computer Software	25.51	73.18
	b. Licenses and Franchises	60.00	180.00
		85.51	253.18
	<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>		
	<b>Opening Balance</b>		
	a. Computer Software	66.89	64.31
	b. Licenses and Franchises	124.79	112.77
		191.69	177.08
	<b>Amortization for the period</b>		
a. Computer Software	(44.46)	2.58	
b. Licenses and Franchises	(108.01)	12.02	
	(152.47)	14.60	
<b>Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation</b>			
a. Computer Software	22.43	66.89	
b. Licenses and Franchises	16.78	124.79	
	39.21	191.69	
<b>Net Carrying Value</b>			
a. Computer Software	3.07	6.29	
b. Licenses and Franchises	43.22	55.21	
<b>TOTAL</b>			
	46.29	61.49	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 6</b>	<b>NON - CURRENT INVESTMENTS</b>		
	a. Investments in Equity Instruments		
	i. Subsidiaries		
	1. IIDL Realtors Private Limited	2,995.32	2,995.32
	ii. Associates		
	1. Jangipur Bengal Mega Foodpark Limited	654.83	850.43
		3,650.15	3,845.75
	b. Investments in Preference Shares		
	i. Subsidiaries		
	1. IIDL Realtors Private Limited	505.73	505.73
		505.73	505.73
	c. Investments in Debentures / Bonds		
	1. IFCI Limited - Bonds	7,500.00	7,500.00
2. IFCI Limited - Tax Free Bonds	1,500.15	1,500.15	
	9,000.15	9,000.15	
	13,156.03	13,351.63	
	Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments	13,156.03	13,351.63
	Market Value of Unquoted Investments	13,156.03	13,351.63
	Aggregate amount of Impairment in value of investments	195.60	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 7</b>	<b>LONG TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES</b>		
	a. Security Deposits		
	i. Secured, considered good	-	-
	i. Unsecured, considered good	578.38	527.23
	iii. Doubtful	-	-
		578.38	527.23
	b. Loans to related parties	-	-
c. Other loans	-	-	
	578.38	527.23	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 8</b>	<b>OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
	Finance Lease Receivable	-	6.34
	Bank Deposits with maturity more than 12 months	72.74	511.93
		72.74	518.27

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 9</b>	<b>INVENTORIES</b>		
	a. Raw Materials	7.60	10.65
	Out of (a) above, goods in transit	-	-
		7.60	10.65
	b. Work - in - Progress	3,026.81	3,872.67
	Out of (b) above, goods in transit	-	-
		3,026.81	3,872.67
	c. Stores and spares	8.15	9.78
	Out of (c) above, goods in transit	-	-
		8.15	9.78
	d. Others		
i. Land	4,518.27	6,654.93	
ii. Land on lease cum sale basis	1,276.85	1,276.85	
iii. Consumables	22.55	27.89	
	5,817.68	7,959.67	
	8,860.24	11,852.77	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 10</b>	<b>CURRENT TRADE RECEIVABLES</b>		
	a. Secured considered good		
	b. Unsecured considered good		
	i. Due over six months	199.65	141.67
	ii. Other Trade Receivables	156.53	172.01
		356.18	313.68
	Less: Provision for Bad / Doubtful Debts	62.57	62.57
Net Unsecured considered good	293.61	251.11	
	293.61	251.11	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 11</b>	<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		
	a. Balances with Banks	75.04	97.20
		75.04	97.20
	b. Cheques and Drafts on Hand	-	-
		-	-
	c. Cash on Hand	3.50	4.63
		3.50	4.63
	d. Others		
	i. Deposits with maturity less than 3 months	2,261.92	1,764.07
		2,261.92	1,764.07
	2,340.46	1,865.90	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 12</b>	<b>BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN (iii)</b>		
	Lien Marked Fixed Deposits	886.70	6.35
	Deposits with maturity between 3 and 12 months	7,611.57	5,887.91
		8,498.27	5,894.26

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 13</b>	<b>SHORT TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES</b>		
	a. Security Deposits	-	-
	b. Loans to related parties	-	-
	c. Other loans		
	i. Doubtful	1.00	1.00
		1.00	1.00
	Less: Provision for Bad / Doubtful Debts	1.00	1.00
Net Other Loans	-	-	
	-	-	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 14</b>	<b>OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
	a. Interest Accrued on Deposits	278.99	561.58
	b. Interest Accrued on Bonds	633.82	633.82
		912.82	1,195.41

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 15</b>	<b>CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)</b>		
	a. Advance Tax	-	-
	b. Tax Deducted at Source	497.87	420.27
	c. MAT Credit Entitlement	495.68	411.11
	Less : Provision for Tax	216.04	131.47
	777.51	699.92	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 16</b>	<b>OTHERS CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
	a. Capital Advances	-	-
		-	-
	b. Advances Other than Capital Advances		
	i. Sundry Deposits	1,047.14	1,039.04
	ii. Advances to related parties	-	-
	iii. Other Advances	515.20	514.42
	1,562.34	1,553.46	
c. Others	-	-	
	1,562.34	1,553.46	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 17</b>	<b>EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL</b>		
	<b>Authorized Share Capital</b>		
	100,00,00,000 (Previous year - 100,00,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
		1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
	<b>Issued Share Capital</b>		
	42,70,99,243 (Previous year - 42,70,99,243) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	42,709.92	42,709.92
		42,709.92	42,709.92
	<b>Subscribed Share Capital</b>		
	42,70,99,243 (Previous year - 42,70,99,243) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	42,709.92	42,709.92
		42,709.92	42,709.92
<b>Paid Up Share Capital</b>			
42,70,99,243 (Previous year - 42,70,99,243) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	42,709.92	42,709.92	
	42,709.92	42,709.92	
	42,709.92	42,709.92	
	42,709.92	42,709.92	
	<b>TOTAL</b>	42,709.92	42,709.92

**Note No. 17 (i)****Reconciliation of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the period**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March 2020	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
No. of shares at the beginning of the year	42,70,99,243	42,709.92	42,70,99,243	42,709.92
No. of shares issued during the period	-	-	-	-
No. of shares redeemed during the period	-	-	-	-
No. of shares outstanding at the end of the period	42,70,99,243	42,709.92	42,70,99,243	42,709.92

**Note No. 17 (ii)****Terms / Rights attached to shares**

The company has only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of Equity Share is entitled to 1 vote per share. The dividend proposed by Board of Directors is subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

**Note No. 17 (iii)****Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the capital**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March 2020	
	No. of Shares	% Holding	No. of Shares	% Holding
IFCI Limited	42,70,99,243	100%	42,70,99,243	100%
	42,70,99,243	100%	42,70,99,243	100%

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 18</b>	<b>OTHER EQUITY</b>		
	Share application money pending allotment	-	-
	Equity component of other Financial Instruments	-	-
	<b>Reserve and Surplus</b>		
	Capital Redemption Reserve	6,812.91	6,812.91
	Retained Earnings	950.13	1,831.36
	Other Comprehensive Income	30.80	20.03
	<b>7,793.84</b>	<b>8,664.30</b>	

**Note No. 18 (i)****Capital Redemption Reserve**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Opening Balance	6,812.91	6,812.91
Appropriations during the year	-	-
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>6,812.91</b>	<b>6,812.91</b>

**Note No. 18 (ii)****Retained Earnings**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Opening Balance	1,831.36	1,844.77
Net Profit for the period	613.62	1,310.60
<i>Items of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings</i>	-	-
Remeasurements of post - employment benefit obligations, net of taxes	10.78	4.14
Interim Dividend paid to Equity Shareholders (Rs. 0.35 per Equity Share)	-1,494.85	-1,324.01
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid	-	-0.00
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>950.13</b>	<b>1,831.36</b>

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 19</b>	<b>LONG TERM BORROWINGS</b>		
	a. Preference Shares	-	-
	b. Bonds / Debentures	-	-
		-	-

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 20</b>	<b>OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		
	a. Retention Money	-	-
	b. Finance Lease Liability	-	3.87
		-	3.87

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 21</b>	<b>LONG TERM PROVISIONS</b>		
	a. Provision for employee benefits		
	i. Gratuity	84.04	76.27
	ii. Leave Encashment	20.69	24.69
		104.72	100.96

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 22</b>	<b>DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)</b>		
	a. Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of		
	i. Due to depreciation	307.25	208.95
	ii. Others	485.16	326.51
		792.41	535.46
	Less:		
	i. Others	106.85	106.85
	106.85	106.85	
	685.56	428.61	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 23</b>	<b>OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
	a. Deferred Income	-	525.47
	b. Others	-	-
		-	525.47

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 24</b>	<b>CURRENT TRADE PAYABLES</b>		
	a. Micro and Small enterprises	8.05	-
	b. Others	310.05	292.97
		318.09	292.97

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 25</b>	<b>OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		
	Other Payables	857.11	790.67
		857.11	790.67

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 26</b>	<b>OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
	a. Advances Received	812.78	708.71
	b. Other Advances	-	-
		812.78	708.71

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 27</b>	<b>SHORT TERM PROVISIONS</b>		
	a. Provisions for employee benefits		
	i. Gratuity	12.78	13.72
	ii. Leave Encashment	3.26	3.96
	b. Others	895.98	956.77
		912.02	974.45

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 28</b>	<b>REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS</b>		
	a. Sale of Properties	3,386.14	1,960.47
	b. Sale of Services	42.64	43.19
	c. Room Rent	278.22	1,443.93
	d. Proceeds from Restaurant	83.45	309.67
	e. Revenue from external projects	-	132.36
	f. Other Operating Revenues	3.63	46.25
	3,794.09	3,935.87	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 29</b>	<b>OTHER INCOME</b>		
	a. Interest Income		
	i. Earned and Accrued on Deposits	617.58	404.00
	ii. Earned and Accrued on IFCl 9.7% RRB Bonds	727.50	727.50
	iii. Earned and Accrued on Tax Free Bonds	125.85	125.85
	iv. Others	49.05	45.09
		1,519.98	1,302.44
	b. Dividend Income	-	1,324.00
	c. Deferred Income - Land	525.47	525.47
	d. Profit on sale of Fixed Assets	0.09	-
e. Miscellaneous Income	36.26	182.32	
	561.82	2,031.79	
	2,081.80	3,334.23	

(₹ in Lakhs)			
Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 30</b>	<b>COST OF MATERIAL CONSUMED</b>		
	a. Opening Stock	11,804.45	14,466.18
	b. Purchases	48.02	77.85
		<b>11,852</b>	<b>14,544</b>
	Less: Closing Stock	8,821.94	11,804.45
	<b>3,030.54</b>	<b>2,739.58</b>	

(₹ in Lakhs)			
Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 31</b>	<b>EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES</b>		
	a. Salaries and Wages	536.99	586.62
	b. Staff Welfare	48.81	66.87
		<b>585.80</b>	<b>653.49</b>

(₹ in Lakhs)			
Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 32</b>	<b>FINANCE COST</b>		
	a. Fair Value Changes in Equity Investments	195.60	-
	b. Other Interest Costs	0.38	0.72
		<b>195.97</b>	<b>0.72</b>

(₹ in Lakhs)			
Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 33</b>	<b>DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION</b>		
	a. Depreciation on Tangible Assets		
	i. Property, Plant and Equipment	325.69	719.72
	ii. Investment Property	14.68	14.68
	b. Amortization on Intangible Assets	15.20	14.60
	<b>355.57</b>	<b>749.00</b>	

(₹ in Lakhs)			
Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 34</b>	<b>OTHER EXPENSES</b>		
	a. Repairs and Maintenance		
	i. Building	122.44	115.62
	ii. Others	19.29	75.53
		<b>141.72</b>	<b>191.15</b>
	b. Rent Paid (including Lease Rent)	153.19	154.91
	c. Rates and Taxes	101.18	75.02
	d. Travelling and Conveyances	4.69	25.16
	e. Legal And Professional Expenses	36.13	42.34
	f. Security Expenses	85.15	137.00
	g. Auditors's Remuneration	2.50	2.40
	h. Insurance Charges Paid	10.43	9.65
	i. Training & Development Expenses	0.25	0.81
	j. Telephone & Postage Expenses	9.88	12.78
	k. Laundry & Cleaning	7.96	78.39
	l. Television & Music	1.38	1.61
	m. Printing and Stationery	9.32	10.67
	n. Directors Fee	5.09	4.16
	o. Fuel & Gas	29.44	64.89
	p. Commission & Brokerage	34.08	161.73
	q. Marketing and License	17.85	106.09
	r. Advertisement and Exhibition Expenses	4.43	7.14
	s. Business Promotion / Entertainment	1.81	3.51
	t. Vehicle Running & Maintenance	0.68	1.09
	u. Electricity & Water Expenses	129.15	278.49
	v. Provision for Interest & Expenses	-	6.34
	w. Misappropriation of Cash	-	44.36
x. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure	22.25	28.94	
y. Prior Period Expenses	5.08	-	
z. Other Miscellaenous Expenses	27.96	64.58	
	<b>841.59</b>	<b>1,513.21</b>	

(₹ in Lakhs)			
Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 35</b>	<b>ITEMS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT AND LOSS</b>		
	a. Acturial Gain / (Loss)	14.93	5.74
		<b>14.93</b>	<b>5.74</b>
	Less: Tax on Above	4.15	1.60
	<b>10.78</b>	<b>4.14</b>	

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**  
**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**  
 Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET**  
 as at 31st March 2021

**Note No. 36 - EARNINGS PER SHARE**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders (in Rs.)	624.39	1,314.74
Weighted Average No. of Equity Shares	4,270.99	4,270.99
Face Value per Equity Share (in Rs.)	0.00	0.00
Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share (in Rs.)	0.15	0.31

**Note No. 37 - AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Audit Fees	1.50	1.50
Certification and Other Services	0.50	0.50
Taxation Matters	0.50	0.40
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>2.40</b>

**Note No. 38 - TAX EXPENSES**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Current Tax</b>		
a. In respect of Current Year	84.57	-
b. In respect of Previous Years	-	137.67
	84.57	137.67
<b>Deferred Tax</b>		
a. In respect of Current Year	256.95	167.42
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>341.52</b>	<b>305.09</b>

**Note No. 39 - SEGMENT REPORTING**

The Company operates in two reportable business segment namely 'Real Estate Activities' comprising Advisory and Execution Services, Purchase and Sale of Properties and Construction and Development of Real Estate Projects and in 'Hospitality' comprising of Serviced Apartments under the brand name 'Fraser Suites'. Hence the segment wise disclosure as required by Ind AS - 108 is as under:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Division		Consolidated Total
	Real Estate	Hospitality	
<b>SEGMENT REVENUE</b>			
<b>Sales</b>			-
Domestic	3,428.78	365.30	3,794.09
Export	-	-	-
Inter Segment Sales	-	-	-
<b>Other Income</b>	2,087.43	(5.62)	2,081.80
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>5,516.21</b>	<b>359.68</b>	<b>5,875.89</b>
<b>SEGMENT EXPENSES</b>			
Operating Expenses	3,644.14	813.79	4,457.93
Depreciation & Amortization Allocated	34.33	321.24	355.57
<b>Operating Profit</b>	<b>1,837.74</b>	<b>(775.35)</b>	<b>1,062.38</b>
Interest Cost Allocated	195.97	-	195.97
<b>Profit Before Tax</b>	<b>1,641.76</b>	<b>(775.35)</b>	<b>866.41</b>
<b>OTHER INFORMATION</b>			
Segmental Assets	37,611.86	16,582.20	54,194.06
Segmental Liabilities	37,611.86	16,582.20	54,194.06

**Note No. 40 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES****i. Name of the related parties and description of relationship -****A. Enterprises having significant influence over the company**

IFCI Limited - Holding Company

IIDL Realtors Private Limited - Wholly owned Subsidiary Company

Jangipur Bengal Mega Foodpark Limited - Associate Company

IFCI Social Foundation - Trust controlled by Parent Company

**B. Key Managerial Personnel (Directors during the FY 2020 - 21 and FY 2019 - 20)**

Mr. Biswajit Banerjee (Managing Director w.e.f. 01.01.2019 upto 31.03.2020)

Mr. Atul Saxena (Managing Director w.e.f. 01.04.2020)

Dr. Sumita Rai (Director w.e.f. 14.05.2018)

Dr. Rajeev Uberoi (Director w.e.f. 25.08.2018)

Mr. Venugopal K. Nair (Director w.e.f. 25.08.2018)

Mr. Prasoon (Nominee Director)

Dr. Emami Sankara Rao (Nominee Director upto 17.08.2020)

Mr. Sunil Kumar Bansal (Nominee Director upto 24.09.2020)

Mr. Ajeet Kumar Burnwal (CFO)

Ms. Tannu Sharma (CS)

ii. Details of transactions with enterprises having significant influence over the company (FY 2020 - 21)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	Holding Company (IFCI Limited)	Subsidiary Company (IIDL Realtors Private Limited)	Trust under Parent (IFCI Social Foundation)	Total
<b>FINANCE</b>				
Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders	1,494.85	-	-	1,494.85
Interim Dividend Received on Equity Investments	-	-	-	-
<b>INCOME</b>				
Interest earned and accrued on investment in IFCI's Bonds	727.50	-	-	727.50
Interest earned and accrued on Investment in Tax Free Bonds	125.85	-	-	125.85
Rental Income	12.31	9.68	-	21.99
Electricity & Water etc. (Reimbursements)	0.43	-	-	0.43
Remuneration (including benefits ) for staff on deputation	2.69	9.47	1.23	13.39
<b>EXPENSES</b>				
Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on deputation	65.05	-	-	65.05
Rent of Premises (exclusive of GST)	149.99	-	-	149.99
<b>LIABILITIES</b>				
Bonds issued by IFCI	-	-	-	-
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Total Amounts Outstanding	124.01	-	0.85	124.85
IFCI's Bonds	7,500.00	-	-	7,500.00
IFCI's Tax Free Bonds	1,500.15	-	-	1,500.15
<b>OTHER TRANSACTIONS</b>				
Payments made for taxes	-	5.75	-	5.75
Reimbursements Received	-	5.75	-	5.75

ii. Details of transactions with enterprises having significant influence over the company (FY 2019 - 20)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	Holding Company (IFCI Limited)	Subsidiary Company (IIDL Realtors Private Limited)	Trust under Parent (IFCI Social Foundation)	Total
<b>FINANCE</b>				
Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders	1,324.01	-	-	1,324.01
Interim Dividend Received on Equity Investments	-	1,324.00	-	1,324.00
<b>INCOMES</b>				
Interest earned and accrued on investment in IFCI's Bonds	727.50	-	-	727.50
Interest earned and accrued on Investment in Tax Free Bonds	125.85	-	-	125.85
Rental Income	18.83	7.80	-	26.63
Electricity & Water etc. (Reimbursements)	1.06	-	-	1.06
Remuneration (including benefits ) for staff on deputation	-	8.55	-	8.55
<b>EXPENSES</b>				
Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on deputation	34.23	-	-	34.23
Rent of Premises (exclusive of GST)	149.99	-	-	149.99
<b>LIABILITIES</b>				
Bonds issued by IFCI	-	-	-	-
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Total Amounts Outstanding	5.91	-	-	5.91
IFCI's Bonds	7,500.00	-	-	7,500.00
IFCI's Tax Free Bonds	1,500.15	-	-	1,500.15
<b>OTHER TRANSACTIONS</b>				
Payments made for taxes	-	171.30	-	171.30
Reimbursements Received	-	171.30	-	171.30

**iii. Details of transactions with KMPs during the year**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>i. Whole Time Directors / CFO / Company Secretary</b>		
a. Short term employee benefits	30.31	23.40
b. Other long term employee benefits	-	0.98
c. Post employment benefits	-	0.43
d. Others (specify)	-	-
	30.31	24.82
<b>ii. Independent / Nominee Directors</b>		
a. Sitting Fees	5.09	4.16
b. Others (specify)	-	-
	5.09	4.16
	35.40	28.98

**Note No. 41 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

**i. Interest Rate Risk Management**

The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk because company has borrowed funds at fixed interest rates.

**ii. Break up of Financial Instruments carried at fair value through Profit and Loss**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
Loans	578.38	527.23
Other Financial Assets	912.82	1,201.75
	-	-
<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		
Other Financial Liabilities	-	3.87
	1,491.19	1,732.85

**iii. Break up of Financial Instruments carried at amortised costs**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
Investments	13,156.03	13,351.63
Trade Receivables	293.61	251.11
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,340.46	1,865.90
Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,571.01	6,406.19
<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		
Trade Payables	318.09	292.97
Other Financial Liabilities	857.11	790.67
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>25,536.31</b>	<b>22,958.48</b>

**Note No. 42 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

**Note No. 42 (i) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
(A) Claims against Company not acknowledged as Debts	-	-
(B) Bank Guarantees provided	481.25	481.25
(C) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed		
(i) On Capital / Revenue Account (net of advances) and not provided for	-	-
(D) Export obligations under EPCG Licenses	-	-
(E) The Company has Contingent Liability towards Income Tax is as under -	-	-

**Note No. 42 (ii) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES TOWARDS INCOME TAX**

Assessment Year	Amount (Rs. in Lacs)
2009 - 10	9.36
2012 - 13	63.02
2013 - 14	49.07
2014 - 15	98.73
2015 - 16	79.85
2016 - 17	24.16
2018 - 19	73.53

**Note No. 42 (iii)**

Loans and Advances include following sums recoverable from Companies under the same management, within the meaning of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013:

**A. Name of Company: IFCI Limited - The Holding Company**

- Interest accrued, but not due (on bond): Rs. 633.82 Lacs (Previous Year - Rs. 633.82 Lacs)
- Rent Receivable: Rs. 0.03 Lacs (Previous Year - Rs. 0.10 Lacs)
- Maximum sum due at any time during the year: Rs. 124 Lacs (Previous Year - Rs.3.15 Lacs)
- Investment in Unsecured Bonds: Rs. 7500.00 Lacs (Previous Year - Rs. 7500.00 Lacs)
- Investment in Unsecured Tax Free Bonds: Rs. 1500.15 Lacs (Previous Year - Rs. 1500.15 Lacs)

**B. Name of Company: IIDL Realtors Private Limited - Wholly owned Subsidiary Company****Note No. 42 (iv)**

Inventory includes one property against which the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner - II has ordered for the recovery of those defaulted by the earlier company, i.e. Haryana Sheet Glass Limited (HSGL). A Writ Petition has been filed by the company before High Court of Punjab and Haryana at Chandigarh against the said order. The Court was of prima facie opinion that proper procedures has not been followed in assessing the liability. Accordingly, the impugned order has been quashed giving liberty to PF department to decide afresh after following due procedure.

**Note No. 42 (v)**

The Company has received a notice from AIG Stamp Ghaziabad, for short payment of stamp duty amounting to Rs. 150.02/- Lakhs. The Honable high court has granted stay in favour of the company & the case is pending for the final judgement.

**Note No. 42 (vi)**

An award dated 25.01.2018 was passed by the Arbitral Tribunal in the arbitration proceedings between M/s Subir Engineering Work(s) Pvt Ltd. vs. IIDL directing IIDL to pay claimant Rs.768.00 lakhs with interest @ 6% from 27.10.2016 against the total claim of Rs.2118 lakhs claimed by the Claimant. (The Award includes VAT amount of Rs.309.00 lakhs and security deposit of Rs.272.00 lakhs). IIDL has filed a petition u/s 34 of The Arbitration and Conciliation Act 1996 before Hon'ble Delhi High Court against this award. Further, an amount of Rs. 400.00 lakhs has been deposited in the court as per the direction of Honable High Court.

**Note No. 42 (vii)**

The Company is contesting several matters pertaining to its project 21st Milestone Residency at Ghaziabad before Real Estate Regulatory Authority/Real Estate Appellate Tribunal. In two of the matter i.e. Vinay Kumar Balyan and Rajesh Kumar Singh, an attachment order was passed by the RERA authority against which the company has filed an appeal before REAT. Further, the company has filed appeal before REAT wherein as per the direction of the tribunal the company was required to deposit an amount of Rs. 91.64 Lakhs and the same was deposited.

**Note No. 42 (viii)**

A Statement of Claim has been filed by M/s SBTL, the contractor of the project 21st Milestone Residency, Ghaziabad claiming an amount of Rs. 23.62 Crores. before the Hon'ble Arbitrator Justice T S Thakur. IIDL has filed its statement of defence and counter claim in the matter and for contesting the matter before the Arbitrator M/s R P Agrawal & Associates has been engaged by IIDL. The matter is pending before the Arbitrator.

**Note No. 43 - Disclosure as per IndAS - 11 Construction Contracts**

(i) IIDL has constructed a campus for MDI Gurgaon at Jangipur, District - Murshidabad, West Bengal. The financials relating to the contract are as under:

PARTICULARS	Amount (Rs. in Lacs)
<b>Contract</b>	
Contract revenue recognized during the year	-
Contract expenses recognized during the year	-
<b>Recognized Profits</b>	-
Total Contract Costs (approx.)	-
Amount recoverable from MDI	72.44

-Cost-plus Contract Method has been used to determine the Contract revenue recognized in the period.  
 -The stage of completion has been determined on the basis of Work Completion Certificate obtained from engineer /

**NOTE NO. 44 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION PURSUANT TO THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Quantitative Information in respect of Inventories				
Description	Purchases		Sales	
	CURRENT YEAR			
	Units (Locations)	Amount	Units (Locations)	Amount
Land & Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	2982.52
Machinery & Equipment	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Additional Cost incurred on Existing Properties	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Raw Material Consumables and Stores	0.00	96.35	0.00	106.37
	PREVIOUS YEAR			
Land & Building	0.00	0.00	0.00	2524.88
Machinery & Equipment	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Additional Cost incurred on Existing Properties	0.00	-136.84	0.00	0.00
Raw Material Consumables and Stores	0.00	485.02	0.00	480.56
	Opening Stock		Closing Stock	
	CURRENT YEAR			
	Units (Locations)	Amount	Units (Locations)	Amount
Land & Building	0.00	7931.78	0.00	5795.13
Machinery & Equipment	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Work-in-Progresss	0.00	3872.67	0.00	3026.81
Consumables and Stores	0.00	48.32	0.00	38.30
	PREVIOUS YEAR			
Land & Building	0.00	9583.06	0.00	7931.78
Machinery & Equipment	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Work-in-Progresss	0.00	4883.11	0.00	3872.67
Consumables and Stores	0.00	43.86	0.00	48.32

**Note:**

1. Land and Buildings include units of different areas having varied description for its types / stage of construction / development, for which it is not practical to make it individually descriptive for quantitative disclosure.
2. Consumables & Stores include various F&B, House Keeping, Diesel and Engineering related stores for which it is not practical to make it individually descriptive for quantitative disclosure.

**Note No. 45 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS****Note No. 45 (i) - Defined benefit plans**

**Brief Description:** A general description of the type of Employee Benefits Plans is as follows:

**1. Earned Leave (EL) Benefit**

Salary - Last drawn qualifying salary

Accrual - 33 days per year

Maximum Accumulation - 300 days

Encashment while in service - 100% of earned leave balance, subject to maximum 90 days per year

Encashment on retirement - Maximum upto 300 days or actual accumulation, whichever is less, subject to 30 days balance in the account of the employee

**2. Gratuity**

Salary - Last drawn qualifying salary

Accrual - 15 days salary for each completed year of service

Vesting Period - 5 years of service

Limit - Maximum of INR 20,00,000

**Note No. 45 (ii) - The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows - Assumptions as at March 31, 2021**

S. No.	Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	<b>IIDL - Corporate office</b>		
	<b>Gratuity</b>		
1.	Discount rate	6.80%	6.54%
2.	Expected return on plan assets	NA	NA
3.	Annual increase in costs	NA	NA
4.	Annual increase in salary	10.00%	10.00%
	<b>Leave Encashment</b>		
5.	Discount rate	6.80%	6.54%
6.	Expected return on plan assets	NA	NA
7.	Annual increase in costs	NA	NA
8.	Annual increase in salary	10.00%	10.00%
	<b>Frasers Suites - A unit of IIDL</b>		
	<b>Gratuity</b>		
1.	Discount rate	6.00%	6.25%
2.	Expected return on plan assets	NA	NA
3.	Annual increase in costs	NA	NA
4.	Annual increase in salary	10.00%	10.00%
	<b>Leave Encashment</b>		
5.	Discount rate	6.00%	6.25%
6.	Expected return on plan assets	NA	NA
7.	Annual increase in costs	NA	NA
8.	Annual increase in salary	10.00%	10.00%

□

**Note No. 45 (iii)** - The discount rate is based upon the market yield available on Government bonds at the Accounting date with a term that matches. The salary growth takes account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factor on long term basis. Expected rate of return on plan assets is based on market expectation, at the beginning of the year, for return over the entire life of the related obligation.

**Note No. 46 - Disclosure u/s 22 of MSMED Act, 2006**

i. The company has requested information from all its vendors regarding their status of registration in accordance with the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("The Act"). Out of the same, vendors who did not send any confirmation have been taken to be non MSME vendors. Disclosure required under Section 22 of the MSMED Act, 2006

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	8.05	-
Interest due to suppliers registered under the Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	-	-
Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest paid other than under Section 16 of the Act to suppliers registered under the Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest paid under Section 16 of the Act to suppliers registered under the Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, 2006 for payments already made	-	-
Further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years	-	-

**Note No. 47 - IMPAIRMENT LOSSES**

As certified by the management of the company, non financial assets of the company have not been impaired during the year and there is no indication of a potential impairment loss, therefore the need to make an estimation of recoverable amount does not arise.

**Note No. 48 - INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Ind AS 40)****(i) Amount recognized in Statement of Profit & Loss for Investment Properties**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Rental Income	12.31	18.83
Maintenance & Other Reimbursements received	0.42	1.06
Direct operating expenses from property generating Rental Income (including Repair & Maintenance)	-	(1.59)
<b>Profit from Investment Property before depreciation</b>	<b>12.73</b>	<b>18.30</b>
Depreciation	(14.68)	(14.68)
<b>Profit from Investment Properties</b>	<b>(1.95)</b>	<b>3.62</b>

**(ii) Leasing Arrangements**

Flat at Vasant Vihar classified as Investment Property is leased to IFCI Limited under 11 month rolling lease with rentals payable monthly. The company reclassified Rs. 9.30 Crores from Property, Plant & Equipment as Investment Property on the date of transition to Ind AS.

**(iii) Fair Value**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Flat at Vasant Vihar, Delhi	845.00	845.00

**(iv) Measurement of fair values****(iv.i) Fair Value Hierarchy**

The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. The fair value measurement for all of the investment property has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used.

**(iv.ii) Valuation Technique**

The Company follows direct sale comparison technique. The valuation model considers the value of the subject property by comparing recent sales / listing of similar interest in the properties located in the surrounding area. By analysing sales which qualify as 'arms-length' transactions, between willing buyers and sellers, adjustments would be made for size, location, time, amenities and other relevant factors when comparing such sales price against the subject property. This approach is commonly used to value standard properties when realisable sales evidence is available.

**Note No. 49 - ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE UNDER PARA 53 OF IndAS 116 - LEASES****i. Additional disclosures required under Para 53 of Ind AS 116 are as under -**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset	3.87	3.53
Interest expense on lease liabilities	0.38	0.72
Income from subleasing right-of-use assets	0.61	1.18
Total cash outflow for leases	4.25	4.25
Additions to right-of-use assets	-	-
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets at the end of reporting period	-	3.87

ii. Right of use assets accounted is for land received from Karnataka Industrial Development Board measuring a total of 50 acres, out of which, 38.63 acres has been further leased out on lease cum sale basis to various financial institutions. Further, an area of 7.37 acres has been reserved as area for common facilities development. The company still holds land measuring 4 acres as inventories on lease cum sale basis.

**Note No. 50**

The company has decided to amend its accounting policy as allowed by Ind AS 27 to value equity investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures at fair market value obtained by a third party valuer in line with approach allowed under Ind AS 113 - Fair Value Measurement. Such accounting policy has been implemented uniformly across entire class of investments. This has resulted in impairment expenses of fair value adjustments of investments held in Jangipur Bengal Mega Foodpark Limited from INR 10 per share to INR 7.70 per share reflected in Finance Cost in the

**Note No. 51 - DUES TO SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIAL UNDERTAKINGS**

There are no dues payable to Small Scale Industrial Undertakings as defined under Industries (Development & Regulation) Act, 1951 as at the period end.

**Note No. 52 - DEFERRED TAX ASSETS / (LIABILITIES)**

(₹ in Lakhs)	
Particulars	Amount
<b>Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)</b>	
Opening Balance	(428.61)
Net Additions	(256.95)
Net Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)	(685.56)

**Note No. 53 - CONFIRMATIONS**

Balances of Trade Receivables and Trade Payables are confirmed by majority of parties.

**Note No. 54 - CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY EXPENDITURE u/s 135 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013**

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Gross Amount required to be spent by the company	22.25	28.94
Amount spent by the company during the year on -		
a. Construction / acquisition of assets	-	-
b. On other purposes - Transferred to IFCI Social Foundation*	22.25	28.94

\*Contribution made to IFCI Social Foundation falls under the definition of contribution to a related party (trust controlled by the parent company) in relation to CSR Expenditure as per Ind AS 24.

**Note No. 55 - CHANGE IN USEFUL LIFE OF FIXED ASSETS**

As per CAG recommendation, it is to be disclosed that during the Financial Year 2019-20, useful life of Furniture & Fixture at Fraser's Suites (Hospitality Division) has been changed from 10 years to 8 years resulting in depreciation rate impacting the profit of the company by around Rs. 3.22 Crores.

**Note No. 56 - IMPACT OF COVID - 19**

In the opinion of the management, the current circumstances arising out of COVID-19 are not expected to have any material financial impact on the entity and that no material uncertainties related to going concern exist for the entity.

**Note No. 57**

Previous period figures have been regrouped / rearranged / reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable to the current year's presentation.

**Note No. 58**

The notes referred to above from an integral part of the Financial Statement.

**Note No. 59 - APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements of the company for the year ended March 31, 2021 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 18th June, 2021.

As per our report of even date attached

For RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP  
 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS  
 FRN 009073N/N500320

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

sd/-  
 CA BS Rawat  
 PARTNER  
 M. No. 034159  
 UDIN - 21034159AAAACB8131

sd/-  
 (ATUL SAXENA)  
 DIN : 02698585  
 MANAGING DIRECTOR

sd/-  
 (PRASOON)  
 DIN : 03599426  
 DIRECTOR

Date : 18.06.2021  
 Place : New Delhi

sd/-  
 (A.K. BURNWAL)  
 M. No. 503715  
 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

sd/-  
 (TANNU SHARMA)  
 M. No. 029676  
 COMPANY SECRETARY

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**To the Members of  
M/s IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited**

### **Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of **M/s IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited** (“the Holding Company”), and **M/s IIDL Realtors Private Limited (herein referred to as “100% Subsidiary)** which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021, the statement of Profit and Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes for the year ended on that date (herein after referred to as “consolidated Ind AS financial statements”).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021, and profit/loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **Responsibilities of Management and those charged with the Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows change in equity of the company of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant Rules thereunder.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

## **Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Branch or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## Other Matter

We did not audit the Financial Statements of Subsidiary namely M/s. IIDL Realtors Private Limited, whose Financial Statements as per Ind AS reflect total assets of Rs. 12,70,84,188/- as at 31<sup>st</sup> March'2021 and the total revenue of Rs. 19,20,434/- net Cash Flows amounting to Rs. (67,46,943/-) for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements. These Financial Statements have been audited by the other auditor whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of Subsidiary, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) and (11) of section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid Subsidiary is based solely on the report of other auditor.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act'2013, we enclose herewith, as per **Annexure-A** and **Annexure-B** our report for the company on the Directions and Sub-directions respectively, issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India.
  
2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant Rules thereunder;
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "**Annexure-C**"; and

(g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigation on its financial position as referred to in Note-42 to the financial statements.

ii. The Company is not required to make any provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts;

iii. The Company is not required to transfer any amount to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.

For **RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 009073N/N500320

-Sd-

B.S. Rawat

Partner

Membership Number: 034159

UDIN: 21034159AAAACC1555

Place: New Delhi

Date: 18-06-2021

## **Annexure - A to the Independent Auditors' Report**

### **Report in terms of Directions issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act'2013 for the financial year 2020-21**

1. Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.

**Yes, Company is using tally software for accounting purpose in Head Office, while Frasers Suites Mayur Vihar New Delhi (Unit of IIDL) is using SAGE 300 ERP software for accounting purpose. Frasers Suites has also been using HIS software and IDS software for their billing purposes.**

**All financial transactions, except demand letters issued to buyers and rental invoices issued to tenants, are recorded in tally Accounting Software. Demand letters issued to buyers and rental invoices issued to tenants are usually sent through MS-Office.**

**The remarks of the Auditor of the Subsidiary Company are as under:**

***During the year, the Company has followed the system of processing its accounting transactions through the Accounting Software 'Tally ERP'. All the vouchers are approved manually and the same are posted in the books of account maintained in the Tally Software only. However, it has been observed that there is a possibility of posting of entries in back date within the quarter of the financial year. Accordingly, there are No Control Checks in place in Tally Software to prohibit such back dated entries, which may have financial implications.***

2. Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of Lender Company).

**During the year, there is no instance of any restructuring of any existing loan or cases of waiver/write-off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the Company.**

3. Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/receivable for specific schemes from Central /State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/ utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation.

**We have been informed that the Company has neither received nor any such funds are receivable by the Company for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies for the financial year 2020-21.**

For **RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 009073N/N500320

-Sd-

B.S. Rawat

Partner

Membership number: 034159

UDIN: 21034159AAAACC1555

Place: New Delhi

Date: 18-06-2021

## **Annexure - B to the Independent Auditors' Report**

### **Report in terms of Sub-directions issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act'2013 for the financial year 2020-21**

#### **1. Investments:**

Whether the titles of ownership in respect of CGS/ SGS/ Bonds/ Debentures etc. are available in physical/demat form and these, in aggregate, agree with the respective amounts shown in the Company's books of accounts? If not, details may be stated.

**The company had invested Rs. 90.00 Crores in Bonds issued by IFCI Limited. The possession of these bonds are in demat form and the same has been shown in the Company's books of accounts under the head of investment in asset side of the balance sheet.**

#### **2. Loans:**

In respect of provisioning requirement of all restructured, rescheduled, renegotiated loan-whether a system of periodical assessment of realizable value of securities available against all such loans is in place and adequate provision has been created during the year? Deficiencies in this regard, if any, may be suitably commented upon along with financial impact.

**The Company has neither granted any Loans during the year nor does the Company have any such outstanding Loans as on 31-03-2021.**

For **RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 009073N/N500320

-Sd-

B.S. Rawat

Partner

Membership number: 034159

UDIN: 21034159AAAACC1555

Place: New Delhi

Date: 18-06-2021

## **Annexure - C to the Independent Auditors' Report**

### **Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **M/s IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited** ("the Company") as of 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### **Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our audit, the following material weakness have been identified by the Auditor of the Subsidiary Company as at 31st March'2021:

*During the year, the Company has followed the system of processing its accounting transactions through the Accounting Software 'Tally ERP'. All the vouchers are approved manually and the same are posted in the books of account maintained in the Tally Software only. However, it has been observed that there is a possibility of posting of entries in back date within the quarter of the financial year. Accordingly, the Company did not have an appropriate Internal Control System in place in Tally Software to prohibit such back dated entries, which may have financial implications.*

*A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.*

In our opinion, except for the effects/possible effects of the material weaknesses described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Company has maintained, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 009073N/N500320

-Sd-

B.S. Rawat

Partner

Membership number: 034159

UDIN: 21034159AAAACC1555

Place: New Delhi

Date: 18-06-2021

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**

**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**

Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET  
as at 31st March 2021**

( ₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>1. Non - Current Assets</b>			
a. Property, Plant and Equipment	2	16,336.22	16,657.27
b. Investment property	3	1,563.25	1,591.43
c. Goodwill	4	2,817.94	2,817.94
d. Other Intangible Assets	5	46.29	61.49
e. Financial Assets		-	-
i. Investments	6	9,654.98	9,850.58
ii. Loans	7	-	-
iii. Others	8	75.39	520.92
		30,494.07	31,499.62
<b>2. Current Assets</b>			
a. Inventories	9	8,860.24	11,852.77
b. Financial Assets		-	-
i. Trade Receivables	10	293.61	251.11
ii. Cash and cash equivalents	11	2,682.86	2,275.78
iii. Bank Balance other than (ii) above	12	8,550.26	5,963.76
iv. Loans	13	-	-
v. Others	14	924.06	1,220.06
c. Current Tax Assets (Net)	15	822.31	743.27
d. Other Current Assets	16	1,575.99	1,562.18
		23,709.34	23,868.94
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>54,203.41</b>	<b>55,368.55</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>1. Equity</b>			
a. Equity Share Capital	17	42,709.92	42,709.92
b. Other Equity	18	7,791.54	8,763.65
		50,501.46	51,473.58
<b>2. Non - Current Liabilities</b>			
a. Financial Liabilities			
i. Borrowings	19	-	-
ii. Other Financial Liabilities	20	-	3.87
b. Provisions	21	104.72	100.96
c. Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	22	685.56	428.61
d. Other Non - Current Liabilities	23	-	525.47
		790.28	1,058.92
<b>3. Current liabilities</b>			
a. Financial Liabilities			
i. Trade Payables	24	318.13	293.06
ii. Other Financial Liabilities	25	866.91	858.42
b. Other Current Liabilities	26	813.07	709.20
c. Provisions	27	913.56	975.38
		2,911.66	2,836.05
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<b>54,203.41</b>	<b>55,368.55</b>

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 58

As per our report of even date attached

For RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP  
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS  
FRN 009073N/N500320

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

sd/-  
CA BS Rawat  
PARTNER  
M. No. 034159  
UDIN - 21034159AAAACC1555

sd/-  
(ATUL SAXENA)  
DIN : 02698585  
MANAGING DIRECTOR

sd/-  
(PRASOON)  
DIN : 03599426  
DIRECTOR

Date : 18/06/21  
Place : New Delhi

sd/-  
(A.K. BURNWAL)  
M. No. 503715  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

sd/-  
(TANNU SHARMA)  
M. No. A -29676  
COMPANY SECRETARY

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**

**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**

Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS  
for the year ended 31st March 2021**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>CONTINUING OPERATIONS</b>			
<b>Income</b>			
Revenue from Operations	28	3,794.09	5,461.08
Other Income	29	2,032.27	2,031.36
<b>Total Income (A)</b>		<b>5,826.36</b>	<b>7,492.44</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Cost of Material Consumed	30	3,030.54	3,734.76
Employee benefit expenses	31	585.80	653.49
Finance Costs	32	198.06	7.14
Depreciation and Amortization expenses	33	371.66	765.09
Other Expenses	34	875.55	1,560.06
<b>Total Expenses (B)</b>		<b>5,061.61</b>	<b>6,720.55</b>
<b>Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax (A - B)</b>		<b>764.75</b>	<b>771.89</b>
Exceptional Items		-	-
<b>Profit / (Loss) before tax</b>		<b>764.75</b>	<b>771.89</b>
<b>Tax Expense</b>			
1. Current Tax	38	84.57	126.58
2. Deferred Tax		252.79	165.83
3. MAT Credit Entitlement	38	(84.57)	-
4. Income Tax for Earlier Years	38	-	138.07
<b>Profit / (Loss) for the period from continuing operations, net of tax</b>		<b>511.96</b>	<b>341.41</b>
<b>DISCONTINUING OPERATIONS</b>			
<b>Profit / (Loss) from discontinuing operations (after tax)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD (C)</b>		<b>511.96</b>	<b>341.41</b>
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>			
A. i. Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	35		
a. Actuarial Gain / Loss		14.93	5.74
ii. Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		4.15	1.60
<b>Other Comprehensive Income, net of tax (D)</b>		<b>10.78</b>	<b>4.14</b>
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD (C + D)</b>		<b>522.73</b>	<b>345.55</b>
<b>Earning per equity share (for continuing and discontinuing operation)</b>			
1. Basic	36	0.12	0.08
2. Diluted		0.12	0.08

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 58

As per our report of even date attached  
For RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP  
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS  
FRN 009073N/N500320

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

sd/-  
CA BS Rawat  
PARTNER  
M. No. 034159

UDIN - 21034159AAAACC1555

Date : 18/06/21  
Place : New Delhi

sd/-  
(ATUL SAXENA)  
DIN : 02698585  
MANAGING DIRECTOR

sd/-  
(A.K. BURNWAL)  
M. No. 503715  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

sd/-  
(PRASOON)  
DIN : 03599426  
DIRECTOR

sd/-  
(TANNU SHARMA)  
M. No. A -29676  
COMPANY SECRETARY

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**  
**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**

Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**for the year ended 31st March 2021**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Total Comprehensive Income before Income Tax from Continuing Operations	779.68	777.63
Discontinuing Operations	-	-
<b>Profit before Income Tax including discontinued operations</b>	<b>779.68</b>	<b>777.63</b>
Adjustments For :		
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	371.66	765.09
Other Comprehensive Income	(14.93)	(5.74)
Interest Income classified as Investing Cash Flows	(1,490.13)	(1,334.20)
Income from Investment Property classified as Investing Cash Flows	0.63	(149.83)
Non - Cash Finance Costs	198.06	7.14
Non - Cash Deferred Income	(525.47)	(525.47)
Profit on Sale of Fixed Assets	(0.09)	-
<b>Operating Profit before working capital changes</b>	<b>(680.58)</b>	<b>(465.38)</b>
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from purchase of controlled entities and sale of subsidiaries :		
Decrease / (Increase) : Financial Assets	253.50	(68.91)
Decrease / (Increase) : Inventories	2,992.53	3,652.05
Decrease / (Increase) : Current Tax Assets	(79.04)	48.26
Decrease / (Increase) : Other Current Assets	(13.81)	(79.36)
Increase / (Decrease) : Financial Liabilities	33.57	(52.83)
Increase / (Decrease) : Provisions	(43.13)	(8.98)
Increase / (Decrease) : Other Current Liabilities	103.87	(90.08)
<b>Cash Generated from Operations</b>	<b>2,566.91</b>	<b>2,934.78</b>
Income Taxes Paid	-	(264.65)
<b>Net Cash inflow / (outflow) from Operating Activities (A)</b>	<b>2,566.91</b>	<b>2,670.12</b>
<b>CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Interest Income from Deposits & Bonds	1,490.13	1,334.20
Bank deposits with maturity over 3 months but less than 12 months	(2,586.50)	(4,425.91)
Bank deposits with maturity over 12 months	439.19	392.14
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	(8.31)	(20.86)
Purchase of Intangible Assets	-	(61.53)
Rental Income from Investment Property	(0.63)	149.83
Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	1.16	-
<b>Net Cash inflow / (outflow) from Investing Activities (B)</b>	<b>(664.97)</b>	<b>(2,632.13)</b>
<b>CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Interim Dividend Paid	(1,494.85)	(1,324.01)
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid	-	(231.33)
<b>Net Cash inflow / (outflow) from Financing Activities (C)</b>	<b>(1,494.85)</b>	<b>(1,555.34)</b>
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	407.09	(1,517.35)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the year	2,275.78	3,793.12
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year (D)</b>	<b>2,682.86</b>	<b>2,275.78</b>
<b>Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year</b>		
Cash on Hand	3.50	4.63
Cheques / Drafts on Hand	-	-
Balances in Current / Savings Accounts with Banks	88.64	110.25
Balances in Deposit Accounts with maturity less than 3 months	2,590.72	2,160.90
<b>Total Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>2,682.86</b>	<b>2,275.78</b>
<b>Out of (D), significant cash and cash equivalent balances held by the Non Cash Financing and Investing Activities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
	327.41	518.34

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 58

As per our report of even date attached  
For RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP  
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS  
FRN 009073N/N500320

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

sd/-  
CA BS Rawat  
PARTNER  
M. No. 034159

sd/-  
(ATUL SAXENA)  
DIN : 02698585  
MANAGING DIRECTOR

sd/-  
(PRASOON)  
DIN : 03599426  
DIRECTOR

UDIN - 21034159AAAACC1555

sd/-  
(A.K. BURNWAL)  
M. No. 503715  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

sd/-  
(TANNU SHARMA)  
M. No. A -29676  
COMPANY SECRETARY

Date : 18/06/21  
Place : New Delhi

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**

**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**

Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
for the year ended 31st March 2021**

**A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Share Capital issued during the year	Share Capital redeemed during the year	Balance at the end of the reporting period
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	42,709.92	-	-	42,709.92
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	42,709.92	-	-	42,709.92

**B. OTHER EQUITY**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus		Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		Total
	Capital Redemption Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	Others	
<b>Balance as at 1st April 2019</b>	6,812.91	3,144.64	15.89	-	9,973.44
Profit for the period	-	341.41	-	-	341.41
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of tax)	-	-	4.14	-	4.14
Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders	-	(1,324.01)	-	-	(1,324.01)
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid	-	(231.33)	-	-	(231.33)
<b>Balance at 31st March, 2020</b>	6,812.91	1,930.72	20.03	-	8,763.65
Profit for the period	-	511.96	-	-	511.96
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of tax)	-	-	10.78	-	10.78
Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders	-	(1,494.85)	-	-	(1,494.85)
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance at 31st March, 2021</b>	6,812.91	947.83	30.80	-	7,791.54

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 58

As per our report of even date attached

For RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP  
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS  
FRN 009073N/N500320

sd/-  
CA BS Rawat  
PARTNER  
M. No. 034159

UDIN - 21034159AAAACC1555

Date : 18/06/21  
Place : New Delhi

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

sd/-  
(ATUL SAXENA)  
DIN : 02698585  
MANAGING DIRECTOR

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**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**

**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**

Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET  
as at 31st March 2021**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**GROUP INFORMATION**

IFCI Infrastructure Development Limited (“the Company”) is a company registered under the Companies Act, 2013 which was incorporated on October 10, 2007. The Company has been primarily engaged in the activities relating to Real Estate Project Advisory and Execution, promotion, construction and development of Commercial and Residential Complexes and Serviced Apartments of its own as well as under joint participatory agreements with others. The hospitality project of the company under the brand name ‘Fraser Suites’, Service Apartments located at Mayur Vihar has commenced its commercial operations from 1st of October, 2011.

**1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 have been prepared by the Company in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (“Ind AS”) prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time, in this regard.

Further, the consolidated financial statements comply in all material aspects with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act).

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements.

**1.1.1 PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION AND EQUITY ACCOUNTING**

- a. The financial statements of the company and its subsidiaries have been consolidated, in terms of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS – 110) – ‘Consolidated Financial Statements’.

- b. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the consolidation are drawn upto the same reporting date as that of the parent company – IFCI Infrastructure Development Ltd. i.e. year ended March 31, 2021.
- c. **Subsidiaries** are all entities over which the group has control. The group controls an entity when the group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The group combines the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively.

- d. **Associates** are all entities over which the group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting after initially being recognised at cost.
- e. Interests in **Joint Ventures** are accounted for using the equity method (see (f) below), after initially being recognised at cost in the consolidated balance sheet.
- f. **Equity Method**  
Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit and loss, and the group's share of other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates and joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.
- g. The subsidiary company considered in the financial statements is **IIDL Realtors Private Limited** which was incorporated in India and became a subsidiary with effect from 28<sup>th</sup> December, 2010. The company holds 100% ownership & interest in the subsidiary as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021.

## 1.2 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All amounts have been

denominated in Lakhs of Rupees and rounded off to the nearest two decimals, except where otherwise indicated.

### **1.3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT**

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention, except for the following material items:

- Financial assets at FVTOCI that is measured at fair value
- Financial instruments at FVTPL that is measured at fair value
- Net defined benefit (asset) / liability - fair value of plan assets less present value of defined benefit obligation

### **1.4 USE OF JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although, such estimates and assumptions are made on a reasonable and prudent basis taking into account all available information, actual results could differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years.

### **1.5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND INVESTMENT** **PROPERTY**

#### **1.5.1 Recognition and measurement**

**Property, Plant and Equipment** is initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Property, plant and equipment held for use or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost includes non-refundable taxes, duties, freight and other incidental expenses related to the acquisition and installation of the respective assets.

Property, Plant and Equipment acquired as replacement of the existing assets are capitalized and its corresponding replaced assets removed / retired from active use are derecognized.

If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts / inspection is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/ inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection was carried out.

After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

In the case of commissioned assets, deposit works / cost – plus contracts where final settlement of bills with contractors is yet to be affected, capitalization is done on provisional basis subject to necessary adjustments in the year of final settlement.

Spares parts, standby equipment and servicing equipment which meets the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized.

**Investment properties** include those portions of land and buildings that are held for long-term rental yields and/or for capital appreciation or for a currently indeterminate use. Investment properties include properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties.

Investment properties are stated at cost of acquisition / construction less accumulated depreciation. On disposal of an investment property, the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Method of Depreciation used is Straight Line Method and the useful life of the asset taken is 60 years.

On the date of transition to Ind AS, the Company has considered the carrying value of Investment Properties (if any) as per previous GAAP to be the deemed cost as per Ind AS 101.

**Intangible assets** are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Government licenses essential for the company's operations and having a validity of over one year are initially recognised at cost and carried at cost less accumulated amortisation calculated on the basis of remaining validity period.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

### **1.5.2 Depreciation / Amortization**

Depreciation is provided using the Straight Line Method over their estimated useful life as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or based on Management assessment of useful life, if lower than what is prescribed under the schedule. Depreciation is calculated on pro – rata basis. improvements are amortised over the underlying lease term on a straight line basis. Residual value in respect of items of Property, Plant & Equipment and Investment Property are considered as 5%

of the cost. Property, Plant and Equipment costing less than Rs. 5000/- individually are charged to the statement of Profit & Loss Account in the year of their purchase itself.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Intangible Assets consisting of Computer software with indefinite period utility / user rights and having a useful life lasting with that of the equipment have been capitalized with the cost of computer. Software carrying an identifiable utility of at least five years is amortized on a straight line basis over a period of five years from the date put into use. Software with limited edition / period utility i.e. requiring annual revision is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss Account in the year of purchase. Government licenses are amortized on a straight line basis over a period of their validity.

### **1.5.3 De – Recognition**

An item of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets is de-recognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment or investment property is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

### **1.5.4 Transition to Ind AS**

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its Property, Plant and Equipment, Investment Property and Intangible Assets recognised as of the transition date measured as per the previous GAAP and use such carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date as per Ind AS 101.

### **1.6 BORROWING COSTS**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### **1.7 IMPAIRMENT OF NON – FINANCIAL ASSETS**

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amount of its non – financial assets (other than assets held for sale and deferred tax assets) to determine whether

there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that is largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. The 'recoverable amount' of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. 'Value in use' is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit and loss. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

## **1.8 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE**

Assets are classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use.

Such assets measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell with gains and losses on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. Once classified as held for sale, assets are no longer amortised, depreciated or impaired.

## **1.9 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES**

Investments in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures are carried at cost. The cost comprises price paid to acquire investment and directly attributable cost. On each reporting date, consequent upon existence of any external or internal indication to impairment, the impairment loss shall be recognised as difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount.

## **1.10 INVENTORIES**

Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. The quantity and valuation of inventories at the yearend is taken as certified by the management.

**Inventory of real estate business** comprise of –

i. Building / Residential Complex, Built-up floor space acquired / purchased for development and / or sale / resale and other removable / disposable assets existing thereon. These are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value wherein costs are determined by adding all considerations / costs which are attributable to purchase / acquisition, and other expenses incurred specifically thereto.

ii. Land Bank – It consists of asset purchased by the Company that it intends to develop later on into residential / commercial project but on which no construction has commenced. Land is initially recognized at fair value which is generally the cost or net

realizable value whichever is less. However, it is discounted to present value when payment terms are deferred for a period of more than one year.

iii. Work in Progress – Work-in-Progress includes construction work in progress and unsold portion of Real Estate Projects. Increase / decrease in Work-in-Progress is accounted for as Income or Expenditure for the year, as the case may be. Valuation of Work-in-Progress including unsold portion of reality project is being done on basis of actual cost and overheads incurred which are directly attributable to project, till completion or net realizable value whichever is less.

iv. Direct Materials, Stores and Spare Parts are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined on Weighted Average Cost Method.

v. Consumables including Canterring, Shuttering and Scaffolding, Loose Tools, Laboratory Equipment, empty containers & others are valued on the basis of realizable value, based on the engineering estimate.

**Inventory of hospitality business** comprises of closing balance of consumables purchased. FIFO method is followed for ascertaining the cost price considered for valuation. Closing inventories are valued at cost or replacement value, whichever is less, after providing for obsolescence and damage.

#### **1.11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise Cash in hand, Balances in Bank Account, Remittance in Transit, Cheques in hand and Demand Deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments (original maturity less than 3 months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### **1.12 LEASES (IN ACCORDANCE WITH IND AS 116)**

The company identifies lease as a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The company checks for conditions needed to be fulfilled if the contract is to be classified as lease as under:

- i. Identified asset.
- ii. Lessee obtains substantially all of the economic benefits
- iii. Lessee directs the use

##### **1.12.1 The Company as a Lessee**

- i. The company recognizes assets and liabilities for all leases for a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value.
- ii. It then recognises a right of use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments.
- iii. The company measures right-of-use assets similarly to other non-financial assets (such as property, plant and equipment) and lease liabilities similarly to other financial liabilities.

- iv. The company recognizes depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability.
- v. Lease liability = Present value of lease rentals + present value of expected payments at the end of lease. The lease liability will be amortised using the effective interest rate method.
- vi. Lease term = non-cancellable period + renewable period if lessee reasonably certain to exercise.
- vii. Right to use asset = Lease liability + lease payments (advance)-lease incentives to be received if any initial + initial direct costs + cost of dismantling / restoring etc. The asset will be depreciated as per Ind AS 16 Property Plant and equipment.

### **1.12.2 The Company as a Lessor**

- i. The company classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.
- ii. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards, incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. For finance leases, the company derecognizes the underlying asset and recognizes a net investment in the lease.
- iii. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. For operating leases, the company continues to recognize the underlying asset.
- iv. Any selling profit or loss is recognized at lease commencement.

## **1.13 PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES RELATED TO CLAIMS, LITIGATION etc.**

### **1.13.1 Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are determined based on management estimates required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

### **1.13.2 Contingencies**

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

### **1.13.3 Arbitration Awards**

Arbitration / Court's awards along with related interest receivable / payable are, to the extent not taken into accounts at the time of initiation, are recognized after it becomes decree. Permanent Machinery of Arbitration, Government of India, is accounted for on finalization of award by the appellate authority. Interest to / from in these cases are accounted when the payment is probable which the point is when matter is considered settled by management.

### **1.13.4 Liquidated Damages**

Liquidated Damages / Compensation for delay in respect of clients/ contractors, if any, are accounted for when payment is probable which is the point when matter is considered settled by management.

## **1.14 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS**

### **1.14.1 Contingent Liabilities**

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount cannot be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions, but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote.

### **1.14.2 Contingent Assets**

Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

## **1.15 SHARE CAPITAL AND OTHER EQUITY**

Share capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from retained earnings, net of any related income tax benefits.

Other components of equity includes Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) arising from actuarial gain or loss on re-measurement of defined benefit liability and return on plan assets.

Retained earnings include all current and prior period retained profits. All transactions with owners of the parent are recorded separately within equity. Annual dividend distribution to shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividend is approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.

## **1.16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

### **1.16.1 Initial Recognition and Measurement**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

### **1.16.2 Classifications and Subsequent Measurement**

#### **(i) Financial Assets**

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVTOCI') or FVTPL, depending on the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets and the Company's business model for managing the financial assets.

#### **(ii) Business Model Assessment**

The Company makes an objective assessment of the business model in which an asset is held at a portfolio level, because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- The stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- The frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its expectations about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered in isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Company's stated objective for managing the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realized;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

### **1.16.3 Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest**

For the purpose of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company applies judgement and considers all the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains any contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the said assessment, the Company considers prepayment and extension terms, features that modify consideration of the time value of money (e.g. periodical reset of the interest rates).

### **1.16.4 Financial Assets at Amortised Cost**

A Financial Asset is measured at amortised cost only if both of the following conditions are met:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Subsequently, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method less any impairment losses.

### **1.16.5 Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ('FVTOCI')**

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI only if both of the following conditions are met:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in other comprehensive income. Impairment losses on said financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and do not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the balance sheet.

#### **1.16.6 Financial assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)**

Any financial instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorisation as at amortised cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in profit and loss account.

#### **1.16.7 Investment in equity instruments**

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 (i.e. other than equity investments in subsidiaries / associates / joint ventures) are measured at FVTPL.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in profit and loss account. However, on initial recognition of an equity instrument that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment by investment basis.

#### **1.16.8 Financial liabilities and equity instruments**

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or amortised cost, as appropriate and is accordingly accounted for.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company is recognised at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable transaction costs."

#### **1.16.9 Measurement Basis**

##### **(i) Amortised cost**

Amortised cost is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the EIR method of discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR and, for financial assets, adjusted for any loss allowance.

##### **(ii) Fair Valuation**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the

Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

When one is available, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Company uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction."

#### **1.16.10 De-recognition / Modification of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities**

##### **(A) De-recognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities**

##### **(i) Financial assets**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily de-recognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. The Company also recognises a liability for the consideration received attributable to the Company's continuing involvement on the asset transferred. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset de-recognised) and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in OCI is recognised in profit or loss.

**(ii) Financial liabilities**

The Company de-recognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired.

**(B) Modifications of financial assets and financial liabilities**

**(i) Financial assets**

If the terms of a financial asset are modified, the Company evaluates whether the cash flows of the modified asset are substantially different. If the cash flows are substantially different, then the modification results in de-recognition of the original financial asset and new financial asset is recognised at fair value.

If the cash flows of the modified asset are not substantially different, then the modification does not result in de-recognition of the financial asset. In this case, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognises the amount arising from adjusting the gross carrying amount as a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial asset by recomputing the EIR rate on the instrument.

If such a modification is carried out because of financial difficulties of the borrower, then the gain or loss is presented together with impairment losses. In other cases, it is presented as interest income.

**(ii) Financial liabilities**

The Company de-recognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in profit or loss.

If the modification is not accounted as derecognition, then the amortised cost of the liability is recalculated by discounting the modified cash flows at the original EIR and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial liability and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial liability by recomputing the EIR rate on the instrument."

**1.16.11 Offsetting of Financial Instruments**

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### **1.16.12 Impairment of Financial Assets**

The Company recognises impairment allowances for ECL on all the financial assets that are not measured at FVTPL. No impairment loss is recognised on equity investments.

ECL are probability weighted estimate of credit losses. They are measured as follows:

- Financial Assets that are not credit impaired – as the present value of all cash shortfalls that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.
- Financial Assets with significant increase in credit risk but not credit impaired – as the present value of all cash shortfalls that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial asset.
- Financial Assets that are credit impaired – as the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows
- Undrawn Loan Commitments – as the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to the Company if the commitment is drawn down and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive with respect to trade receivables and other financial assets, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For financial assets at FVTOCI, the loss allowance is recognised in OCI.

### **1.16.13 Write-off of Financial Assets**

Financial assets are written off (either partially or in full) when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. This is generally the case when the company determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write – off. This assessment is carried out at the individual asset level.

However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the group’s recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

## **1.17 TRADE RECEIVABLES**

As a practical expedient the Company has adopted ‘simplified approach’ using the provision matrix method for recognition of expected loss on trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on three years rolling average default rates observed over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. These average default rates are applied on total credit risk exposure on trade receivables and outstanding for more than one year at the reporting date to determine lifetime Expected Credit Losses.

### **1.18 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS**

The expenses and income in foreign exchange transactions are accounted for at the rates prevailing on the date of transactions / at the forward rate, if booked, for such transaction. Assets and liabilities held in foreign currencies and accrued income and expenditure in foreign currencies are translated into Indian Rupees at the rates advised by Foreign Exchange Dealers Association of India (FEDAI) prevailing towards the close of the accounting period. Gains / losses, if any, on valuation of various assets and liabilities are taken to Statement of Profit & Loss.

### **1.19 REVENUE RECOGNITION**

- i. Rental income from Investment Property / Flats held as Inventories is recognized on a straight – line basis over the period of lease terms.
- ii. Interest income is reported on an accrual basis using the Effective Interest Rate method.
- iii. Interest Income from Bank Deposits is recognized on accrual basis on a time proportion basis.
- iv. Income by way of Fees for Project Advisory and Execution services is recorded on accrual basis as per services rendered pursuant to the specific service agreements.
- v. Revenue from the external project services is recognized based on the Cost-plus method. A fixed mark-up percentage is added to the cost incurred towards construction and the total is recognized as revenue. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of work completion certificate obtained from the engineer/ architect.
- vi. Revenue from real estate development of constructed properties is recognized based on the “percentage of completion method”. Sale consideration as per the legally enforceable Agreements to Sell entered into is recognized as revenue based on the percentage of actual project costs incurred to total estimated project cost, subject to following:
  - a. Actual cost incurred is not less than 25 percent of the total estimated project cost.
  - b. No significant uncertainty exists regarding receipt of consideration from the customers.
  - c. In case of overdue, on actual realization basis.
  - d. All significant risks and rewards are transferred to the customer.

Project cost includes cost of land, estimated cost of construction and development of such properties. The estimates of the saleable area and costs are reviewed periodically and effect of any changes in such estimates recognized in the period such changes are determined.

- vii. Revenue from hospitality services is recognized on accrual basis.
  - a. Selling price is determined on the basis of published rack rate less discount offered to customers.
  - b. Income in foreign exchange: The bills for services rendered are raised in Indian Rupees. The payment received in foreign currency against these bills, is credited and accounted for at the rate / rates prevalent on the date of receipt of payment. The gains/ losses arising out of the fluctuation in the exchange rates are accounted for on realization.
- viii. Dividend income is recognized at the time the right to receipt is established.
- ix. Other items of income are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when control of respective goods or service has been transferred to customer.
- x. The company shall recognize revenue in accordance with Ind AS 115 – “Revenue from Contracts with Customers” as and when any such revenue instance occurs.

#### **1.20 DIVIDENDS**

Dividends and Dividend Distribution Tax thereon are recognised if and only when the same are approved by the shareholders in the general meeting and consequently paid to the shareholders.

#### **1.21 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

Employee benefits are all forms of consideration given by the company in exchange for service rendered by employees. Employee benefits include: short – term employee benefits, post – employment benefits and other long – term employee benefits.

##### **Short Term Employee Benefits**

When an employee has rendered service to the company during an accounting period, the company recognises the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid and as an expense. Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

##### **Defined Benefit Plans – Gratuity & Leave Encashment**

Defined benefit plans are those plans that provide guaranteed benefits to certain categories of employees, either by way of contractual obligations or through a collective agreement. The company operates unfunded defined benefit plan. The cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with

actuarial valuations being carried out at each fiscal year end. The obligation recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current costs and the fair value of any plan assets, if any is deducted.

The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Accrued Benefit Method (same as Projected Unit Credit Method), which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contribution to the plan.

The change in defined benefit plan liability is split into changes arising out of service, interest cost and re-measurements and the change in defined benefit plan asset is split between interest income and re-measurements. Changes due to service cost (which is the increase of the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from the employee service in the current period) and net interest cost / income (which is the change during the period in the defined benefit liability that arises from the passage of time) is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Re-measurements of net defined benefit liability / (asset) which comprise of the below are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- Actuarial gains and losses;
- The return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset)

## **1.22 INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

Income Tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of temporary differences between tax base and book base). It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

### **1.22.1 Current Tax**

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid in respect of taxable income for the year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax

comprises the tax payable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 is recognised as current tax in the statement of profit and loss. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### **1.22.2 Deferred Tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and based on management's judgement, are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

### **1.22.3 Current and Deferred Tax for the year**

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### **1.22.4 Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)**

The credit available under the Act in respect of MAT paid is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for set-off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit recognised as an asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

### **1.23 PRIOR PERIOD ITEMS**

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.

### **1.24 EARNINGS PER SHARE**

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

### **1.25 SEGMENT REPORTING**

The Company operates in two reportable business segments namely – ‘Real Estate Activities’ comprising of Advisory and Execution Services, Purchase and Sale of Properties and Construction and Development of Real Estate Projects and in ‘Hospitality’ provided through Serviced Apartments under the brand name ‘Fraser Suites’.

#### **ALLOCATION OF COMMON COSTS**

Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment according to the relative contribution of each segment to the total common costs.

### **1.26 CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

Cash flow statement is prepared as per indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7 – “Statement of Cash Flows”.

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**

**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**

Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET  
as at 31st March 2021**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
	<b>PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT</b>		
	<b>Gross Carrying Value</b>		
	<b>Opening Balance</b>		
	a. Land	6,222.57	6,222.57
	b. Buildings	10,630.46	10,630.46
	c. Plant and Equipments	2,111.20	2,099.74
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	1,850.52	1,846.84
	e. Vehicles	90.70	90.70
	f. Office Equipment	13.68	13.68
	g. Others	108.08	102.36
		<b>21,027.20</b>	<b>21,006.34</b>
	<b>Additions / (Sale) during the period</b>		
	a. Land	-	-
	b. Buildings	-	-
	c. Plant and Equipments	0.46	11.46
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	-1.09	3.68
	e. Vehicles	-13.79	-
	f. Office Equipment	-	-
	g. Others	7.46	5.72
		<b>-6.97</b>	<b>20.86</b>
	<b>Closing Balance</b>		
	a. Land	6,222.57	6,222.57
	b. Buildings	10,630.46	10,630.46
	c. Plant and Equipments	2,111.66	2,111.20
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	1,849.42	1,850.52
	e. Vehicles	76.90	90.70
	f. Office Equipment	13.68	13.68
	g. Others	115.54	108.08
		<b>21,020.23</b>	<b>21,027.20</b>
	<b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>		
	<b>Opening Balance</b>		
	a. Land	22.58	19.05
	b. Buildings	1,448.44	1,279.87
	c. Plant and Equipments	985.48	879.65
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	1,741.39	1,307.82
	e. Vehicles	79.60	77.26
	f. Office Equipment	6.23	3.63
	g. Others	86.21	80.35
		<b>4,369.94</b>	<b>3,647.62</b>
	<b>Depreciation for the period</b>		
	a. Land	3.87	3.53
	b. Buildings	168.57	168.57
	c. Plant and Equipments	141.44	105.84
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	2.29	433.57
	e. Vehicles	-11.67	2.34
	f. Office Equipment	2.60	2.60
	g. Others	6.97	5.86
		<b>314.07</b>	<b>722.32</b>
	<b>Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation</b>		
	a. Land	26.45	22.58
	b. Buildings	1,617.02	1,448.44
	c. Plant and Equipments	1,126.92	985.48
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	1,743.68	1,741.39
	e. Vehicles	67.93	79.60
	f. Office Equipment	8.83	6.23
	g. Others	93.18	86.21
		<b>4,684.01</b>	<b>4,369.94</b>
	<b>Net Carrying Value of Property, Plant and Equipment (A)</b>		
	a. Land	6,196.12	6,199.99
	b. Buildings	9,013.44	9,182.02
	c. Plant and Equipments	984.74	1,125.72
	d. Furniture and Fixtures	105.75	109.13
	e. Vehicles	8.97	11.10
	f. Office Equipment	4.85	7.45
	g. Others	22.36	21.87
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>16,336.22</b>	<b>16,657.27</b>
	<b>Out of (A) above, leasehold property, plant and equipment</b>		
	a. Right of use of Land on Finance Lease	-	3.87

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 3</b>	<b>INVESTMENT PROPERTY</b>		
	<b>Gross Carrying Value</b>		
	<b>Opening Balance</b>		
	a. Flats & Buildings	1,876.10	1,876.10
	<b>Additions / (Sale) during the period</b>		
	a. Flats & Buildings	-	-
	<b>Closing Balance</b>		
	a. Flats & Buildings	1,876.10	1,876.10
	<b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>		
	<b>Opening Balance</b>		
	a. Flats & Buildings	284.67	256.50
	<b>Depreciation for the period</b>		
	a. Flats & Buildings	28.17	28.17
<b>Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation</b>			
a. Flats & Buildings	312.85	284.67	
<b>Net Carrying Value of Investment Property</b>			
a. Flats & Buildings	1,563.25	1,591.43	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 4</b>	<b>GOODWILL</b>		
	Goodwill	2,817.94	2,817.94
		2,817.94	2,817.94

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Note No. 5	<b>OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS</b>		
	<b>Gross Carrying Value</b>		
	<b>Opening Balance</b>		
	a. Computer Software	73.18	71.64
	b. Licenses and Franchises	180.00	120.00
		253.18	191.64
	<b>Additions / (Sale) during the period</b>		
	a. Computer Software	-47.67	1.53
	b. Licenses and Franchises	-120.00	60.00
		-167.67	61.53
	<b>Closing Balance</b>		
	a. Computer Software	25.51	73.18
	b. Licenses and Franchises	60.00	180.00
		85.51	253.18
	<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>		
	<b>Opening Balance</b>		
	a. Computer Software	66.89	64.31
	b. Licenses and Franchises	124.79	112.77
		191.69	177.08
	<b>Amortization for the period</b>		
	a. Computer Software	-44.46	2.58
	b. Licenses and Franchises	-108.01	12.02
		-152.47	14.60
<b>Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation</b>			
a. Computer Software	22.43	66.89	
b. Licenses and Franchises	16.78	124.79	
	39.21	191.69	
<b>Net Carrying Value</b>			
a. Computer Software	3.07	6.29	
b. Licenses and Franchises	43.22	55.21	
<b>TOTAL</b>		46.29	61.49

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 6</b>	<b>NON - CURRENT INVESTMENTS</b>		
	a. Investments in Equity Instruments		
	i. Subsidiaries		
	1. IIDL Realtors Private Limited	-	-
	ii. Associates		
	1. Jangipur Bengal Mega Foodpark Limited	654.83	850.43
		654.83	850.43
	b. Investments in Preference Shares		
	i. Subsidiaries		
	1. IIDL Realtors Private Limited	-	-
		-	-
	c. Investments in Debentures / Bonds		
1. IFCI Limited - Bonds	7,500.00	7,500.00	
2. IFCI Limited - Tax Free Bonds	1,500.15	1,500.15	
	9,000.15	9,000.15	
	9,654.98	9,850.58	
	9,654.98	9,850.58	
	9,654.98	9,850.58	
	195.60	-	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 7</b>	<b>LONG TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES</b>		
	a. Security Deposits	-	-

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 8</b>	<b>OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
	Security Deposits	2.65	2.65
	Finance Lease Receivable	-	6.34
	Bank Deposits with maturity more than 12 months	72.74	511.93
		75.39	520.92

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 9</b>	<b>INVENTORIES</b>		
	a. Raw Materials	7.60	10.65
	Out of (a) above, goods in transit	-	-
		7.60	10.65
	b. Work - in - Progress	3,026.81	3,872.67
	Out of (b) above, goods in transit	-	-
		3,026.81	3,872.67
	c. Stores and spares	8.15	9.78
	Out of (c) above, goods in transit	-	-
		8.15	9.78
	d. Others		
	i. Land	4,518.27	6,654.93
	ii. Land on lease cum sale basis	1,276.85	1,276.85
	iii. Consumables	22.55	27.89
	5,817.68	7,959.67	
	8,860.24	11,852.77	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 10</b>	<b>CURRENT TRADE RECEIVABLES</b>		
	a. Secured considered good		
	b. Unsecured considered good		
	i. Due over six months	199.65	141.67
	ii. Other Trade Receivables	156.53	172.01
		356.18	313.68
	Less: Provision for Bad / Doubtful Debts	62.57	62.57
	Net Unsecured considered good	293.61	251.11

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 11</b>	<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		
	a. Balances with Banks	88.64	110.25
		88.64	110.25
	b. Cheques and Drafts on Hand	-	-
		-	-
	c. Cash on Hand	3.50	4.63
		3.50	4.63
	d. Others		
	i. Deposits with maturity less than 3 months	2,590.72	2,160.90
		2,590.72	2,160.90
	2,682.86	2,275.78	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 12</b>	<b>BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN (iii)</b>		
	Lien Marked Fixed Deposits	886.70	6.35
	Deposits with maturity between 3 and 12 months	7,663.56	5,957.41
		8,550.26	5,963.76

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020	
<b>Note No. 13</b>	<b>SHORT TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES</b>			
	a. Security Deposits	-	-	
	b. Loans to related parties	-	-	
	c. Other loans			
	i. Secured, considered good	-	-	
	ii. Unsecured, considered good	-	-	
	iii. Doubtful	1.00	1.00	
		1.00	1.00	
		Less: Provision for Bad / Doubtful Debts	1.00	1.00
		Net Other Loans	-	-

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 14</b>	<b>OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
	a. Interest Accrued on Deposits	290.04	586.04
	b. Interest Accrued on Bonds	633.82	633.82
	c. Other Receivables	0.20	0.20
		924.06	1,220.06

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 15</b>	<b>CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)</b>		
	a. Advance Tax	178.50	178.50
	b. Tax Deducted at Source	596.13	517.09
	c. MAT Credit Entitlement	495.68	411.11
	Less : Provision for Tax	448.00	363.43
		822.31	743.27

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 16</b>	<b>OTHERS CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
	a. Capital Advances	-	-
		-	-
	b. Advances Other than Capital Advances		
	i. Sundry Deposits	1,047.14	1,039.04
	ii. Advances to related parties	-	-
	iii. Other Advances	528.85	523.14
		1,575.99	1,562.18
c. Others	-	-	
	1,575.99	1,562.18	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 17</b>	<b>EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL</b>		
	<b>Authorized Share Capital</b>		
	100,00,00,000 (Previous year - 100,00,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
		1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
	<b>Issued Share Capital</b>		
	42,70,99,243 (Previous year - 42,70,99,243) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	42,709.92	42,709.92
		42,709.92	42,709.92
	<b>Subscribed Share Capital</b>		
	42,70,99,243 (Previous year - 42,70,99,243) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	42,709.92	42,709.92
		42,709.92	42,709.92
	<b>Paid Up Share Capital</b>		
42,70,99,243 (Previous year - 42,70,99,243) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	42,709.92	42,709.92	
	42,709.92	42,709.92	
	42,709.92	42,709.92	
	<b>TOTAL</b>	42,709.92	42,709.92

**Note No. 17 (i)****Reconciliation of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the period**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March 2020	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
No. of shares at the beginning of the year	42,70,99,243.00	42,709.92	42,70,99,243.00	42,709.92
No. of shares issued during the period	-	-	-	-
No. of shares redeemed during the period	-	-	-	-
No. of shares outstanding at the end of the period	42,70,99,243.00	42,709.92	42,70,99,243.00	42,709.92

**Note No. 17 (ii)****Terms / Rights attached to shares**

The company has only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of Equity Share is entitled to 1 vote per share. The dividend proposed by Board of Directors is subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

**Note No. 17 (iii)****Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the capital**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March 2020	
	No. of Shares	% Holding	No. of Shares	% Holding
IFCI Limited	42,70,99,243	100.00%	42,70,99,243	100.00%
	42,70,99,243	100.00%	42,70,99,243	100.00%

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 18</b>	<b>OTHER EQUITY</b>		
	Share application money pending allotment	-	-
	Equity component of other Financial Instruments	-	-
	<b>Reserve and Surplus</b>		
	Capital Redemption Reserve	6,812.91	6,812.91
	Retained Earnings	947.83	1,930.72
	Other Comprehensive Income	30.80	20.03
	<b>7,791.54</b>	<b>8,763.65</b>	

**Note No. 18 (i)****Capital Redemption Reserve**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Opening Balance	6,812.91	6,812.91
Appropriations during the year	-	-
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>6,812.91</b>	<b>6,812.91</b>

Note No. 18 (ii)

Retained Earnings

(Amount in ₹)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Opening Balance	19,30,71,901	31,44,64,388
Net Profit for the period	5,11,95,501	3,41,41,343
<i>Items of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings</i>		
Remeasurements of post - employment benefit obligations, net of taxes	10,77,705	4,13,988
Interim Dividend paid to Equity Shareholders (Rs. 0.35 per Equity Share)	(14,94,84,739)	(13,24,00,766)
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid	-	(2,31,33,064)
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>9,47,82,662</b>	<b>19,30,71,901</b>

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 19</b>	<b>LONG TERM BORROWINGS</b>		
	a. Preference Shares	-	-
	b. Bonds / Debentures	-	-
		-	-

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 20</b>	<b>OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		
	a. Retention Money	-	-
	b. Finance Lease Liability	-	3.87
		-	3.87

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 21</b>	<b>LONG TERM PROVISIONS</b>		
	a. Provision for employee benefits		
	i. Gratuity	84.04	76.27
	ii. Leave Encashment	20.69	24.69
		104.72	100.96

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 22</b>	<b>DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)</b>		
	a. Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of		
	i. Due to depreciation	307.25	208.95
	ii. Others	485.16	326.51
		792.41	535.46
	Less:		
	i. Others	106.85	106.85
		106.85	106.85
		685.56	428.61

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 23</b>	<b>OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
	a. Deferred Income	-	525.47
	b. Others	-	-
		-	525.47

(₹ In Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 24</b>	<b>CURRENT TRADE PAYABLES</b>		
	a. Micro and Small enterprises	8.08	0.09
	b. Others	310.05	292.97
		<u>318.13</u>	<u>293.06</u>

(₹ In Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 25</b>	<b>OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		
	Security Deposits Received	0.10	0.10
	Book Overdraft	0.12	64.25
	Creditors for other liabilities	9.58	3.39
	Other Payables	857.11	790.67
	<u>866.91</u>	<u>858.42</u>	

(₹ In Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 26</b>	<b>OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
	a. Advances Received	812.78	708.71
	b. Statutory Dues	0.28	0.49
		<u>813.07</u>	<u>709.20</u>

(₹ In Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 27</b>	<b>SHORT TERM PROVISIONS</b>		
	a. Provisions for employee benefits		
	i. Gratuity	12.78	13.72
	ii. Leave Encashment	3.26	3.96
	b. Others	897.52	957.70
	<u>913.56</u>	<u>975.38</u>	

(₹ In Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 28</b>	<b>REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS</b>		
	a. Sale of Properties	3,386.14	3,361.47
	b. Sale of Services	42.64	43.19
	c. Room Rent	278.22	1,443.93
	d. Proceeds from Restaurant	83.45	309.67
	e. Revenue from external projects	-	132.36
	f. Other Operating Revenues	3.63	170.46
	<u>3,794.09</u>	<u>5,461.08</u>	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 29</b>	<b>OTHER INCOME</b>		
	a. Interest Income		
	i. Earned and Accrued on Deposits	636.78	480.85
	ii. Earned and Accrued on IFCI 9.7% RRB Bonds	727.50	727.50
	iii. Earned and Accrued on Tax Free Bonds	125.85	125.85
	iv. Others	0.00	-
		1,490.13	1,334.20
	b. Dividend Income	-	-
	c. Deferred Income - Land	525.47	525.47
	d. Profit on sale of Fixed Assets	0.09	-
e. Miscellaneous Income	16.58	171.69	
	542.14	697.16	
	2,032.27	2,031.36	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 30</b>	<b>COST OF MATERIAL CONSUMED</b>		
	a. Opening Stock	11,804.45	15,460.96
	b. Purchases	48.02	78.25
		11,852.47	15,539.22
	Less: Closing Stock	8,821.94	11,804.45
	3,030.54	3,734.76	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 31</b>	<b>EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES</b>		
	a. Salaries and Wages	536.99	586.62
	b. Staff Welfare	48.81	66.87
		585.80	653.49

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 32</b>	<b>FINANCE COST</b>		
	a. Fair Value Changes in Equity Investments	195.60	-
	b. Other Interest Costs	2.46	7.14
		198.06	7.14

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 33</b>	<b>DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION</b>		
	a. Depreciation on Tangible Assets		
	i. Property, Plant and Equipment	328.29	722.32
	ii. Investment Property	28.17	28.17
	b. Amortization on Intangible Assets	15.20	14.60
		371.66	765.09

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 34</b>	<b>OTHER EXPENSES</b>		
	a. Repairs and Maintenance		
	i. Building	129.15	125.17
	ii. Others	19.43	75.83
		148.58	201.00
	b. Rent Paid (including Lease Rent)	153.19	154.91
	c. Rates and Taxes	116.02	90.09
	d. Travelling and Conveyances	4.71	25.29
	e. Legal And Professional Expenses	37.81	48.63
	f. Security Expenses	88.40	142.81
	g. Auditors's Remuneration	3.20	3.10
	h. Insurance Charges Paid	10.43	9.65
	i. Training & Development Expenses	0.25	0.81
	j. Telephone & Postage Expenses	9.88	12.82
	k. Laundry & Cleaning	7.96	78.39
	l. Television & Music	1.38	1.61
	m. Printing and Stationery	9.32	10.67
	n. Directors Fee	5.09	4.16
	o. Fuel & Gas	29.44	64.89
	p. Commission & Brokerage	34.08	161.73
	q. Marketing and License	17.85	106.09
	r. Advertisement and Exhibition Expenses	4.43	10.50
	s. Business Promotion / Entertainment	1.81	3.51
	t. Vehicle Running & Maintenance	0.68	1.09
u. Electricity & Water Expenses	135.66	283.68	
v. Provision for Interest & Expenses	-	6.34	
w. Misappropriation of Cash	-	44.36	
x. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure	22.25	28.94	
y. Prior Period Expenses	5.08	-	
z. Other Miscellaenous Expenses	28.06	64.98	
		875.55	1,560.06

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Note No. 35</b>	<b>ITEMS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT AND LOSS</b>		
	a. Acturial Gain / (Loss)	14.93	5.74
		14.93	5.74
	Less: Tax on Above	4.15	1.60
		10.78	4.14

**IFCI INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**

**CIN : U45400DL2007GOI169232**

Regd. Office - IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110 019 (IN)

**CONSOLIDATED NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET  
as at 31st March 2021**

**Note No. 36 - EARNINGS PER SHARE**

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders (in Rs.)	522.73	345.55
Weighted Average No. of Equity Shares	4270.99	4270.99
Face Value per Equity Share (in Rs.)	0.00	0.00
Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share (in Rs.)	0.12	0.08

**Note No. 37 - AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Audit Fees	1.98	1.98
Certification and Other Services	0.72	0.72
Taxation Matters	0.50	0.40
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3.20</b>	<b>3.10</b>

**Note No. 38 - TAX EXPENSES**

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Current Tax</b>		
a. In respect of Current Year	84.57	126.58
b. In respect of Previous Years	0.00	138.07
	84.57	264.65
<b>Deferred Tax</b>		
a. In respect of Current Year	256.95	167.42
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>341.52</b>	<b>432.08</b>

**Note No. 39 - SEGMENT REPORTING**

The Company operates in two reportable business segment namely 'Real Estate Activities' comprising Advisory and Execution Services, Purchase and Sale of Properties and Construction and Development of Real Estate Projects and in 'Hospitality' comprising of Serviced Apartments under the brand name 'Fraser Suites'. Hence the segment wise disclosure as required by Ind AS - 108 is as under:

(₹ in Lakhs)			
Particulars	Division		Consolidated Total
	Real Estate	Hospitality	
<b>SEGMENT REVENUE</b>			
<b>Sales</b>			0.00
Domestic	3428.78	365.30	3794.09
Export	0.00	0.00	0.00
Inter Segment Sales	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Other Income</b>	2037.90	-5.62	2032.27
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>5466.68</b>	<b>359.68</b>	<b>5826.36</b>
<b>SEGMENT EXPENSES</b>			
Operating Expenses	3678.10	813.79	4491.89
Depreciation & Amortization Allocated	50.42	321.24	371.66
<b>Operating Profit</b>	<b>1738.16</b>	<b>-775.35</b>	<b>962.81</b>
Interest Cost Allocated	198.06	0.00	198.06
<b>Profit Before Tax</b>	<b>1540.10</b>	<b>-775.35</b>	<b>764.75</b>
<b>OTHER INFORMATION</b>			
Segmental Assets	37621.21	16582.20	54203.41
Segmental Liabilities	37621.21	16582.20	54203.41

**Note No. 40 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES****i. Name of the related parties and description of relationship -****A. Enterprises having significant influence over the company**

IFCI Limited - Holding Company

Jangipur Bengal Mega Foodpark Limited - Associate Company

IFCI Social Foundation - Trust controlled by Parent Company

**B. Key Managerial Personnel (Directors during the FY 2020 - 21 and FY 2019 - 20)**

Mr. Biswajit Banerjee (Managing Director w.e.f. 01.01.2019 upto 31.03.2020)

Mr. Atul Saxena (Managing Director w.e.f. 01.04.2020)

Dr. Sumita Rai (Director w.e.f. 14.05.2018)

Dr. Rajeev Uberoi (Director w.e.f. 25.08.2018)

Mr. Venugopal K. Nair (Director w.e.f. 25.08.2018)

Mr. Prasoon (Nominee Director)

Dr. Emandi Sankara Rao (Nominee Director upto 17.08.2020)

Mr. Sunil Kumar Bansal (Nominee Director upto 24.09.2020)

Mr. Ajeet Kumar Burnwal (CFO)

Ms. Tannu Sharma (CS)

**ii. Details of transactions with enterprises having significant influence over the company (FY 2020 - 21)**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	Holding Company (IFCI Limited)	Trust under Parent (IFCI Social Foundation)	Total
<b>FINANCE</b>			
Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders	1,494.85	-	1,494.85
Interim Dividend Received on Equity Investments	-	-	-
<b>INCOME</b>			
Interest earned and accrued on investment in IFCI's Bonds	727.50	-	727.50
Interest earned and accrued on Investment in Tax Free Bonds	125.85	-	125.85
Rental Income	12.31	-	12.31
Electricity & Water etc. (Reimbursements)	0.43	-	0.43
Remuneration (including benefits ) for staff on deputation	2.69	1.23	3.91
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on deputation	65.05	-	65.05
Rent of Premises (exclusive of GST)	149.99	-	149.99
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Bonds issued by IFCI	-	-	-
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Total Amounts Outstanding	124.01	0.85	124.85
IFCI's Bonds	7,500.00	-	7,500.00
IFCI's Tax Free Bonds	1,500.15	-	1,500.15
<b>OTHER TRANSACTIONS</b>			
Payments made for taxes	-	-	-
Reimbursements Received	-	-	-

ii. Details of transactions with enterprises having significant influence over the company (FY 2019 - 20)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	Holding Company (IFCI Limited)	Trust under Parent (IFCI Social Foundation)	Total
<b>FINANCE</b>			
Interim Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders	1,324.01	-	1,324.01
Interim Dividend Received on Equity Investments	-	-	-
<b>INCOMES</b>			
Interest earned and accrued on investment in IFCI's Bonds	727.50	-	727.50
Interest earned and accrued on Investment in Tax Free Bonds	125.85	-	125.85
Rental Income	18.83	-	18.83
Electricity & Water etc. (Reimbursements)	1.06	-	1.06
Remuneration (including benefits ) for staff on deputation	-	-	-
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on deputation	34.23	-	34.23
Rent of Premises (exclusive of GST)	149.99	-	149.99
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
x	-	-	-
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Total Amounts Outstanding	5.91	-	5.91
IFCI's Bonds	7,500.00	-	7,500.00
IFCI's Tax Free Bonds	1,500.15	-	1,500.15
<b>OTHER TRANSACTIONS</b>			
Payments made for taxes	-	-	-
Reimbursements Received	-	-	-

iii. Details of transactions with KMPs during the year

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>i. Whole Time Directors / CFO / Company Secretary</b>		
a. Short term employee benefits	30.31	23.40
b. Other long term employee benefits	-	0.98
c. Post employment benefits	-	0.43
d. Others (specify)	-	-
	30.31	24.82
<b>ii. Independent / Nominee Directors</b>		
a. Sitting Fees	5.09	4.16
b. Others (specify)	-	-
	5.09	4.16
	35.40	28.98

**Note No. 41 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS****i. Interest Rate Risk Management**

The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk because company has borrowed funds at fixed interest rates.

**ii. Break up of Financial Instruments carried at fair value through Profit and Loss**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
Loans	-	-
Other Financial Assets	926.71	1,229.05
<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		
Other Financial Liabilities	-	3.87
	926.71	1,232.92

**iii. Break up of Financial Instruments carried at amortised costs**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
Investments	9,654.98	9,850.58
Trade Receivables	293.61	251.11
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,682.86	2,275.78
Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,623.00	6,475.69
<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		
Trade Payables	318.13	293.06
Other Financial Liabilities	866.91	858.42
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>22,439.49</b>	<b>20,004.63</b>

**Note No. 42 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS****Note No. 42 (i) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
(A) Claims against Company not acknowledged as Debts	-	-
(B) Bank Guarantees provided	481.25	481.25
(C) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed		
(i) On Capital		
(ii) On Revenue		
Account (net of advances) and not provided for	-	-
(D) Export obligations under EPCG Licenses	-	-
(E) The Company has Contingent Liability towards Income Tax is as under -		

**Note No. 42 (ii) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES TOWARDS INCOME TAX**

Assessment Year	Amount (Rs. in Lacs)
2009 - 10	9.36
2012 - 13	63.02
2013 - 14	49.07
2014 - 15	98.73
2015 - 16	79.85
2016 - 17	24.16
2018 - 19	73.53

**Note No. 42 (iii)**

Loans and Advances include following sums recoverable from Companies under the same management, within the meaning of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013:

**A. Name of Company: IFCI Limited - The Holding Company**

- Interest accrued, but not due (on bond): Rs. 633.82 Lacs (Previous Year - Rs. 633.82 Lacs)
- Rent Receivable: Rs. 0.03 Lacs (Previous Year - Rs. 0.10 Lacs)
- Maximum sum due at any time during the year: Rs. 124 Lacs (Previous Year - Rs. 3.15 Lacs)
- Investment in Unsecured Bonds: Rs. 7500.00 Lacs (Previous Year - Rs. 7500.00 Lacs)
- Investment in Unsecured Tax Free Bonds: Rs. 1500.15 Lacs (Previous Year - Rs. 1500.15 Lacs)

**Note No. 42 (iv)**

Inventory includes one property against which the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner - II has ordered for the recovery of those defaulted by the earlier company, i.e. Haryana Sheet Glass Limited (HSGL). A Writ Petition has been filed by the company before High Court of Punjab and Haryana at Chandigarh against the said order. The Court was of prima facie opinion that proper procedures has not been followed in assessing the liability. Accordingly, the impugned order has been quashed giving liberty to PF department to decide afresh after following due procedure.

**Note No. 42 (v)**

The Company has received a notice from AIG Stamp Ghaziabad, for short payment of stamp duty amounting to Rs. 150.02/- Lakhs. The Honable high court has granted stay in favour of the company & the case is pending for the final judgement.

**Note No. 42 (vi)**

An award dated 25.01.2018 was passed by the Arbitral Tribunal in the arbitration proceedings between M/s Subir Engineering Work(s) Pvt Ltd. vs. IIDL directing IIDL to pay claimant Rs. 768.00 lakhs with interest @ 6% from 27.10.2016 against the total claim of Rs. 2118 lakhs claimed by the Claimant. (The Award includes VAT amount of Rs. 309.00 lakhs and security deposit of Rs. 272.00 lakhs). IIDL has filed a petition u/s 34 of The Arbitration and Conciliation Act 1996 before Hon'ble Delhi High Court against this award. Further, an amount of Rs. 400.00 lakhs has been deposited in the court as per the direction of Honable High Court.

**Note No. 42 (vii)**

The Company is contesting several matters pertaining to its project 21st Milestone Residency at Ghaziabad before Real Estate Regulatory Authority/Real Estate Appellate Tribunal. In two of the matter i.e. Vinay Kumar Balyan and Rajesh Kumar Singh, an attachment order was passed by the RERA authority against which the company has filed an appeal before REAT. Further, the company has filed appeal before REAT wherein as per the direction of the tribunal the company was required to deposit an amount of Rs. 91.64 Lakhs and the same was deposited.

**Note No. 42 (viii)**

A Statement of Claim has been filed by M/s SBTL, the contractor of the project 21st Milestone Residency, Ghaziabad claiming an amount of Rs. 23.62 Crores. before the Hon'ble Arbitrator Justice T S Thakur. IIDL has filed its statement of defence and counter claim in the matter and for contesting the matter before the Arbitrator M/s R P Agrawal & Associates has been engaged by IIDL. The matter is pending before the Arbitrator.

**Note No. 43 - Disclosure as per IndAS - 11 Construction Contracts**

(i) IIDL has constructed a campus for MDI Gurgaon at Jangipur, District - Murshidabad, West Bengal. The financials relating to the contract are as under:

PARTICULARS	Amount (Rs. in Lacs)
<b>Contract</b>	
Contract revenue recognized during the year	-
Contract expenses recognized during the year	-
<b>Recognized Profits</b>	-
Total Contract Costs (approx.)	-
Amount recoverable from MDI	72.44

-Cost-plus Contract Method has been used to determine the Contract revenue recognized in the period.

-The stage of completion has been determined on the basis of Work Completion Certificate obtained from engineer / architect.

**NOTE NO. 44 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION PURSUANT TO THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013**

(Rs. in Lacs)

Quantitative Information in respect of Inventories				
Description	Purchases		Sales	
	CURRENT YEAR			
	Units (Locations)	Amount	Units (Locations)	Amount
Land & Building	-	-	-	2,982.52
Machinery & Equipment	-	-	-	-
Additional Cost incurred on Existing Properties	-	-	-	-
Raw Material Consumables and Stores	-	96.35	-	106.37
PREVIOUS YEAR				
Land & Building	-	-	-	2,524.88
Machinery & Equipment	-	-	-	-
Additional Cost incurred on Existing Properties	-	-136.84	-	-
Raw Material Consumables and Stores	-	485.02	-	480.56
Opening Stock		Closing Stock		
CURRENT YEAR				
	Units (Locations)	Amount	Units (Locations)	Amount
Land & Building	-	7,931.78	-	5,795.13
Machinery & Equipment	-	-	-	-
Work-in-Progress	-	3,872.67	-	3,026.81
Consumables and Stores	-	48.32	-	38.30
PREVIOUS YEAR				
Land & Building	-	9,583.06	-	7,931.78
Machinery & Equipment	-	-	-	-
Work-in-Progress	-	4,883.11	-	3,872.67
Consumables and Stores	-	43.86	-	48.32

**Note:**

1. Land and Buildings include units of different areas having varied description for its types / stage of construction / development, for which it is not practical to make it individually descriptive for quantitative disclosure.

2. Consumables & Stores include various F&B, House Keeping, Diesel and Engineering related stores for which it is not practical to make it individually descriptive for quantitative disclosure.

## Note No. 45 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

### Note No. 45 (i) - Defined benefit plans

**Brief Description:** A general description of the type of Employee Benefits Plans is as follows:

#### 1. Earned Leave (EL) Benefit

Salary - Last drawn qualifying salary

Accrual - 33 days per year

Maximum Accumulation - 300 days

Encashment while in service - 100% of earned leave balance, subject to maximum 90 days per year

Encashment on retirement - Maximum upto 300 days or actual accumulation, whichever is less, subject to 30 days balance in the account of the employee

#### 2. Gratuity

Salary - Last drawn qualifying salary

Accrual - 15 days salary for each completed year of service

Vesting Period - 5 years of service

Limit - Maximum of INR 20,00,000

**Note No. 45 (ii) - The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows - Assumptions as at March 31, 2021**

S. No.	Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	<b>IIDL - Corporate office</b>		
	<b>Gratuity</b>		
1.	Discount rate	6.80%	6.54%
2.	Expected return on plan assets	NA	NA
3.	Annual increase in costs	NA	NA
4.	Annual increase in salary	10.00%	10.00%
	<b>Leave Encashment</b>		
5.	Discount rate	6.80%	6.54%
6.	Expected return on plan assets	NA	NA
7.	Annual increase in costs	NA	NA
8.	Annual increase in salary	10.00%	10.00%
	<b>Frasers Suites - A unit of IIDL</b>		
	<b>Gratuity</b>		
1.	Discount rate	6.00%	6.25%
2.	Expected return on plan assets	NA	NA
3.	Annual increase in costs	NA	NA
4.	Annual increase in salary	10.00%	10.00%
	<b>Leave Encashment</b>		
5.	Discount rate	6.00%	6.25%
6.	Expected return on plan assets	NA	NA
7.	Annual increase in costs	NA	NA
8.	Annual increase in salary	10.00%	10.00%

□

**Note No. 45 (iii)** - The discount rate is based upon the market yield available on Government bonds at the Accounting date with a term that matches. The salary growth takes account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factor on long term basis. Expected rate of return on plan assets is based on market expectation, at the beginning of the year, for return over the entire life of the related obligation.

**Note No. 46 - Disclosure u/s 22 of MSMED Act, 2006**

i. The company has requested information from all its vendors regarding their status of registration in accordance with the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("The Act"). Out of the same, vendors who did not send any confirmation have been taken to be non MSME vendors. Disclosure required under Section 22 of the MSMED Act, 2006 is as under -

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	8.08	0.09
Interest due to suppliers registered under the Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	-	-
Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest paid other than under Section 16 of the Act to suppliers registered under the Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest paid under Section 16 of the Act to suppliers registered under the Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, 2006 for payments already made	-	-
Further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years	-	-

**Note No. 47 - IMPAIRMENT LOSSES**

As certified by the management of the company, non financial assets of the company have not been impaired during the year and there is no indication of a potential impairment loss, therefore the need to make an estimation of recoverable amount does not arise.

**Note No. 48 - INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Ind AS 40)****(i) Amount recognized in Statement of Profit & Loss for Investment Properties**

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Rental Income	12.31	139.39
Maintenance & Other Reimbursements received	0.42	10.44
Direct operating expenses from property generating Rental Income (including Repair & Maintenance)	-13.37	-37.50
<b>Profit from Investment Property before depreciation</b>	<b>-0.63</b>	<b>112.32</b>
Depreciation	-28.17	-28.17
<b>Profit from Investment Properties</b>	<b>-28.81</b>	<b>84.15</b>

**(ii) Leasing Arrangements**

a. Flat at Vasant Vihar classified as Investment Property is leased to IFCI Limited under 11 month rolling lease with rentals payable monthly. The company reclassified Rs. 9.30 Crores from Property, Plant & Equipment as Investment Property on the date of transition to Ind AS.

b. Building classified as Investment Properties are leased to tenants under long-term operating leases with rentals payable monthly. The company reclassified Rs. 9.47 Crores from Property, Plant & Equipment as Investment Property on the date of transition to Ind AS. Future minimum lease payments receivable under long-term operating leases of Investment Properties in the aggregate is Rs. NIL Lakh {Previous Year Rs. NIL Lakh} and for each of the following period:

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Within one year	-	-
Later than one year but not later than 5 years	-	-
Later than 5 years	-	-

**(iii) Fair Value**

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Flat at Vasant Vihar, Delhi	845.00	845.00
Buildings	3,776.92	3,776.92
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>4,621.92</b>	<b>4,621.92</b>

**(iv) Measurement of fair values**

**(iv.i) Fair Value Hierarchy**

The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. The fair value measurement for all of the investment property has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used.

**(iv.ii) Valuation Technique**

The Company follows direct sale comparison technique. The valuation model considers the value of the subject property by comparing recent sales / listing of similar interest in the properties located in the surrounding area. By analysing sales which qualify as 'arms-length' transactions, between willing buyers and sellers, adjustments would be made for size, location, time, amenities and other relevant factors when comparing such sales price against the subject property. This approach is commonly used to value standard properties when realisable sales evidence is available.

**Note No. 49 - ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE UNDER PARA 53 OF IndAS 116 - LEASES**

**i. Additional disclosures required under Para 53 of Ind AS 116 are as under -**

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset	3.87	3.53
Interest expense on lease liabilities	0.38	0.72
Income from subleasing right-of-use assets	0.61	1.18
Total cash outflow for leases	4.25	4.25
Additions to right-of-use assets	-	-
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets at the end of reporting period	-	3.87

ii. Right of use assets accounted is for land received from Karnataka Industrial Development Board measuring a total of 50 acres, out of which, 38.63 acres has been further leased out on lease cum sale basis to various financial institutions. Further, an area of 7.37 acres has been reserved as area for common facilities development. The company still holds land measuring 4 acres as inventories on lease cum sale basis.

**Note No. 50**

The company has decided to amend its accounting policy as allowed by Ind AS 27 to value equity investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures at fair market value obtained by a third party valuer in line with approach allowed under Ind AS 113 - Fair Value Measurement. Such accounting policy has been implemented uniformly across entire class of investments. This has resulted in impairment expenses of fair value adjustments of investments held in Jangipur Bengal Mega Foodpark Limited from INR 10 per share to INR 7.70 per share reflected in Finance Cost in the

**Note No. 51 - DUES TO SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIAL UNDERTAKINGS**

There are no dues payable to Small Scale Industrial Undertakings as defined under Industries (Development & Regulation) Act, 1951 as at the period end.

**Note No. 52 - DEFERRED TAX ASSETS / (LIABILITIES)**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Amount
<b>Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)</b>	
Opening Balance	-428.61
Net Additions	-256.95
Net Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)	-685.56

**Note No. 53 - CONFIRMATIONS**

Balances of Trade Receivables and Trade Payables are confirmed by majority of parties.

**Note No. 54 - CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY EXPENDITURE u/s 135 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Gross Amount required to be spent by the company	22.25	28.94
Amount spent by the company during the year on -		
a. Construction / acquisition of assets	-	-
b. On other purposes - Transferred to IFCI Social Foundation*	22.25	28.94

\*Contribution made to IFCI Social Foundation falls under the definition of contribution to a related party (trust controlled by the parent company) in relation to CSR Expenditure as per Ind AS 24.

**Note No. 55**

Additional disclosure pursuant to Part III of Schedule III of The Companies Act, 2013 is as under -

(₹ in Lakhs)

Name of the Entity	Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total		Share in Profit or Loss	
	%age of Consolidated Net Assets	Amount	%age of Consolidated Profit or Loss	Amount
Indian Subsidiary IIDL Realtors Private Limited	1.35%	680.81	-19.45%	-101.66

**Note No. 56 - CHANGE IN USEFUL LIFE OF FIXED ASSETS**

As per CAG recommendation, it is to be disclosed that during the Financial Year 2019-20, useful life of Furniture & Fixture at Fraser's Suites (Hospitality Division) has been changed from 10 years to 8 years resulting in depreciation rate impacting the profit of the company by around Rs. 3.22 Crores.

**Note No. 57 - IMPACT OF COVID - 19**

In the opinion of the management, the current circumstances arising out of COVID-19 are not expected to have any material financial impact on the entity and that no material uncertainties related to going concern exist for the entity.

**Note No. 58**

Previous period figures have been regrouped / rearranged / reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable to the current year's presentation.

**Note No. 59**

The notes referred to above from an integral part of the Financial Statement.

**Note No. 60 - APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements of the company for the year ended March 31, 2021 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 18th June, 2021

As per our report of even date attached

For RAVI RAJAN & CO. LLP  
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS  
FRN 009073N/N500320

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

sd/-  
CA BS Rawat  
PARTNER  
M. No. 034159  
UDIN - 21034159AAAACC1555

sd/-  
(ATUL SAXENA)  
DIN : 02698585  
MANAGING DIRECTOR

sd/-  
(PRASOON)  
DIN : 03599426  
DIRECTOR

Date : 18/06/21  
Place : New Delhi

sd/-  
(A.K. BURNWAL)  
M. No. 503715  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

sd/-  
(TANNU SHARMA)  
M. No. A -29676  
COMPANY SECRETARY